FINAL REPORT

HENDRICK STREET WELLFIELD TCE STUDY TOWN OF EASTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS

PHASE II DATA ANALYSIS AND FINDINGS

JANUARY 1992

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The purpose of the Hendrick Street Wellfield Trichloroethylene (TCE) contamination investigations was to define the contaminant plume currently impacting the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the Pines Well and evaluate remediation alternatives available to the Town for bringing the 4 million gallon per day (mgd) water supply back on-line. The Study was divided into two phases. Phase I - Limited Site Investigation of the Hendrick Street Wellfield, summarized the available information concerning the Wellfield and the documented contamination. The Draft Phase I Report was submitted to the Town of Easthampton in August 1990. Phase II of the Study consisted of the installation of sixteen groundwater monitoring wells throughout the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area and the subsequent analysis of groundwater from these wells, along with the remediation alternatives available to the Town.

The Phase II monitoring well installation was completed in two steps. As part of the first step (Phase IIA), monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4A, MW-4B, MW-5A, MW-5B, MW-6, MW-7 and MW-8 were installed downgradient of potential sources of contamination, which were identified during Phase I of the Study. The Phase IIA groundwater analyses, completed in December 1990, were considered in the placement and installation of the Phase IIB wells; MW-9A, MW-9B, MW-9C, MW-10A, MW-10B and MW-11. Included in the Phase IIA sampling program was the sampling of three existing wells, MW-M1, MW-M2 and MW-M6, which were installed by others as part of an earlier study. Upon completion of the Phase IIB wells, the Phase IIA and IIB wells were sampled and analyzed for volatile organic chemical contamination in May/June 1991.

The volatile organics analyses performed on the groundwater samples obtained during the Phase IIB step of the Investigation established that trichlorethylene contamination was present only in those wells directly north of the Hendrick Street Wellfield. These wells, located less than 200 feet north of the Wellfield, were installed to document contamination which may be emanating from an alleged automobile repair equipment cleaning and repair operation at House No. 126, Hendrick Street. The field data obtained during this Investigation would suggest that additional investigation of the past operations at House No. 126 may be warranted, but also that other unknown sources of contamination

may exist hydraulically upgradient of this location, as the contamination was found both up and downgradient of the site.

Based on the information obtained during the Phase II field investigation, several groundwater remediation alternatives were evaluated. These alternatives, which included wellhead treatment, source control and the development of alternative water supplies, were evaluated to determine the most cost-effective method of bringing approximately 4 mgd of potable water back on-line to meet Easthampton's water demand.

The evaluation of the wellhead treatment processes most appropriate for the documented type and level of contamination impacting the Wellfield, air stripping and granular activated carbon adsorption, showed that air stripping would be the most cost-effective wellhead treatment to implement and operate.

Another option available to the Town, Source Control, was also evaluated during the Phase II Investigation. Source control, or the remediation of contaminated material at the contamination site, is a more direct method of remediating the Hendrick Street Wellfield, as long as the source of contamination is well defined. The source control options discussed in this Investigation included soil removal, soil vapor extraction and groundwater extraction.

One conclusion reached in the Phase II Investigation is that, although source control would appear to be a viable option which should be pursued, much more subsurface investigation of the potential contamination source at House No. 126, Hendrick Street, is required. The additional information is needed to determine which source control option is appropriate and how cost-effective such a remediation alternative would be.

The third option available to the Town which was evaluated during the Investigation, consists of "abandoning" the existing Hendrick Street and Pines Wells and developing new alternative water supplies in other areas of Easthampton. Based on a review of the potential alternative water supplies in Easthampton, along with the estimated costs, both financial and time, it is a recommendation of

the Phase II Investigation that the development of alternative water supplies not be pursued as an option to bringing the Hendrick Street Wellfield back on-line.

FINDINGS, CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Findings

The Phase II Trichloroethylene (TCE) contamination investigations of the Easthampton Hendrick Street Wellfield consisted of the installation of sixteen groundwater monitoring wells throughout the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area and the subsequent analysis of groundwater from these wells. The sampling program determined that the flow of groundwater in the recharge area was generally southwest to northeast. The soil within the recharge area encountered during the well installation varied from silty sand to coarse gravel.

The Phase II monitoring well installation was completed in two steps. As part of the first step (Phase IIA), monitoring wells MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-4A, MW-4B, MW-5A, MW-5B, MW-6, MW-7 and MW-8 were installed downgradient of potential sources of contamination which were identified during Phase I of the Investigation. The Phase IIA groundwater analyses, which also included samples from existing monitoring wells MW-M1, MW-M2 and MW-M6, were considered in the placement and installation of the Phase IIB wells; MW-9A, MW-9B, MW-9C, MW-10A, MW-10B and MW-11A. Upon completion of the Phase IIB wells, the Phase IIA and IIB wells were sampled and analyzed for volatile organic chemical contamination.

The volatile organics analyses performed on the groundwater samples obtained during the Phase IIA step of the Investigation established that volatile organic chemical contamination was present in only two of the well samples. Groundwater samples taken on December 3, 1990 from a shallow, hand driven well (MW-6) in the vicinity of 111 Southampton Road and downgradient from the former site of Rock Valley Patterns, a metal working operation, showed 14 parts per billion (ppb) of xylene contamination but no trichloroethylene contamination. A subsequent Phase IIB sample taken May 22, 1991 did not confirm the initial Phase IIA findings, as no volatile organic chemical contamination was detected at this location.

Groundwater samples taken on December 3, 1990, from the deep (110') well MW-4A in a residential

neighborhood at the end of Jones Circle, showed 2.3 ppb of 1,1,1-trichloroethane contamination. No volatile organic chemical contamination was found at this location during the May 1991 sampling round.

As part of the installation of the Phase IIB groundwater monitoring wells, MW-9A, MW-9B and MW-9C, in the vicinity of a residential dwelling located at 126 Hendrick Street, low levels of TCE contamination were observed during field gas chromatograph screening of soil boring sample headspaces. The soil contamination (5-12 ppb concentration) was confirmed by groundwater analyses performed on samples taken as part of the Phase IIB sampling round which showed groundwater TCE contamination of 7.2 and 12.0 ppb, at depths of approximately 55 feet and 119 feet, respectively, downgradient of House No. 126. The sampling of MW-9C confirmed that TCE contaminated groundwater was also found at a 119 feet depth upgradient of House No. 126. House No. 126 is less than 200 feet north of the Wellfield and the site of an alleged air compressor/machine cleaning and repair operation. This data would suggest that additional investigation of the past activities at House No. 126 may be warranted, but also that other unknown sources of contamination may exist further upgradient of this location.

Conclusions

Several groundwater remediation alternatives were evaluated, based on the information obtained during the Phase I and II field investigations. These alternatives, which included wellhead treatment, source control and the development of alternative water supplies, were evaluated to determine the most cost-effective method of bringing the Hendrick Street Wellfield, or an alternative source, back on-line to meet Easthampton's current water demand.

Wellhead Treatment

The wellhead treatment processes evaluated included air stripping and granular activated carbon adsorption. Both processes, proposed to be located at the Hendrick Street Water Pump Station site, are proven technologies and are very effective in removing TCE from groundwater. An outstanding issue associated with the installation of an air stripper is the potential need to treat the air, or off-gas, being released from the air stripper. It is unclear at this time if the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) will require off-gas treatment at the Hendrick Street site. As DEP is currently evaluating its policy (DEP Policy 88-01) concerning the treatment of TCE contaminated air stripper off-gases, both air stripper options, with and without off-gas treatment, were evaluated to assist in the final selection of wellhead treatment options. A present worth analysis was performed in order to compare life cycle capital, operation and maintenance costs. Table C.1 summarizes the present worth results based on a 10 year analysis and an EPA approved discount rate of 8.75%.

TABLE C.1 SUMMARY OF PRESENT WORTH COST COMPARISON OF WELLHEAD TREATMENT ALTERNATIVES				
	Capital Cost	Annual Operation Cost	Annual Maintenance Cost	Total Present Worth
Air Stripping w/ Off-Gas Treatment	\$1,431,000	\$ 130,000	\$ 14,000	\$ 2,365,000
Air Stripping w/o Off-Gas Treatment	1,089,000	110,000	10,000	1,868,000
Carbon Adsorption	1,667,000	105,000	17,000	2,459,000

A review of each alternative's present worth costs shows that air stripping is the most cost-effective treatment option regardless of whether off-gas treatment is required by DEP.

Source Control

Another option available to the Town, Source Control, was also evaluated during the Phase II Investigation. Source control, or the remediation of contaminated material at the contamination source(s), is a more direct method of remediating the Hendrick Street Wellfield, as long as the source of contamination is well defined. The source control options discussed in this Investigation included soil removal, soil vapor extraction and groundwater extraction. Of the three alternatives, soil removal is more appropriate where the contamination is still confined to areas close to the surface. Soil vapor extraction is typically implemented when the volatile organic chemical contamination has percolated deep into the vadose, or unsaturated, zone and groundwater is relatively deep. Groundwater extraction is used if high concentrations of contamination are found in the groundwater under the contamination source area. The Phase II groundwater sampling has not conclusively defined the source(s) of contamination impacting the Hendrick Street Wellfield. The Phase II sampling showed TCE contamination in the vicinity of House No. 126, Hendrick Street, but contamination was found both up and downgradient from House No. 126. Before any source control is implemented, more investigation would be needed to confirm if there are other sources of contamination.

The Phase II Investigation concluded that, although source control would appear to be a viable option which should be pursued, much more subsurface investigation of the potential contamination source at House No. 126, Hendrick Street, is needed to determine which source control option is appropriate and how cost-effective such a remediation alternative would be.

Alternative Water Supplies

A third option available to the Town consists of "abandoning" the existing Hendrick Street and Pines Wells and developing new alternative water supplies in other areas of Easthampton. In order to determine, in this very preliminary screening phase, which areas in Town would be able to supply at least 4 mgd of uncontaminated drinking water, groundwater favorability mapping, along with land use information, were reviewed.

The preliminary screening process identified two areas, the Nonotuck Park area and the New England Forestry Foundation area off Loudville Road, as two areas which would have the best potential to meet the required criteria. Both sites have significant limitations. The New England Forestry Foundation site has the potential for becoming contaminated by the documented contaminant plume originating from the Easthampton Landfill, located east of the Foundation site. The Nonotuck Park site has been investigated previously by the Town and it was determined that excessive fines in the subsurface strata would significantly impact the capacity of any production wells placed in the area.

The process of developing and obtaining DEP approval of water supplies at either, or both these sites, requires the Town to complete the DEP New Source Approval process. This process, estimated to take approximately 24 months to complete, requires a multi-phased approach, in conjunction with numerous, intermediate DEP checkpoints, to document the acceptability of any new water supply. This two year delay in bringing a new source on-line would severely impact the Town's ability to meet current water demands without the continued use of the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

A present worth analysis was also completed to determined the total life cycle cost of developing and maintaining an alternative water supply, and abandoning the Hendrick Street and Pines Wells. Table C.2 summarizes the results of the present worth analysis, which was calculated on a 10 year life cycle to be consistent with present worth analyses completed on the wellhead treatment alternatives.

TABLE C.2 SUMMARY OF PRESENT WORTH ANALYSIS OF DEVELOPING ALTERNATIVE WATER SUPPLIES				
New Source Approval Cost	Capital Cost ¹	Annual Operation Cost	Annual Maintenance Cost	Total Present Worth
\$ 300,000	\$ 1,944,000	\$ 80,000	\$ 29,000	\$ 2,951,000
¹ New Source Approval Costs not included in Capital Cost				

Recommendations

Based on a review of the available information and the evaluations performed as part of the Phase I and II Investigations, the following recommendations are made:

- Based on the uncertainty associated with finding adequate alternative water supplies
 and the associated cost of developing any such supply, eliminate from further
 evaluation the alternative of developing alternative water supplies and abandoning the
 Hendrick Street Wellfield.
- Complete a focused contaminant investigation program designed to document the horizontal and vertical extent of contamination in the vicinity of House No. 126, Hendrick Street. This recommendation should be implemented through the DEP as part of the Massachusetts Contingency Plan (MCP).
- Complete a subsurface investigation program designed to establish the potential for and extent of any sources of TCE contamination upgradient of House No. 126, Hendrick Street. This recommendation should also be implemented under the MCP.
- 4. Implement wellhead treatment at the Hendrick Street Wellfield and Pines Well site. A present worth analysis of the appropriate treatment options, namely air stripping and carbon adsorption, determined that air stripping was the most cost-effective. The need for air stripper off-gas treatment will be a function of DEP's then current policy concerning the off-gas treatment of TCE air strippers.

General

S E A Consultants Inc. (S E A) was engaged on March 28, 1990 by the Town of Easthampton to investigate the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the TCE contamination which has been impacting the Wellfield since 1984. The Hendrick Street Wellfield TCE Investigation was completed in two phases. Phase I was a limited site investigation of the Hendrick Street Wellfield and potential contaminant sources located within the Wellfield's recharge area. Phase II of the Hendrick Street Wellfield TCE Investigation consisted of evaluating the geology and hydrogeology of the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area and determining the impact the TCE contamination will have on the wellfield. During Phase I of the Investigation, S E A reviewed the existing available information associated with the Wellfield. This information was used to establish a subsurface boring program and groundwater sampling plan which were completed during Phase II. The findings and results of the boring and groundwater sampling tasks are described in this Phase II report.

Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this Investigation is to document the extent of the TCE contamination within the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area, estimate the duration of any treatment required to purge the Hendrick Street Wellfield of TCE contamination, and evaluate the various remediation alternatives available to the Town for bringing the Hendrick Street water supply back on-line as a public water supply.

Phase I of the Investigation evaluated potential sources of contamination within the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area. The Phase II boring program was set up to confirm or eliminate these potential sources of contamination. The boring program was completed in two steps. The first step was to locate ten borings/monitoring wells within the recharge area and down gradient of each of the identified potential sources of contamination. Based on the chemical analytical results obtained

from samples from the ten original wells, an additional six wells were located in the vicinity of the potential contaminant sources.

The Phase II report has identified several treatment, source control or replacement options available to the Town and describes these options in greater detail in Chapter 4. The options evaluated in this Investigation include wellhead treatment, source control and development of alternative water supplies.

Background

The Hendrick Street Wellfield, located in the Barnes Aquifer, has experienced TCE contamination since 1984. The adjacent Pines Well has also been contaminated with TCE, to a lesser degree, since 1984. Table 1.1 shows the historical variations associated with the TCE contamination documented at both the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the Pines Well. The Town of Easthampton Engineering Department has been graphically tracking the concentration of TCE over time as seen in Appendix F. The historical data shows that the Pines Well has a lower level of TCE than that found in the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

In 1989 the Town removed the Hendrick Street Wellfield from the Town's water supply system. The Pines Well, because of its lower levels of TCE contamination, was allowed to remain on-line. After removing the Hendrick Street Wellfield from the water supply, the Town continued to pump approximately 1 mgd from the wellfield to waste to Broad Brook in an attempt to flush the wellfield of contaminants. In 1991, due to high water demands, and the Town's inability to meet these demands with Hendrick Street off-line, DEP granted the Town emergency temporary approval to bring the Hendrick Street supply back on-line only during periods of high demand. As of July 16, 1991, the Pines Well was pumping into the Town's water distribution system while the Hendrick Street Wellfield was not being pumped at all.

Table 1.1

SUMMARY OF TRICHLOROETHYLENE CONCENTRATIONS AT THE HENDRICK STREET WELLFIELD AND PINES WELL

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	<u>Date</u>	Hendrick Street Wellfield	Pines Well
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2-4-80 ¹	ND	· ND
5-6-86¹ 4.5 1.9 7-8-86¹ 4.7 1.7 10-2-87¹ 6.7 2.9 2-2-88¹ 5.7 3.5 4-30-88² 8.5 3.0 7-4-88¹ 7.6 3.5 7-4-88² 2.8 (7.6)* 2.2 7-11-88² 7.7 2.0 12-88² 8.3 4.0 6-5-89² 6.1 Not Sampled 8-14-89² 11 5.0 8-16-89² 8.2 5.4 8-18-89² 8.3 4.9 9-5-89² 8.5 4.6	10-4-841	3.2	< 1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12-5-84 ¹	2.7	< 1
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5-6-86 ¹	4.5	1.9
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7-8-86 ¹	4.7	
4-30-88² 8.5 3.0 7-4-88¹ 7.6 3.5 7-4-88² 2.8 (7.6)* 2.2 7-11-88² 7.7 2.0 12-88² 8.3 4.0 6-5-89² 6.1 Not Sampled 8-14-89² 11 5.0 8-16-89² 8.2 5.4 8-18-89² 8.3 4.9 9-5-89² 8.5 4.6	10-2-871	6.7	2.9
$7.4-88^1$ 7.6 3.5 $7-4-88^2$ 2.8 $(7.6)*$ 2.2 $7-11-88^2$ 7.7 2.0 $12-88^2$ 8.3 4.0 $6-5-89^2$ 6.1 Not Sampled $8-14-89^2$ 11 5.0 $8-16-89^2$ 8.2 5.4 $8-18-89^2$ 8.3 4.9 $9-5-89^2$ 8.5 4.6	2-2-88 ¹	5.7	3.5
$7.4-88^2$ $2.8 (7.6)^*$ 2.2 $7-11-88^2$ 7.7 2.0 $12-88^2$ 8.3 4.0 $6-5-89^2$ 6.1 Not Sampled $8-14-89^2$ 11 5.0 $8-16-89^2$ 8.2 5.4 $8-18-89^2$ 8.3 4.9 $9-5-89^2$ 8.5 4.6	4-30-88 ²	8.5	3.0
7-11-88² 7.7 2.0 12-88² 8.3 4.0 6-5-89² 6.1 Not Sampled 8-14-89² 11 5.0 8-16-89² 8.2 5.4 8-18-89² 8.3 4.9 9-5-89² 8.5 4.6	7-4-88 ¹	7.6	3.5
7-11-88² 7.7 2.0 12-88² 8.3 4.0 6-5-89² 6.1 Not Sampled 8-14-89² 11 5.0 8-16-89² 8.2 5.4 8-18-89² 8.3 4.9 9-5-89² 8.5 4.6	7-4-88 ²	2.8 (7.6)*	2.2
6-5-89²6.1Not Sampled8-14-89²115.08-16-89²8.25.48-18-89²8.34.99-5-89²8.54.6	7-11-88 ²		2.0
6-5-89²6.1Not Sampled8-14-89²115.08-16-89²8.25.48-18-89²8.34.99-5-89²8.54.6	12-88 ²	8.3	4.0
8-14-89² 11 5.0 8-16-89² 8.2 5.4 8-18-89² 8.3 4.9 9-5-89² 8.5 4.6		6.1	Not Sampled
8-18-89 ² 8.3 4.9 9-5-89 ² 8.5 4.6	8-14-89 ²	· 11	
8-18-89 ² 8.3 4.9 9-5-89 ² 8.5 4.6	8-16-89 ²	8.2	5.4
9-5-89 ² 8.5 . 4.6		8.3	4.9
			. 4.6
9-25-89 ² 11 4.6			4.6
10-10-89 ² Not Sampled 4.6	10-10-89 ²	Not Sampled	4.6
11-27-89 ² 8.1 4.9	11-27-89 ²	8.1	4.9
$11-6-89^2$ 4.5	11-6-89 ²	4.5	3.0
12-29-89 ² 11 5.5	12-29-89 ²	11	5.5
$3-13-90^2$ 6.3 3.8	3-13-90 ²	6.3	3.8
$6-6-90^2$ 4.1 6.4	6-6-90 ²	4.1	6.4
$6-18-90^2$ 7.1 3.3	6-18-90 ²	7.1	3.3
7-23-90 ² 9.1 Not Sampled	7-23-90 ²	9.1	Not Sampled
$8-14-90^2$ 3.8 3.5	8-14-90 ²	3.8	3.5
9-19-90 ² 9.8 Not Sampled	9-19-90 ²	9.8	Not Sampled
$12-14-90^2$ 9.0 5.1	12-14-90 ²	9.0	5.1
1-8-91 ² 10 Not Sampled	1-8-91 ²	10	Not Sampled
2-1-91 ² 7.3 Not Sampled	2-1-91 ²	7.3	Not Sampled
4-26-91 ² 9.5 5.9	4-26-91 ²	9.5	5.9
5-6-91 ² 9.5 5.9	5-6-91 ²	9.5	. 5.9
6-28-91 ² 11 7.1	6-28-91 ²	. 11	
$12-5-91^2$ 12 5.6	12-5-91 ²	12	5.6
12-26-91 ² 8.3 6.4		8.3	6.4
1-21-92 ² 6.0 Not Sampled		6.0	Not Sampled

^{*} Sampling procedure for this sample was deemed incorrect. Results of the DEP split sample are given in parenthesis and are considered valid.

NOTE: All concentrations are reported in ug/L. Hendrick Street Wellfield samples were obtained from a combined outflow from multiple wells within the wellfield.

¹ Sampling and Analyses performed by DEP (1980-1988).

² Sampling and Analyses performed by Town of Easthampton.

[&]quot;ND" means not detected

Additional Potential Sources of Contamination

After the completion of the Phase I report, S E A was informed by a town official that there was an additional potential source of contamination in the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area which had not been previously identified. The potential source was an alleged automobile repair equipment cleaning and repair operation located in the backyard of House No. 126, Hendrick Street, no more than 200 feet from the Wellfield. Since the 1970's, when the alleged equipment repair operation was first observed, to the present time, used equipment was solvent cleaned in the backyard area. The excess solvent was allegedly improperly stored or disposed of on-site and eventually percolated down into the soil.

This information was used to locate monitoring wells MW-9A, 9B and 9C, so that any contamination entering the Wellfield from the direction of House No. 126, Hendrick Street could be documented.

SITE GEOLOGY AND HYDROGEOLOGY

Site Geology

The site lies in the Broad Brook valley at the western foot of the basaltic Mt. Tom Range. Glacial outwash sands capped by varved clay deposits overlie arkosic bedrock in the study area. Descriptive studies of geology in the Mt. Tom area are contained in a doctoral dissertation by Larsen (1972) and a masters thesis by Hinthorne (1967). These two sources, along with a report prepared by IEP, Inc. (1988), and the information obtained during the Phase II subsurface investigation, are the main sources of the following discussion of the geology and hydrogeology in the study area.

Bedrock Geology

Bedrock in the study area consists of sedimentary and igneous rocks of the Late Triassic Newark Series (approximate age - 225 million years). The belt west of the Mt. Tom Range, in the area of the subject site, is underlain by the Upper Triassic Sugarloaf Arkose. These continentally-derived rocks were deposited over highly metamorphosed Paleozoic rocks (approximate age - 400 million years), in the northwest portion of a graben tilted 20 to 25 degrees east-southeast.

The Sugarloaf Arkose is composed of alluvial fan and fluvial deposits of arkosic sandstones, conglomerates and siltstones, chiefly coarse-grained arkose. The arkosic rocks are easily eroded and exhibit cross bedding and scour-and-fill features. Groundwater can percolate through bedding planes, joints and faults in this bedrock.

The Mt. Tom Range is mainly composed of Late Triassic Basaltic rocks, primarily the Holyoke Basalt, which were deposited after the Sugarloaf Arkose. The Holyoke Basalt is a dense, homogenous, medium to dark gray, very fine to fine-grained, basalt which exhibits intense vertical jointing along the western face of the Mt. Tom Range. An arkosic sandstone to siltstone of the East

Berlin Formation conformably overlies the Holyoke Basalt. Overlying the East Berlin Formation is the Hampden Basalt which is similar in lithology to the Holyoke Basalt.

The Manhan River Basin was formed by glacial scouring during the last major glacial advance. Ridges of more resistant Sugarloaf Arkose, such as Whiteloaf Mountain, divide the Manhan Basin. The bedrock surface in this area is undulating, ranging from 22 feet above sea level north of Broad Brook, to 85 feet below sea level south of Broad Brook near Hampton Ponds (Pequot, Horse, Buck and Doe Ponds). This irregular surface has been filled with till and glacial outwash deposits. Depth to bedrock in this area will therefore vary greatly.

A major bedrock fault lies within the Mt. Tom Range. The Mount Tom fault is oriented north-northeast to south-southwest and is located south of Mountain Road in Easthampton along Broad Brook. The fault is approximately nine miles in length and continues into Holyoke (Barosh and others, 1977). Smaller faults may branch from the dominant Mt. Tom fault and have a generally east-west orientation.

Surficial Geology

All of the Mt. Tom Range was covered by ice during the last glacial advance, as evidenced by striations observed on rocks at an elevation of 1,205 feet on Mt. Tom. The ice advanced in a southerly direction through this area. Till found west of the Mt. Tom Range, in the study area, is derived from the underlying arkose bedrock and is reddish-brown and sandy. Larsen (1972) describes this till as 68.5 - 73.5% sand, 13.6 - 27.4% silt and 2.6 - 15.2% clay. Such a sandy till can be a relatively permeable deposit.

The northward retreat of the ice sheet was punctuated by four ice-edge standstills, during which glacial outwash deltas and proglacial lake sediments were deposited in the Broad Brook valley (Larsen, 1972). These deltas comprise the highly permeable Barnes Aquifer system from which the Hendrick wells draw. The Barnes Outwash Plain, which is 100 to 300 feet thick, was built out

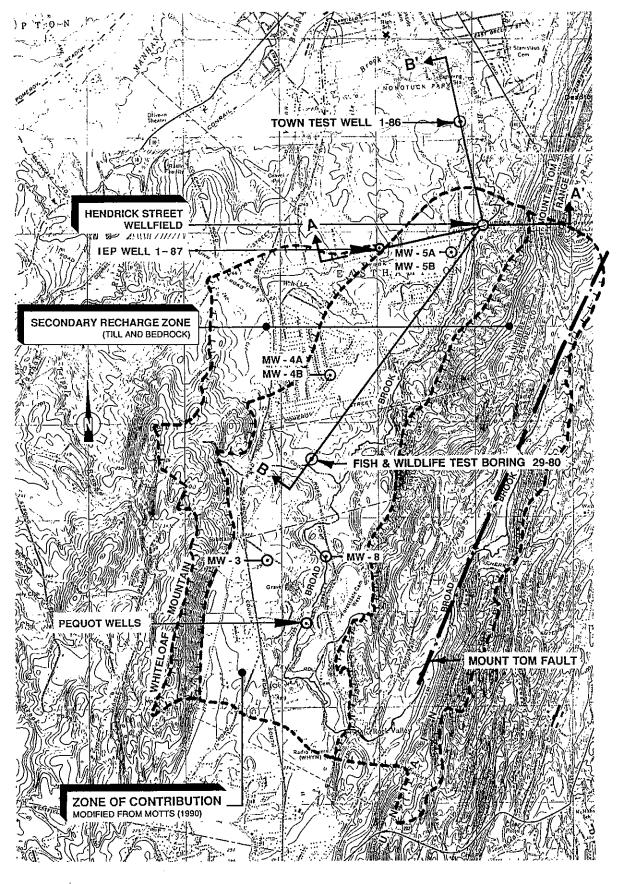
southward from the ice margin, positioned approximately 0.3 miles south of Pomeroy Street, into a proglacial lake south of the ice edge. This outwash plain comprises approximately 10 square miles.

As the ice margin retreated, subsequent outwash deltas were deposited north of the Barnes Outwash Plain. The Pomeroy Street Delta was deposited off an ice margin situated just north of Phelps Street, 1.2 to 1.5 miles north of the previous stand-still position. The ice sheet again retreated, to a position near Plain Street, 0.4 miles from its prior position, with the White Brook delta deposited into a small glacial lake off its flank. During the subsequent glacial retreat, glacial Lake Hitchcock spread from the east side of the Mt. Tom Range, through the Holyoke Narrows, and occupied the area north of Plain Street in Easthampton. The clay deposited in glacial Lake Hitchcock serves as the aquiclude for the confined aquifer at the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

Two regional geologic cross-sections, as shown on Figure 2.1, are provided in Figures 2.2 and 2.3. Cross-section A-A' (Figure 2.2) is oriented along a west-east axis, approximately perpendicular to the direction of groundwater flow. The direction of groundwater flow is south-southwest to north-northeast. Cross-section B-B' (Figure 2.3) is oriented along a south-north axis through Easthampton approximately parallel to the direction of groundwater flow. The geologic cross-sections are a compilation of existing subsurface data and data obtained during the Phase II investigation. Soil borings which were felt to be too far away from the cross-section were not used in estimating the cross-sectional stratigraphy.

Site Hydrogeology

The Barnes Aquifer, the water supply source for the Hendrick Street Wellfield and Pines Well, is composed of Pleistocene outwash sands and gravel. The Barnes Aquifer is an unconfined system south of Plain Street in Easthampton. North of Plain Street, the aquifer is confined by an overlying clay layer and is artesian. Bedrock underlying the surficial deposits is an arkosic sandstone/conglomerate/siltstone of the Sugarloaf Formation. Groundwater can be expected to infiltrate the bedrock via bedding planes, fractures, faults and joints.



Scale in Feet

Reference:

From the U.S.G.S. Topographic Map of the Mount Tom Quadrangle.

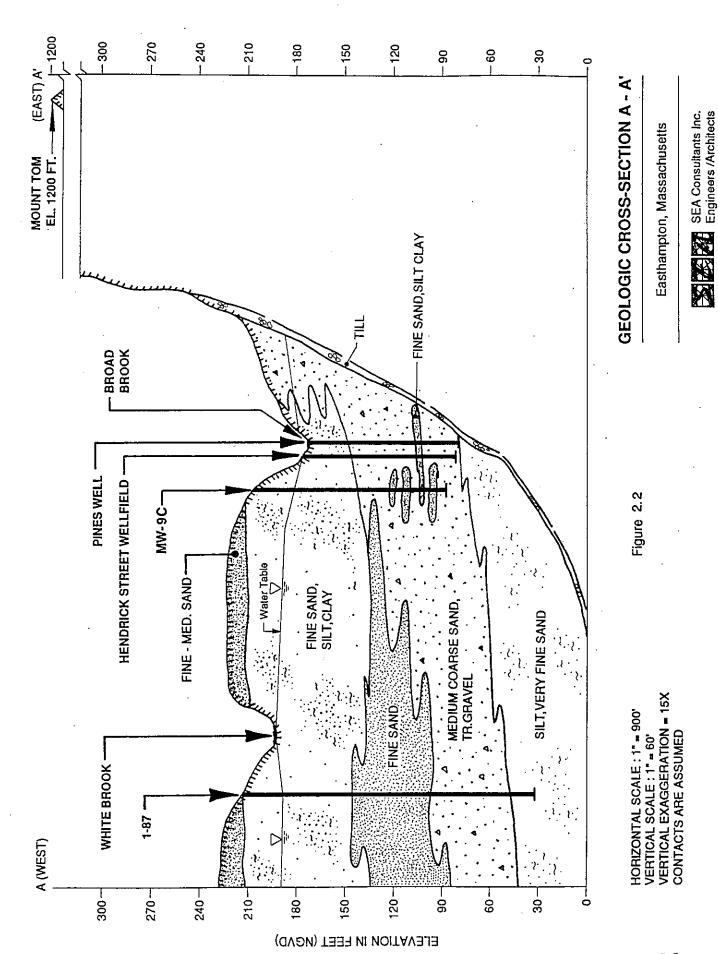


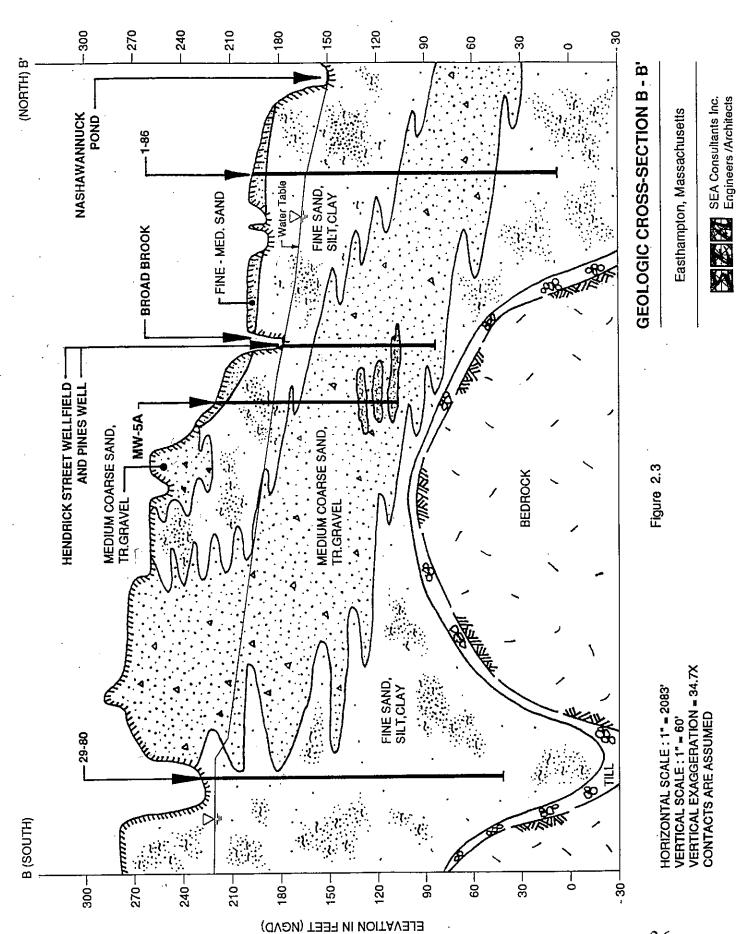
Figure 2.1

ZONE OF CONTRIBUTION HENDRICK STREET WELLFIELD

Town of Easthampton, Massachusetts







The zone of contribution and secondary recharge zone for the Hendrick Street Wellfield are shown in Figure 2.1. The zone of contribution constitutes the area of the aquifer from which groundwater flows to the Hendrick Street Wellfield under pumping conditions. The delineation of this zone has been modified from Motts (1990), which showed the combined Hendrick Street and Nonotuck Park zone of contribution, in order to isolate the Hendrick Street Wellfield zone of contribution from that of the Nonotuck Park Wells. The Motts zone of contribution was modified to eliminate any portion of Pequot Pond, and its surface and groundwater watersheds. Motts modelled the zone of contribution under conditions of maximum pumping at Holyoke's Pequot Wells. However, these wells are not currently in service, and the southern limit of the zone delineated in Figure 2.1 reflects the static groundwater divide as modified from Motts.

The secondary recharge area for the Hendrick Street Wellfield and Pines Well, consisting of glacial till and bedrock within the surface watershed of the zone of contribution, is also shown on Figure 2.1. This secondary zone recharges both groundwater and surface water to the zone of contribution, though less intensively per unit area than comparable areas within the primary zone of contribution.

The delineated zone of contribution corresponds in general to Zone II as defined by DEP, and the secondary recharge area corresponds to Zone III. However, S E A has chosen not to use the Zone II, III labels for these areas because of the implication that anything labeled Zone II or III must correspond exactly to officially adopted zones of contribution.

Sources of recharge for the aquifer in the vicinity of the subject site include the following:

- (1) Precipitation percolating through surficial sediments south of Plain Street;
- (2) Infiltration from surface water, mainly the Broad Brook, south of Plain Street;
- (3) Slow percolation through the confining layer to the confined portion of the aquifer;
- (4) Recharge from the underlying bedrock; and

(5) Percolation of precipitation and runoff through the extensively jointed rocks of the Mt.

Tom Range east of the study area and migration into the Barnes Aquifer.

Given that the zone of contribution for the Hendrick Street Wellfield lies mainly to the south of Plain Street, where the aquifer is unconfined, the first two sources of recharge listed are the primary sources. Due to the unconfined conditions, percolation through surficial sediments is probably the major recharge source. A slow hydrologic communication exists between the Broad Brook and the aquifer at the Hendrick Street Wellfield, so that surface water infiltration may be a major recharge source. Percolation through the confining layer is probably a less important recharge source since the aquifer is unconfined within most of the zone of contribution for the wellfield. The underlying bedrock, which exhibits bedding planes and fractures, could also have sufficiently high transmissivity to serve as a source of recharge. Recharge in the form of sheet flow from the Mt. Tom Range is also possible.

Surface Drainage

On a regional scale, the site is located within the Manhan River sub-basin of the Connecticut Lowlands Drainage Basin. The Connecticut River is located approximately two miles east of the site, on the opposite side of the Mt. Tom Range. The Manhan River sub-basin is bounded by Little Mountain to the west and the Mt. Tom Range to the east. The headwaters of the Manhan River are located west of Whiteloaf Mountain. The Manhan then flows north of Easthampton town center and discharges into The Oxbow, a cut-off meander of the Connecticut River.

The local drainage basin, the Broad Brook sub-sub basin of the Connecticut Basin, is bounded by Whiteloaf Mountain to the west and the Mount Tom Range to the east. The southern boundary lies to the north of Pequot Pond. Broad Brook flows southerly from a wetland south of Mt. Tom and loops around to a northerly direction at Rock Valley. The brook discharges to Nashawannuck Pond in Easthampton Center. The area south of Rock Valley is within the Westfield River Basin and local drainage is to the south.

In the vicinity of the Hendrick Street Wellfield site, the mean annual runoff (including surface and groundwater runoff), as mapped by the USGS (Brackley and Thomas, 1979), is 19 to 20 inches per year or 0.90 to 0.95 million gallons per day per square mile.

Boring Program

Purpose

The purpose of installing sixteen (16) monitoring wells during Phase II of the Investigation was to determine the location and concentration of chemical contamination that is currently impacting the Pines and Hendrick Street Wells, or may impact the wells in the future. The monitoring wells were installed under specific procedures described below at locations specified by S E A and approved by the Town of Easthampton and the DEP. The monitoring wells were installed in two steps, Phase IIA and Phase IIB. Phase IIA included the installation and sampling of 10 monitoring wells, along with the sampling of three existing wells, MW-M1, MW-M2 and MW-M6. Phase IIB included the installation of six additional monitoring wells, with their locations determined by the results of the Phase IIA program.

Monitoring Well Installation

Monitoring wells were installed in boreholes advanced by the drive-and-wash casing method. The drive-and-wash technique involves advancing a steel casing through the overburden using a 300 pound weight falling approximately 24-inches, with blow counts being recorded at five foot intervals. A steam cleaned 4-inch casing was advanced to refusal or the desired well depth and a 2-inch PVC riser and screen was placed within the borehole and cleaned of sand with a washing bit. Water used during the washing operation was supplied and brought to the site by the driller from the Lovefield Street (Maloney) Wellfield in Easthampton. The Lovefield Street Wellfield water was sampled and submitted for laboratory analysis for VOCs by EPA Method 524 and total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH) by EPA Method 5520. A sample was also collected from the first buffalo tank of water used by the drillers and analyzed for the same parameters with a 24-hour turn-around time. Both samples showed no detectable volatile organic chemical contamination. Soil samples were then obtained using

a split spoon sampler. All wells have been capped and either a protector pipe has been secured with a lock or the well casing has been surrounded by a lockable flush mounted road box.

Given the area hydrogeology, monitoring wells were installed into either a confined or unconfined aquifer (or both), depending on well location. A confined aquifer system was identified by the on-site geologist during well installation based on the presence of a clay/silt confining layer identified from split spoon samples. Following well installation, the wells were developed by pumping and surging with a submersible pump until groundwater discharge was free of suspended sediment. Wells were screened with 20 feet of 10-slot, pre-slotted, flush joint PVC. The interval to be screened was based on the stratigraphy, in conjunction with any contamination detected in the field.

The annular space between the screen and the borehole was filled with Ottawa Silica Sand extending to at least five feet above and one foot below the screened interval. A minimum of five feet of bentonite slurry or pellets, depending upon the water table location, was placed above the silica sand pack, in the annular space between the riser and the borehole, as an impermeable seal. If no VOCs were detected in the soil samples obtained from the boring, backfill which in the opinion of the on-site geologist was suitable to the proper operation of the monitoring well, was placed above the impermeable seal, extending to a height of within 2 feet of the existing ground surface. Above the backfill, either a concrete standpipe or flush mounted road box was cemented into place.

Location of Monitoring Wells

Phase IIA Monitoring Wells

A total of sixteen monitoring wells were located and constructed within the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area, or zone of contribution, in Phases IIA and IIB. Because trichloroethylene (TCE) is an organic solvent found in degreasers, paints, dry cleaning chemicals and dye coloring, particular attention was given to local land use which may have involved use or storage of any of these materials. The placement of the monitoring wells was done in two steps. Phase IIA consisted of the placement of ten (10) monitoring wells at locations which were downgradient of existing potential

sources which were identified during Phase I of the Investigation. Phase IIB consisted of the placement of six (6) additional monitoring wells to further define the contaminant plume, based on results from the Phase IIA program.

The Phase IIA monitoring wells were located from a survey of local and state release incident files, interviews with local officials and observations by S E A personnel regarding land use and spill incident reports within the study area are summarized in Appendix E of the Phase I Limited Site Investigation Final Report. Because the concentrations of TCE detected in the Barnes Aquifer are very low, it is possible that the source could be a relatively small, isolated spill incident. However, the low concentrations do not rule out the possibility of a larger, continuing source. The slowly increasing concentrations could represent the migration of a larger plume across the Hendrick Street Wellfield area. The majority of the spill reports listed in Appendix E do not involve TCE-containing materials, or were followed-up by DEP, and are not probable groundwater contaminant sources.

The Phase IIA groundwater monitoring program also included the sampling and analysis of groundwater obtained from three existing monitoring wells, MW-M1, MW-M2, and MW-M6, which were installed by others as part of an earlier study of the Barnes Aquifer.

The sites listed below were considered to warrant further investigation during Phase II as potential TCE sources. These sites were identified because files described past discharges or land use which indicated that relevant hazardous materials may have been used or generated at these locations. Also, only those sites where there was a mechanism for transport of the TCE from the site via the Barnes Aquifer to the Hendrick Street Wellfield zone of contribution warranted further study. Only TCE has historically been detected in the groundwater at the Hendrick Street Wellfield and most of the sites identified as potential sources would generate other contaminants, especially petroleum products, along with the TCE. The lack of petroleum contaminants in any of the samples previously analyzed may be due to adsorption of petroleum contaminants onto the soil particles with which they have come into contact.

The following list summarizes the potential contaminant sources, arranged in alphabetical order, which

were identified in Phase I and used to locate the Phase II monitoring wells. Listed sites are located on Figure 3.1.

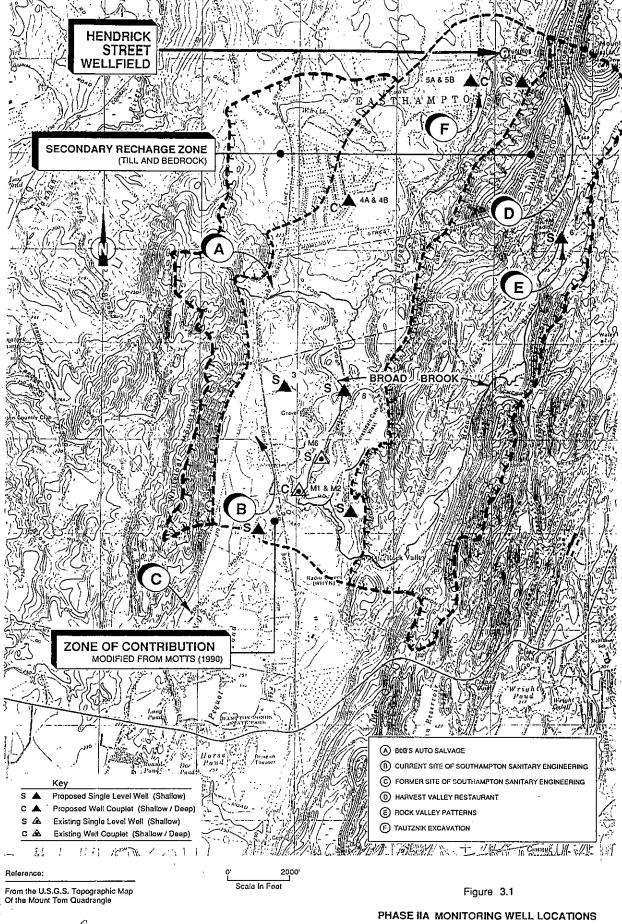
Bob's Auto Salvage, 113 County Road, Southampton

This site is located approximately 2 miles southwest of the Hendrick Street Wellfield, within the mapped zone of contribution. A site inspection was not performed at the facility; however, junkyards may use solvents for metal parts cleaning, machinery maintenance and degreasing. Based on the area reconnaissance survey performed by S E A, it appears that a tributary of Broad Brook runs through or along the property line of the salvage yard, which could serve as a conduit for transport of discharge from the site to the aquifer. Hydrogeologic mapping of the area indicates that the aquifer is probably unconfined in this area.

Current Site of Southampton Sanitary Engineering Corporation, 168 County Road, Southampton

Since the 1970's, the Southampton Sanitary Engineering Corporation (SSE) facility has been located at 168 County Road in the Town of Southampton, approximately 1.7 miles north of the intersection of Route 202 and County Road. The facility is a container and tank storage operation which serves western Massachusetts. The facility handles hazardous wastes such as oil and chemical wastes obtained from spill clean-ups, metal finishing and machining, chemical, electronic, paint and other manufacturing, as well as commercial and public hazardous waste generators.

All wastes which are collected from generators and spill clean-up activities are transported off-site to a permitted treatment, recycling, or disposal facility. No treatment, reclamation, or disposal of hazardous wastes occurs at the SSE facility, which currently operates as a storage site. DEP has no current records of spills or releases at this site. However, because this is the only EPA Hazardous Waste generator identified within the Hendrick Street Wellfield zone of contribution, it was given consideration as a potential source of TCE contamination.



Town of Easthampton, Massachusetts



Former Site of Southampton Sanitary Engineering Corporation, Pequot Road, Southampton

Prior to the 1970's, SSE was located on Pequot Road. Until the late 1970's to early 1980's, SSE was operating as a septage hauler. SSE collected septage from residential, commercial and industrial subsurface disposal systems in Southampton and disposed of it in lagoons and/or pits located at their Pequot Road facility.

Septage is a highly concentrated waste with a variable composition. Some common constituents of septage that are potential groundwater contaminants include pathogenic bacteria and viruses, heavy metals, nitrates, sodium, chloride, and volatile organic compounds such as benzene, toluene, 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA), 1,1,2-trichloroethane, and trichloroethylene (TCE). Heavy metals and volatile organic compounds are typically found in the waste streams from a variety of commercial and industrial facilities. In Southampton, subsurface disposal systems were used to dispose of the sanitary sewage from these types of businesses. The presence of heavy metals and volatile organic compounds in septage can also be attributed to the improper disposal of household hazardous waste, and the use of toilet bowl and septic system cleaners.

The lagoon and pits provided a system for the dewatering of septage. They are usually unlined and sited in well-drained, permeable soils. Lagoons and pits provide minimal or no treatment of septage and, therefore, pose a serious threat to groundwater quality. Although the site is not located within the zone of contribution modelled for the Hendrick Street Wellfield, contamination could have been drawn into the zone when the Holyoke Pequot Wells were pumping. Residual contamination could be impacting the Barnes Aquifer at the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

Harvest Valley Restaurant, Rte. 41, Easthampton

This site is currently a restaurant, located on the flank of the ridge east of the Hendrick Street Wellfield. Formerly, a gas station and well drilling business both operated on the property. There is no information in Easthampton Fire Department files regarding underground storage tanks at the site, but Armand Lapointe, Fire Prevention Officer, believes that there were tanks removed before

1960. The site is located within the secondary recharge area for the Hendrick Street Wellfield. It is possible that any spills from the site could flow through joints and fractures of the basalt ridge and flow in groundwater to the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

Rock Valley Patterns, 111 Southampton Road, Holyoke

Rock Valley Patterns is a former cottage industry which operated out of the basement of a home located at 111 Southampton Road, south of the intersection of Route 141 and Southampton Road in Holyoke, Massachusetts. The house is located on the banks of the Broad Brook, approximately 100 feet from the brook which could potentially serve as a conduit for contaminants being transported to the Barnes Aquifer. The land surrounding the house is frequently flooded by the brook. There is also a potential for fractured bedrock to act as a conduit for contamination to travel to the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

Rock Valley Patterns began manufacturing metal and wood patterns for the machine tool industry in the mid-1940's. The business was closed in the early 1980's. At that time, Rock Valley Patterns employed approximately thirty (30) people. According to Ms. Connie Baker, member of the Holyoke Conservation Commission who performed several site inspections of the property, drums containing unidentified materials were stored, unprotected, outside the house. The house was served by a septic system.

Machine shops and metal working operations typically perform many different processes which generate grinding sludges and wastewater. Oil is generally used in the machining or stamping process as a lubricant. Most machine shops use degreasing solvents for routine maintenance on machinery and for cleaning metal parts. Trichloroethylene is a typical solvent used for these purposes. Process wastewaters and spent machinery cleanser from the Rock Valley Patterns operations could have been disposed of via the domestic septic system. The cleanser used by Rock Valley Patterns employees to clean parts and machinery may have contained TCE. The former Rock Valley Patterns site was considered a potential source of TCE contamination, since the Broad Brook could possibly serve as a conduit for transport of TCE from the site to the Barnes Aquifer at the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

Tautznik Excavation, 165 Hendrick Street, Easthampton

Heavy equipment related to this excavation business is stored behind a residence located on Hendrick Street. The storage area is on the western bank of Broad Brook, approximately 1500 feet south of the Hendrick Street Wellfield. Solvents are routinely used in vehicle maintenance and may be expected to be stored on this property. Any spills at this site could be transported via Broad Brook to the Barnes Aquifer at the Hendrick Street Wellfield. This site was identified during the area reconnaissance survey although an on-site inspection was not performed.

Computer flow simulation was also used during Phase IIA to assist in locating the Phase IIA monitoring wells downgradient of the potential contaminant sources. The numerical groundwater model "AQUIFER" was constructed to simulate the Barnes Aquifer system. The model employs a 24 column by 45 row node-centered finite difference grid with variable grid spacings ranging from 260 feet to 2080 feet at various locations within the model. The output from this model can be used as input into CONTRANS (a contaminant transport simulation model). This model can generate computer simulated travel times. The original "AQUIFER" model and travel time contours were developed by James C. Hall, Ph.D, for the report "Aquifer-Protection Study of Barnes Aquifer For Easthampton, Massachusetts" (Motts, 1990).

Although the model initially selected to simulate the Barnes Aquifer was the MODFLOW code developed by IEP, the AQUIFER code developed by Dr. Hall was developed more recently and incorporates several refinements:

- The multi-layer nature of AQUIFER allows true hydraulic conductivities to be used, rather than fictitious permeabilities which are an artifact of the 2-layer model developed by IEP.
- 2. With AQUIFER, true groundwater velocity and travel time data can be derived from the water table and hydraulic conductivity input data.

- AQUIFER takes into account recharge from the highlands to the east and west, unlike the MODFLOW code.
- 4. AQUIFER accounts for the thinning of the clay layer along the eastern and western flanks of the valley, thus allowing for a more realistic depiction of the head differential between the lower and upper aquifer layers.

The model was obtained by S E A and a steady state water table map was generated with the Lovefield and Nonotuck Park Wells pumping at 1.5 million gallons per day (mgd), and the Hendrick Street and Pines Wells pumping at a combined 4.3 mgd. Pumping rates are those used in the Motts (1990) study. The water table elevation output from this run was then used as the water table input for the next run, which utilized pumping rates for the Pines Well at 1 mgd and the Lovefield and Nonotuck Park Wells at 1.5 mgd. This run was intended to simulate the conditions under which the water quality samples and groundwater elevations were obtained. The locations of proposed Phase IIA groundwater monitoring wells were determined through the use of the flownet generated by the computer modelling, so as to follow groundwater flow patterns downgradient of the suspected contaminant sources identified during the Phase I Investigation.

Each Phase IIA monitoring well location is shown on Figure 3.1 and a summary of the purpose of each well is outlined in Table 3.1.

Phase IIB Monitoring Wells

Due to the lack of detection of TCE in any monitoring wells during Phase IIA, the source of contamination of the Hendrick Street Wellfield was thought unlikely to be one of the previously mentioned potential contaminant sources. As the only known locations of TCE contamination at the time were the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the Pines Well, the Phase IIB program was designed

Table 3.1

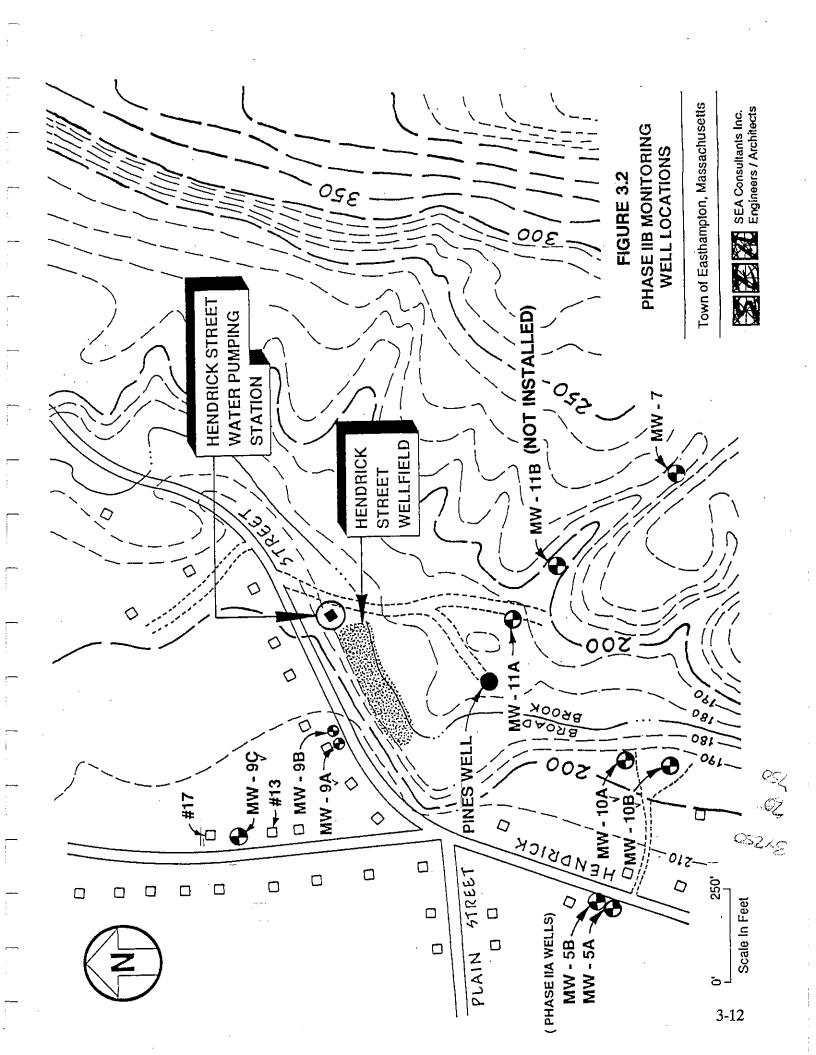
Phase IIA Monitoring Well Locations

Proposed We	ell Location		<u>Purpose</u>
(MW-1)	Single well at Ross Road in Southampton, 3500' NE of the former SSE	1.	To evaluate the impact of the Former SSE facility on groundwater quality.
	facility.	2.	To monitor the southern boundary of the Hendrick St. Wellfield Zone of Contribution.
(MW-2)	Single well at intersection of Rock Valley and Keyes Rd. in Holyoke, 500' E of Broad Brook.	1.	To evaluate discharge from Broad Brook, especially Rock Valley Patterns.
(MW-3)	Single well at Southampton Rd. 500' E of County Rd. in Holyoke, 2,000' NE (downgradient) of the current SSE facility.	1.	To evaluate the impact of the current SSE facility on groundwater quality.
(MW-4A & MW-4B)	In Easthampton, 3000' NE of Bob's Salvage yard, 750' N of Pomeroy St., shallow and deep couplet.	1.	To evaluate the impact of Bob's Auto Salvage on groundwater quality.
(MW-5A & MW-5B)	At Hendrick St., Easthampton, 200' N downgradient of Tautznik Excavation, 1300' SW of Hendrick St. Wellfield, shallow and deep couplet.	1.	To evaluate the impact of Tautznik Excavation on groundwater quality.
(MW-6)	At the Rock Valley Patterns site in Holyoke. (Hand driven wellpoint)	1.	To evaluate the impact of Rock Valley Patterns on groundwater quality.
(MW-7)	At the base of the Mt. Tom Range, 1500' E-NE of Harvest Valley Restaurant	1.	To monitor runoff from the Mt. Tom Range.
	in Easthampton.	2.	Evaluate the impact of Harvest Valley site on groundwater quality.
(MW-8)	At Rock Valley Rd. and Southampton Rd. intersection.	1.	To document any contamination in the Broad Brook valley.

to concentrate on the area adjacent to the Wellfield. Groundwater was modelled during Phase I as flowing to the wellfield from the north, west, and south, so during the Phase IIB program a monitoring well was constructed within 500 feet of the well field in each of the upgradient flow directions.

Between the Phase IIA and Phase IIB steps, as previously discussed, S E A Consultants Inc. was informed of an additional potential contaminant source in the vicinity of House No. 126, Hendrick Street. From the 1970's to present times, it has been reported that a small scale automobile repair equipment cleaning and repair operation has existed at 126 Hendrick Street. The alleged operation involved rinsing the equipment with solvent, allowing the spent solvent to percolate into the ground. Based on this information, the Phase IIB monitoring wells included wells MW-9A and MW-9B, a deep/shallow couplet located downgradient, and well MW-9C, a single well located upgradient of 126 Hendrick Street. These wells were to establish if any contamination was coming from 126 Hendrick Street (MW-9A and MW-9B) or upgradient of the property (MW-9C). Wells MW-9A, MW-9B and MW-9C, as shown on Figure 3.2, were installed to depths of approximately 118, 55, and 121 feet, respectively. Stratification at MW-9A (deep well) and MW-9B (shallow well) consisted of very fine sand above fine to coarse sand with trace gravel, periodically interbedded with thin layers of very fine sand. The stratification at MW-9C consisted of approximately three layers of fine to coarse sand with some trace gravel interbedded with two layers (the upper being approximately 60 feet thick) of very fine sand and silt with trace clay lenses. The borings for MW-9A and MW-9C were taken to refusal as noted on the boring logs, see Appendix A.

The western monitoring wells (MW-10A and MW-10B) were located hydraulically downgradient and upgradient, respectively, of Tautznik Excavation. These wells were to establish if any contamination was coming from the Tautznik property (MW-10A) or upgradient of the property (MW-10B). The Phase IIA wells (MW-5A and MW-5B), which were also installed to document any contamination coming from the vicinity of Tautznik Excavation, had been installed in the public right-of-way along Hendrick Street. Upon receipt of Mr. Tautznik's invitation to install wells directly on his property, it was felt wells MW-10A and MW-10B would better document any contamination entering the Wellfield from the south than was done under the Phase IIA program. The boreholes for each of



these wells were taken to refusal, as noted on the boring logs. Both of these wells were installed to a depth of approximately 84 feet. The stratification consisted of approximately three layers of fine to coarse sand with some trace gravel interbedded with two layers of very fine sand and silt.

The southern monitoring well (MW-11A) was located south of the Pines Well. The purpose of MW-11A was to establish if any contamination was traveling down the mountain side from Harvest Valley Restaurant, Rock Valley Patterns, or other potential source in that direction. MW-11A was installed to a depth of approximately 96 feet, which was the refusal depth for the borehole, and consisted of approximately three layers of fine to coarse sand with some trace gravel interbedded with two layers of very fine sand and silt. Monitoring well MW-11B, which was to be installed upgradient of MW-11A if contamination was found in MW-11A, was not installed as no contamination was found.

All monitoring well boring logs are located in Appendix A. Monitoring well MW-6 is a hand driven well point with no accompanying log. There are two sets of boring logs contained in Appendix A, the S E A geologist's logs were prepared by the S E A geologist who oversaw the field drilling activities. The driller's (Soil Exploration Corporation) logs have also been included. Any discrepancies in soil classification between the sets of logs is due to personal interpretation of the site soils.

Description of Groundwater Sampling Program

The Phase II groundwater sampling program was completed in two steps. The Phase IIA sampling was performed on the ten (10) monitoring wells installed to document the potential sources of contamination identified in Phase I plus the three (3) existing monitoring wells, MW-M1, MW-M2 and MW-M6. The Phase IIB sampling program encompassed all sixteen (16) monitoring wells installed during Phase II. Three of the sixteen wells installed, MW-3, MW-4B (shallow) and MW-7, could not be sampled due to the wells being dry at the time of sampling. Field analysis of soil samples obtained while completing the boring at each of these locations did not detect any volatile organic chemical contamination at these locations.

The intent of the sampling program was to evaluate the level of VOC contamination and to determine

the direction of contaminant migration. Additionally, testing was also conducted for the detection of TPH in soil samples, and iron and manganese in groundwater samples. The field sampling program consisted of obtaining the groundwater samples, while monitoring the pH, temperature and specific conductivity at each well location. The depth to groundwater was also measured from the top of the well casing. The elevation of each well casing was determined by survey based on USGS datum.

Split Spoon Sampling Procedure

At 5-foot intervals during well installation, a soil sample was taken according to ASTM D-1586 - Standard Penetration using a split spoon sampler of stainless steel construction. The number of blows to drive the sampler into the soil for each six inches of penetration was recorded and are shown in the boring logs included in Appendix A. Between samples, the split spoon was cleaned by the following procedure:

- 1. Rinsed with distilled water;
- 2. Rinsed with methanol (pesticide grade); and
- 3. Rinsed with distilled water.

S E A's on-site geologist performed field screening of split-spoon soil samples for volatile organics by jar headspace analysis using a portable Photovac 10S50 gas chromatograph (GC) in accordance with the quality assurance plan previously approved by DEP.

Soil Analysis Procedure

At least one soil sample was collected from each boring and submitted to a DEP certified laboratory, Alpha Analytical Laboratories, to validate the field screening results based on the following criteria.

- If no soil contamination was detected during VOC screening of split spoon samples, a single soil sample was collected at the depth of placement of the well screen. This sample was submitted for VOC analysis by EPA Method

8260 and for TPH.

- If VOCs were detected during screening of soil samples, up to five samples were collected from the boring and submitted for laboratory analysis for VOCs (Method 8260) and for TPH (Method 5520). The VOC soil samples were collected from the following zones, as delineated by GC screening:
 - a) at a depth where contamination is first identified;
 - b) the zone midway between the initial detection and the maximum contamination;
 - c) the zone of maximum contamination; and
 - d) at the boring's maximum depth.

Soil Sampling Results

Headspace analysis using gas chromatography (GC) was performed on soil samples obtained during the installation of the Phase IIA wells. No contamination was found during these analyses at any of the well locations. A soil sample obtained from each monitoring well and tested for volatile organics and TPH also revealed no contamination. Table 3.2 summarizes the laboratory soil sample analyses results.

GC headspace analysis was also performed during the installation of the Phase IIB monitoring wells and indicated no soil contamination above background levels at wells MW-10A, MW-10B and MW-11A. TCE was detected in the soil at MW-9A at a maximum concentration of approximately 8 ppb at a depth of 120 feet below land surface. Well MW-9B was screened at a depth of 35 - 55 feet, where TCE was detected in the soil at approximately 2 ppb during field analysis of the MW-9A soil samples. The contamination identified during the field GC analysis was later confirmed by laboratory analysis. The data for the field GC analyses performed is contained in Appendix D. Well MW-9C was installed upgradient of MW-9A and MW-9B after survey and water elevation data were obtained in order to accurately determine the upgradient direction. Field GC analysis performed during the

installation of MW-9C detected a maximum TCE concentration of approximately 4 ppb at a depth of 115 feet in the soil. Soil samples taken at each boring location and sent to a laboratory for volatile organic chemical and TPH analyses, showed results as seen in Table 3.2.

Groundwater Sampling Results

All equipment was cleaned by the following procedure before being brought to the field:

- 1. Rinsed with tap water;
- Cleaned with alconox soap and distilled water mixture, using a brush when necessary;
- 3. Rinsed with distilled water;
- 4. Rinsed with pesticide grade methanol; and
- 5. Rinsed with distilled water.

Following decontamination, bailers were wrapped in aluminum foil. Bailers were dedicated to specific wells and were not cleaned in the field. Equipment used to measure field parameters was cleaned between sample points by rinsing with pesticide grade methanol followed by a distilled water rinse.

Wells were purged by using a pump or by bailing, and efforts were made to avoid pumping a well dry. Tubing which came in contact with formation water was of teflon or high density polyethylene construction and dedicated to each well. Three (3) well volumes were removed by bailing or pumping as appropriate to each well. After removing three well volumes, sample bottles (supplied by Alpha Analytical and including preservatives as needed) were filled. Additional care was taken to ensure that all VOC vials were filled to the septum with no air within. All monitoring wells were tested for VOCs, soluble iron and manganese, temperature, specific conductivity and pH.

Water quality analysis of samples obtained from each Phase IIA monitoring well showed volatile

Table 3.2 Phase II Soil Sample Analytical Data

Wall I andian	Depth of \	Lab	Volatile	mmx x2
Well Location	Sample (ft.)	I.D. No.	Organics ¹	<u>TPH</u> ²
MW-1	49-51	906147.1	None Detected	None Detected
MW-2	9-11	906147.2	None Detected	None Detected
MW-3	39-41	906147.3	None Detected	None Detected
MW-4A	99-101	906147.4	None Detected	None Detected
MW-4B	49-51	906147.5	None Detected	None Detected
MW-5A	89-90	906147.6	None Detected	None Detected
MW-5B	49-51	906147.7	None Detected	None Detected
MW-6	Han	d Driven W	ellpoint - No Soil	Samples Taken
MW-7	24-26	906147.8	None Detected	None Detected
MW-8	9-11	906147.9	None Detected	None Detected
MW-9A (4 samples at varying depths)	49-51	912139.1	None Detected	None Detected
	69-71	912139.2	None Detected	None Detected
	89-91	912139.3	None Detected	None Detected
	119-121	912139.4	None Detected	None Detected
MW-9B (1 sample)	44-46	912139.5	None Detected	None Detected
MW-9C (1 sample)	114-116	912656.1	None Detected	66 mg/kg (Detection Limit = 40 mg/kg)
MW-10A (1 sample)	69-71	912139.6	None Detected	None Detected
MW-10B (1 sample)	79-81	912139.7	None Detected	None Detected
MW-11A (1 sample)	79-81	912139.8	None Detected	None Detected

¹ EPA Method 8260 ² EPA Method 5520

organic chemical contamination present only at monitoring wells MW-4A and MW-6. None of the Phase IIA monitoring wells showed signs of TCE contamination.

Table 3.3 summarizes the sampling program completed as part of this investigation.

The Phase IIA sampling results, as shown in Table 3.4, eliminated all of the potential contaminant sources, identified in Phase I, from further investigation. The low level of 1,1,1 - trichloroethane contamination found in MW-4A (2.3 ppb) is below the contaminant's Federal Drinking Water Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 200 ppb. The xylene contamination (14 ppb) found at MW-6 is below the Federal Drinking Water MCL for xylene of 10,000 ppb.

Table 3.5 summarizes the field data obtained during the Phase IIB monitoring well sampling program.

Tables 3.4 and 3.5 also summarize the Phase IIA and Phase IIB groundwater analyses, respectively. The water level was also recorded at each well. Based on the results listed in Tables 3.4 and 3.5, the only area where the presence of TCE was detected in concentrations similar to those monitored in the Wellfield, was northwest of the Hendrick Street Well Field and the Pines Well, at MW-9A, MW-9B, and MW-9C. The contamination was initially detected below the confining or semi-confining layer at a concentration of 7.2 ppb in MW-9B. TCE was detected in MW-9A at the lower portion of the aquifer at a concentration of approximately 12.0 ppb. TCE was also detected upgradient of MW-9A within the confined portion of the aquifer in MW-9C at a concentration of 5.7 ppb. The field GC data, as included in Appendix D, provides supporting evidence that the TCE concentration increases with depth below the initial depth of detection and is decreasing upgradient of MW-9A and MW-9B. This indicates that the contaminant plume is migrating downward within the aquifer. The potentiometric surface elevations observed at MW-9A and MW-9B suggests that there is an upward groundwater flow in the area as the deep well, MW-9A, had an observed potentiometric surface elevation 0.4 feet higher than that observed in MW-9B, the shallow well. This suggests that the density of TCE is high enough to counter the upward flow and still allow for the downward migration of the TCE.

Table 3.3
Summary of Sampling Program

Date of Sampling	Media/Parameter	Sampling Location	Comments
10/26/90 to 11/8/90	SOIL/TPH, VOC(8260)	B-1,B-2,B-3, B-4A,B-4B,B-5A, B-5B,B-7,B-8	Phase IIA soil samples. Soil borings sampled as completed.
12/3/90	WATER/DEPTH,pH, TEMP,SC,VOC(524), S-Fe/Mn	MW-2,MW-4A, MW-5A,MW-5B, MW-6,MW-8,MW-M6	Phase IIA groundwater sampling program.
12/5/90	WATER/DEPTH,pH, TEMP,SC,VOC(524), S-Fe/Mn	MW-1,MW-M1, MW-M2	Phase IIA groundwater sampling program.
3/27/91 to 4/8/91	SOIL/TPH, VOC(8260)	B-9A(4),B-9B,B-10A, B-10B,B-11A	Phase IIB soil samples.
5/21/91	WATER/DEPTH,pH, TEMP,SC,VOC(524), T-Fe/Mn	MW-4A,MW-5A, MW-5B,MW-9A, MW-10A,MW-10B	Phase IIB groundwater sampling. Analyzed for total Fe/Mn by error. MW-9B not sampled due to error.
5/22/91	WATER/DEPTH,pH, TEMP,SC,VOC(524), T-Fe/Mn	MW-1,MW-2,MW-M6, MW-6,MW-8,MW-9C, MW-11A	Phase IIB groundwater sampling. Analyzed for total Fe/Mn by error.
6/20/91	WATER/DEPTH,pH, TEMP,SC,S-Fe/Mn	MW-2,MW-4A, MW-5A,MW-5B, MW-6,MW-8, MW-9A,MW-10A, MW-10B,MW-11A	Phase IIB groundwater sampling. Wells resampled for soluble Fe/Mn.
6/21/91	WATER/DEPTH,pH, TEMP,SC,S-Fe/Mn	MW-1,MW-9C	Phase IIB groundwater sampling. Wells resampled for soluble Fe/Mn.
6/25/91	WATER/DEPTH,pH, TEMP,SC,VOC(524), S-Fe/Mn	MW-9B	Phase IIB groundwater sampling.

Notes:

SC=specific conductivity; S-Fe/Mn=soluble iron and manganese; T-Fe/Mn=total iron and manganese.

Table 3.4
Phase IIA Sampled Monitoring Well Data

WELL NO.	LOCATION	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION (ft.) USGS	BORING DEPTH (ft.)	SCREEN DEPTH (ft.)	DATE SAMPLED	Hq	TEMP.	SPECIFIC CONDUCTIVITY (mhos)	MEASURED WELL DEPTH (ft.)	MEASURED WATER LEVEL (ft.)	WATER LEVEL (USGS) (A.)	WATER VOC (ppb)	SOL. IRON (mg/l)	SOLUBLE MANGANESE (mg/l)
1	PEQUOT ROAD	283.08	61	39.5-59.5	12/5/90	7	7.5	109	59.73	40.94	242.14	ND	90:0	0.09
2	KEYES ROAD	281.08	76	5-15	12/3/90	9:9	6.8	06	17.73	10.05	271.03	GN	0.05	0.47
3	SOUTHAMPTON ROAD	283.55	08	31-51	Nc	Ground	No Groundwater Sample Obtained	Obtained	S1	>\$z	<231	NA	NA	NA
4A (4D)	JONES CIRCLE	279.17	110	90-110	12/3/90	6.9	9'9	170	110.32	71.67	207.50	2.3 (1,1,1 TCA)	0.02	0.05
4B (4S)	JONES CIRCLE	279.01	70	50-70	ν	Ground	No Groundwater Sample Obtained	Obtained	7.0	>61	<218	NA	NA	NA
5A (5D)	HENDRICK STREET (#164)	217.99	111	80-100	12/3/90	7.1	8	140	101.15	32.32	185.67	ND	0.01	QN
5B (5S)	HENDRICK STREET (#164)	218.2	09	40-60	12/3/90	7.3	8.5	130	62.36	32.27	185.93	ND	0.08	0.02
6	BROAD BROOK	524.74	9	3-6	12/3/90	6.8	\$	650	5	1.68	523.06	14 (XYLENE)	0.73	4.89
7	SE of HENDRICK WELLFIELD	230.05	48.25	17-27	N.	Ground	No Groundwater Sample Obtained	Obtained	27	>27	<203	NA	NA	NA
80	ROCK VALLEY ROAD	236.28	24	5-20	12/3/90	6.5	10.5	410	21.15	8:38	227.90	ND	0.04	0.16
(Mi)	KEYES ROAD	2351	115	94-104	12/5/90	7.0*	7.2*	*06	. 90.3	2.59*	2321	ND	0.04	0.1
(M2)	KEYES ROAD	2351	. 24	19-24	12/5/90	7.0*	5.5*	45*	17.94	1.92*	2331	ND	0.14*	0.06*
) W6	PEQUOT WELL	2401	85	NA	12/3/90	6.8*	7.5*	120*	83.05	5.63*	2341	ND	0.87	∙90:0

¹ Approximate Elevation Based on USGS Topographic Map. * Data collected during Phase IIA Program only.

ND - None Detected.

NA - Not Available.

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Phase IIB Sampled Monitoring Well Data Table 3.5

- 6					_																									
	SOLUBLE MANGANESE (mg/l)	ON .	GN	VN .	ND	NA	ND	ND	0.57	NA	0.03	NA	ND	0.01	ND	ND	QN	QΝ												
	SOL. IRON (mg/l)	0.05	0.058	NA	QN	NA	80:0	0.04	0.17	NA	0.10	NA	0.34	ND	ON	0.03	0.03	ON.												
	WATER VOC (ppb)	ND	ND	NA	ND	NA .	1.0 (TCE)	0.5 (TCE)	ND ,	NA	UN.	ND	12 (TCE)	7.2 (TCE) 2.7 (Toluene) 1.8 (1,1,1 TCA)	5.7 (TCE)	ND	ND	ND												
	WATER LEVEL (USGS) (ft.)	243.42	17.172	<231	208.56	<218	186.54	186.74	522.50	<203	228.08	NA	181.99	181.59	182.25	184.73	186.13	180.80												
	MEASURED WATER LEVEL (ft.)	39.66	9.37	>52	70.61	19<	31.45	31.46	2.24	>27	8.20	NA	32.51	32.97	37.49	11.59	13.29	9.24												
mar II	MEASURED WELL DEPTH (ft.)	60.1	17.6	51	112.6	0,6	101.8	62.1	4.8	27	20.8	NA	118	55	121.4	84.4	84.5	95.6												
t area of any production of the contract of th	SPECIFIC CONDUCTIVITY (mhos)	109	\$6	Obtained	190	Obtained	155	200	775	Oblained	25	NA	158	162	154	185	167	118												
	TEMP. (°C)	13.2	14.5	Io Groundwater Sample	Io Groundwaler Sample	Io Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	o Groundwater Sample	No Groundwater Sample Obtained	water Sample	14	No Groundwater Sample Obtained	12	12.3	14.2	No Groundwater Sample Oblained	13	NA	14.8	14.8	14.6	12.3	14.3	12.7
	Hd	6.1	5.5													No Ground 6.3	Ground	6.7	6.7	6.5	Ground	7.1	ΝĀ	7	6.1	6.8	6.6	6.9	6.7	
	DATE SAMPLED	5/22/911	5/22/912	No	5/21/91²	No	5/21/91²	5/21/912	5/22/91²	No	5/22/912	5/22/91	5/21/912	6/25/91	5/22/91³	5/21/91²	5/21/91²	5/22/91²												
	SCREEN DEPTH (ft.)	39.5-59.5	5-15	31-51	90-110	50-70	80-100	40-60	3-6	17-27	5-20	NA	99-119	35-55	99-119	61-81	64-84	75-95												
	BORING DEPTH (fl.)	61	76	80	110	70	111	09	9	48.25	24	85	124	55	121	81	85	96												
	TOP OF CASING ELEVATION (ft.) USGS	283.08	281.08	283.55	279.17	279.01	217.99	218.2	524.74	230.05	236.28	240	214.50	214.56	219.74	196.32	199.42	190.04												
***************************************	LOCATION	PEQUOT ROAD	KEYES ROAD	SOUTHAMPTON ROAD	JONES CIRCLE	JONES CIRCLE	HENDRICK(#164)	HENDRICK(#164)	BROAD BROOK	SE of HENDRICK WELLFTELD	ROCK VALLEY	PEQUOT WELL	HENDRICK(#126)	HENDRICK(#126)	BROOK ST.(#13)	TAUTZNIK CONSTR.	TAUTZNIK CONSTR.	SE of HENDRICK WELLFIELD												
	WELL NO.	1	2		4A	4B	5A	SB	9	7	8	M6	9A	9B	90	10A	10B	11A												

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¹ Sampled for water level, pH, specific conductivity, temperature and soluble iron and manganese on June 21, 1991.

² Sampled for water level, pH, specific conductivity, temperature and soluble iron and manganese on June 20, 1991.

NA - Not Available.

ND - None Detected.

The Phase IIB sampling also showed very low concentrations of TCE in MW-5A and MW-5B. This contamination, 1.0 and 0.5 ppb, respectively, was not seen during the Phase IIA sampling program. Therefore additional groundwater analysis is needed to conclusively document any TCE contamination which may exist in the area.

The Phase II analytical work, including field screening of soil boring samples with a portable gas chromatograph, and laboratory testing of soil and groundwater samples, produced results which correlated fairly well. It should be noted that the low levels of TCE contamination found in the soil boring samples during field screening, and later confirmed in laboratory analyses of groundwater samples, were not confirmed by laboratory analyses of the soil samples.

Of the three analytical results, the laboratory soil results are the least reliable. The low levels of TCE initially found during the field screening make any volatilization of TCE during the soil sampling and bottling procedure very critical. The holding time between when the soil samples were taken and when they were laboratory analyzed ranged from 13 to 27 days. The extended holding times, coupled with the analytical procedures associated with preparing a soil sample for analyses, probably account for the non-confirmatory nature of the soil samples.

The Phase II groundwater sampling also showed that there were no detectable signs of TCE contamination in the Pequot Wells (MW-M6), although this well was shutdown in 1986 due to TCE contamination (8-16 ppb). The exact reason for this inconsistency is not known, but the fact that the well is shutdown and no longer drawing groundwater toward it may be significant. Several possibilities exist, such as the well, when pumping, drawing water into the zone of contribution that would not normally flow toward the well during non-pumping conditions. Also, as discussed in the following discussion of contaminant transport theories, the pumping of the well may draw contamination into the area from bedrock fractures. More investigation is required to better understand the impact pumping the Pequot Well has on the Barnes Aquifer.

Contaminant Transport

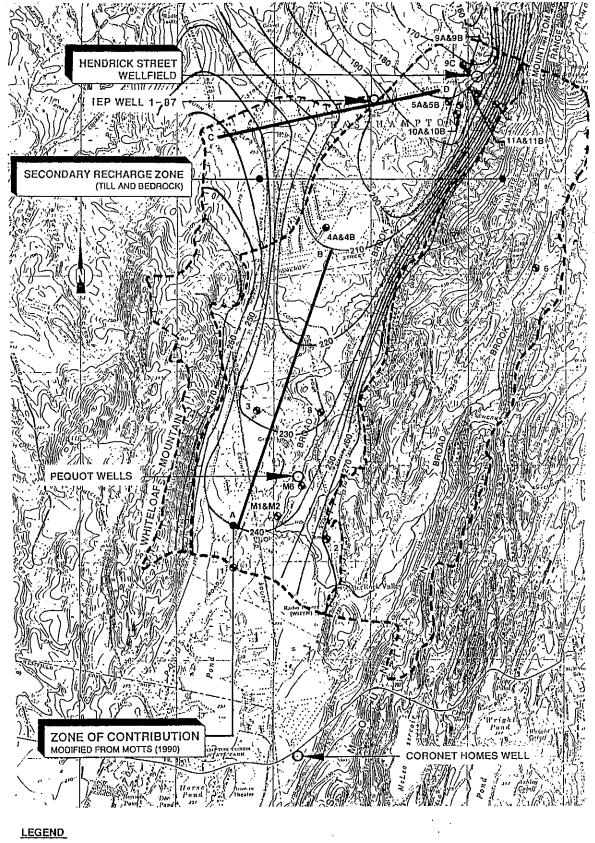
Groundwater Flow Direction

The measured depths to groundwater, as observed during the May 1991 Phase IIB sampling round, were used to estimate groundwater contours within the Hendrick Street zone of contribution. Due to the relative sparseness of groundwater data generated by the installation of the 16 Phase II wells, the groundwater contours shown in Figure 3.3 are estimated, and should be viewed as depicting general flow direction only. Existing surficial hydrogeologic data, such as stream elevations shown on the USGS map, were also used to assist in estimating the groundwater contours in the area.

In 1988, groundwater flow direction in the study area was to the north-northeast with a hydraulic gradient of 0.0042 (IEP, 1988). The data obtained from the groundwater monitoring wells installed as part of this investigation confirmed the groundwater flow direction and showed that the gradient varied across the aquifer. As shown in Figure 3.3, in the vicinity of MW-3 and MW-8, the hydraulic gradient (Gradient AB) was 0.0031, while in the vicinity of IEP Well 1-87, the gradient (Gradient CD) was 0.0117.

Contaminant Transport Theories

The Phase II groundwater monitoring results do not provide a clear understanding of the contaminant transport mechanism impacting the Hendrick Street Wellfield. The Phase IIA sampling program identified two monitoring wells with volatile organic chemical contamination. MW-4A, located in a residential neighborhood, detected low levels (2.3 ppb) of 1,1,1 - trichloroethane. MW-6, located along Broad Brook downgradient of the Rock Valley Patterns site but on the back side of the Mount Tom range from the Wellfield, detected low levels (14 ppb) of xylene. Neither of these results were duplicated during the Phase IIB sampling, wherein both wells showed no detectable volatile organic chemical contamination.



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Estimated Groundwater Contour

D ...

Monitoring Well

Groundwatergradient Line

ملن بلد ملار ملا

Recharge Zone Boundary

Scale In Feet

Reference:

From the U.S.G.S. Topographic Map of the Mount Tom Quadrangle.

Figure 3.3

ESTIMATED GROUNDWATER . CONTOURS

Town of Easthampton, Massachusetts



The Phase IIB sampling program detected contamination at five well locations, MW-5A, MW-5B, MW-9A, MW-9B and MW-9C. The low levels of TCE contamination found at MW-5A (1.0 ppb) and MW-5B (0.5 ppb) are the first detectable observations of contamination at this location, as both wells showed no detectable contamination during the Phase IIA sampling round. These low levels of TCE contamination could reflect contamination in the soil, or contamination due to contaminated sampling equipment, or contamination introduced to the sample at the laboratory. Based on the low levels found, in conjunction with the lack of corroborative Phase IIA results, S E A feels that PhaseIIB results for MW-5A and MW-5B are inconclusive and that additional investigation is needed in the area to confirm the previous findings.

Based on the Phase II (IIA and IIB) groundwater monitoring results, the only potential source of TCE contamination is northwest of Hendrick Street Wellfield and could potentially be the past machinery cleaning operation at House No. 126, Hendrick St., as discussed earlier. There would appear to be an inconsistency in the data supporting the theory that House No. 126 is a potential source of the TCE contamination. The field data obtained from MW-9A and MW-9B, directly downgradient of House No. 126, showed TCE soil contamination fairly deep, approximately 44 feet deep, while none was found at the shallower depths. This would suggest a source further upgradient of House No. 126. The fact that TCE contamination was found at depth, 79 feet, upgradient of House No. 126 would also suggest an upgradient source.

Taking into account the known data, S E A has developed three different theories of contaminant transport which may account for the presence of TCE in the vicinity of the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the Pines Well. The three theories are discussed in descending order of likelihood and are named for sake of discussion; the "Lillipad Theory", the "Bedrock Fracture Theory", and the "Septic System Theory". The Lillipad Theory is advanced as a mechanism for House No. 126 to be the source, even given the upgradient TCE contamination. The Bedrock Fracture Theory takes into account the potential contamination introduced into the aquifer at Harvest Valley Patterns and the historical contamination of the Pequot Well. The Septic System Theory addresses the potential of an upgradient source, acknowledging that the area upgradient of House No. 126 is residential. The actual transport mechanism may be a combination of any of the above ranked theories.

Lillipad Theory

As indicated in the surficial geology and hydrogeology sections of this report, the area north of Plains Road, in which MW-9A, MW-9B and MW-9C are located, contains a confining layer composed of very fine sand and silt, with clay lenses interspersed over its varying thickness. The Lillipad Theory proposes that a contaminant release at the ground surface will slowly migrate down through the confining layer until it reaches a clay lens. Upon reaching the clay lens the contaminant will change its flow direction depending on the orientation and geometry of the clay lens, and thereby perhaps traveling "upgradient, downgradient, or laterally" with respect to localized groundwater flow before reaching the groundwater table. The overlapping clay layers at various depths generate a tortuous flow pattern of generally downward contaminant migration. Two modes of contaminant migration are then in joint process, the downward migration of contaminant flow vertically through different layers and the tortuous path of contaminant migration imposed by overlapping layers of clay behaving as "lillipads". Once it has reached the water table, the much-dispersed contamination will travel hydraulically downgradient in the groundwater resource. The benefit of these processes however is that contamination the Wellfield experiences is "averaged", with no excessive concentration spikes.

The implications of the Lillipad Theory are that the source of contamination, although able to be localized to a relatively small area, is impossible to pinpoint exactly without extensive work, and that many small shifting pockets of contamination over the clay lenses will continue to migrate downwards and remain difficult to locate and "track" over time.

Bedrock Fracture Theory

As indicated in the bedrock geology section of this report, the north-northeast to south-southwest trending Mount Tom fault occurs in the Holyoke Basalt and the Sugarloaf Arkose rock types. Both rock types are brittle and prone to fracture. The Mount Tom Fault most likely produced a lateral fracture system extending an unknown distance into the Broad Brook Basin. Precipitation enters as recharge onto the Mount Tom Range and infiltrates into any topsoil and/or the fracture system. Due to the elevation change between the Mount Tom Range and the Broad Brook Basin, a large potential

head can be developed such that groundwater found in the bedrock fractures beneath the Broad Brook Basin can be pushed to recharge the aquifer from "below", wherever the potentiometric gradient is sufficient to drive the water upwards (at well fields, for example).

The implication of the Bedrock Fracture Theory is that the source of contamination can be anywhere within the Mount Tom Range which recharges the bedrock fracture system. This may make the tracing of the source difficult and expensive to locate. Since the flow into the aquifer from the bedrock fractures is induced into the aquifer by a pressure gradient, it is possible to induce contaminant flow by changing the pressure gradient within the aquifer, as in a groundwater supply pumping well. This can explain the contamination by TCE which occurred in the Pequot Wells during pumping prior to their shutdown in 1986 due to contaminant levels, although when the Pequot Wells (MW-M6) were sampled for this Investigation, no TCE was detected (under non-pumping conditions).

A primary reason that the Bedrock Fracture Theory is less likely than the Lillipad Theory is that the bedrock fractures would allow for a greater oscillation in contaminant concentrations, since the contaminant could travel, as free product, along the fracture system with little impact from dispersion. The Hendrick Street Wellfield has not experienced this oscillation in contaminant concentrations.

Septic System Theory

Prior to the homes to the south and southwest of the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the Pines Well being serviced by the town sewer system during the 1970's, their wastewater was discharged through septic systems. TCE was a common septic system degreaser in use at that time, and the low levels of TCE contamination monitored at the Wellfield could reflect an ambient condition generated by previous septic system use.

The implication of the Septic System Theory is that the source of contamination, which occurred over a specified area, can now appear as an ambient condition when observed at a point source location, such as the Wellfield. The TCE would have been introduced into the groundwater within a specific

area, but no point source can be identified. This theory is the least likely as the monitoring wells located south of the Wellfield did not show any signs of TCE contamination except for the very low levels found at MW-5A and MW-5B.

Due to the prevalence of TCE uses in the past, it is possible that multiple sources of contamination could exist under any combination of the above mentioned theories.

Groundwater Flow Simulation

The Barnes Aquifer system currently has two existing numerical groundwater models. The two models used for the purpose of computer modeling were the U.S.G.S. MODFLOW model (IEP, 1988) and the AQUIFER (Motts, 1990) model. Both of these models have strengths and weaknesses which were reviewed in the Phase I Limited Site Investigation Report.

Following the work performed by S E A Consultants, Inc., an additional 16 borings were installed that contributed information about the subsurface geology. The additional borings support the evidence that the Barnes Aquifer is a complex aquifer system comprised of an upper, predominantly unconfined, aquifer south of Plain Street, and an upper unconfined aquifer and a lower confined aquifer north of Plain Street. Both models previously reviewed are inappropriately constructed to be used as an effective predictive tool for site specific areas. The MODFLOW model was appropriately constructed as a 3-dimensional 2-layer model but the input data used within the model, the model boundaries, and the inadequate finite-difference grid spacing preclude the use of this model as an accurate predictive tool without completely reconstructing the model. The AQUIFER model better dealt with the aquifer, but the AQUIFER model is still inappropriate for simulating actual site specific flows. The model generally describes the overall groundwater flow regime, but cannot model any specific conditions such as the confined/unconfined flow systems. AQUIFER defined an improved overall picture as compared to the MODFLOW model but is unable to match MODFLOW's ability for modeling specific complex aquifer flows. The additional data points generated by the Phase II field investigation, while increasing the general calibration of either model, would not contribute significantly to either model's predictive ability for the confined/unconfined aquifer system.

Neither the AQUIFER nor the MODFLOW model is able to be of assistance in determining location or site specific travel times and water quality trends for three predominant reasons. The first reason is the poorly understood nature of the source(s) of contamination. Since the source is not well defined at this time, it is impossible to estimate future contaminant concentrations. The further the contaminant is from the source, the higher in concentration the source is likely to be, since dispersion processes lessen its concentration as it reaches the wellfield. The second reason relates to the mode(s) of contaminant transport. Since multiple modes of contaminant transport are possible, each would have to be represented in the model. Groundwater contribution due to bedrock fracture flow to the overburden aquifer (currently a completely unknown quantity) would have to be estimated. The "Lillipad Theory" cannot be represented by AQUIFER, MODFLOW or any other the groundwater model currently available, since no groundwater numerical models are able to simulate non-saturated flow systems such as those which occur above the water table. The third reason relates to the existing grid distance between nodes (260 feet at the wellfield) used by either the MODFLOW or AQUIFER models. These grid distances do no allow the model enough "sensitivity" to determine the effects of a contaminant so potentially close to the wellfield, without a high probability of error.

To have a model which can best represent and model the specific groundwater flow regimes in the Barnes Aquifer, a new model would have to be constructed. It is recommended that the U.S.G.S. MODFLOW model be used with its multiple layers with the larger and denser finite-difference grid system which was set up for the AQUIFER model. Additional wells would also need to be installed to determine the geology in less well known and sensitive model areas within the Barnes Aquifer.

Contaminant Duration

Both the extent of the contamination plume and the velocity at which it is travelling to or past the Hendrick Street Wellfield affect the duration of any proposed groundwater remediation approach. As discussed below, none of the contaminant transport theories, which are thought to possibly describe the plume characteristics, allows for a definitive determination of the duration of contaminant migration to the Hendrick Street Wellfield.

Lillipad Theory

The Lillipad Theory imposes an extended time frame on the duration of contaminant transport. Since the contaminant follows a long, slow, tortuous path, its transport time is estimated to be in the 10's of years range. The additional mode of transport of the contaminant travelling vertically through the various strata also reveals an extended time frame for contaminant transport, since the vertical conductivity through the very fine sand and silt with clay lenses is very low.

Bedrock Fracture Theory

The Bedrock Fracture Theory imposes an unknown time frame on the duration of contaminant transport, since it is impossible to quantify the amount of contamination present within the fracture system. The duration of contamination would also be affected by the pumping rate in that the decrease in overburden head would induce an increase in upward vertical flow through the bedrock fracture system.

Septic System Theory

The Septic System Theory also imposes an extended time frame on the duration of contaminant

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transport. The mode of transport is similar to that of the Lillipad Theory except that a broader area of contamination is potentially present to impact the Wellfield. The broader base of contamination indicates a greater mass of contaminant spread out over a greater area which can increase to a greater extent the time frame for contaminant migration to the Wellfield.

The only source of contamination reasonably well documented during the Phase II field investigation was almost directly north of the Hendrick Street Wellfield. The contamination, located in the vicinity of House No. 126, Hendrick Street, may be a combination of TCE, 1,1,1-trichloroethane and toluene. Based on S E A's understanding of the alleged activities at this site, beginning possibly as far back as the 1970's, the contamination occurred as intermittent releases to the ground over an extended period of time. Because of the depth to groundwater in the area, approximately 30 feet, it would appear that the contamination has infiltrated the vadose zone and continues to be flushed into the groundwater by any incident precipitation.

The theory that the contamination source is north of the Hendrick Street Wellfield is supported by the fact that TCE concentrations monitored at the Pines Well, located south of the Wellfield, have always been less than those levels found in the Wellfield. This variation in contaminant concentration suggests that the contamination source is north of the Wellfield. The fact that the contamination levels monitored at the Wellfield have been fairly constant and low over a seven year period, which would be typical of the contamination generated via the Lillipad Theory of contaminant transport, suggests that the source of contamination is a surface discharged source which is being slowly released to the groundwater.

The Lillipad Theory appears to best address the characteristics and historical data found at the Hendrick Street Wellfield. Therefore, assuming this is the contaminant transport mechanism at the Wellfield and also assuming the past activities at House No. 126, Hendrick Street, are the source of contamination, S E A has evaluated the duration of contamination which will impact the Wellfield. TCE is a slow moving contaminant due to its density and molecular size. It does not exhibit a strong affinity toward soil particles, so the duration of the TCE migration to the Wellfield will be primarily driven by the precipitation incident to the contaminant source and the speed at which the precipitation

will flush the TCE from the vadose zone. It is estimated that, for purposes of evaluating wellhead treatment alternatives, and assuming source control measures are implemented at the House No. 126 site, any wellhead treatment will need to be in operation for at least a 10 year period. A 10 year duration has been used in the present worth analyses of the various alternatives evaluated during this Investigation.

Remediation Alternatives

As discussed in the following sections, there are three remediation alternatives available to the Town of Easthampton for bringing approximately 4 mgd of potable water back on-line to the Easthampton water supply system. These alternatives include source control, wellhead treatment and the development of alternative water supplies. There is a fourth alternative, the "no action" alternative, which is also discussed below.

Source Control

Source control is one alternative available to the Town for the remediation of the Hendrick Street water supply. By definition, source control is the identification, isolation or removal of contamination, prior to its leaving the site where the contamination has occurred. The implementation of source control requires the identification of the contaminant source(s). A groundwater monitoring program was completed to better define the potential source(s) of contamination entering the Hendrick Street Wellfield recharge area so that the applicability of source control could be evaluated.

The groundwater monitoring program results concluded that, other than the very low levels of TCE contamination found in MW-5A and MW-5B, TCE contamination was found only in Wells 9A, 9B and 9C. As discussed previously, these wells were installed to confirm the presence of TCE in the vicinity of an alleged machinery cleaning operation at House No. 126 Hendrick Street. The results of the groundwater analyses show that TCE contamination was found both upgradient and downgradient of this potential source of contamination. Therefore, additional investigation will be required to fully document the source(s) of TCE contamination in this vicinity.

Based on the analysis of the Well 9B (shallow) groundwater sample, there appears to be a potential contaminant source at House No. 126, Hendrick Street, and at this time, 126 Hendrick Street is the only site where source control would be applicable. The alleged machinery cleaning operation at this location consisted of washing down miscellaneous equipment with solvent, while the equipment was laying on the ground. Potentially applicable source control mechanisms include soil removal, soil vapor extraction and on-site groundwater extraction and treatment. These alternatives are evaluated below.

Soil Removal

The implementation of soil removal as a control mechanism will require that the extent, both horizontal and vertical, of the TCE contamination be determined. If the area of TCE contaminated soil is found to be fairly limited such that removal of the contaminated soil would not undermine the adjacent residential structures and would be cost-effective, then soil removal should be considered. Soil removal has the advantage of being the most direct source control mechanism.

Soil Vapor Extraction

Soil vapor extraction is an applicable control mechanism when the VOC contamination has percolated sufficiently deep into the ground so as to make soil removal impractical or uneconomical. Soil vapor extraction consists of the installation of small diameter wells throughout the contaminated area. The wells are used to introduce air into the subsurface strata as well as extract TCE contaminated vapor from the soil. The highly volatile nature of TCE lends itself very well to being removed, or flushed from the soil, by the repeated introduction of clean air and removal of contaminated vapor.

A typical soil gas extraction program located a House No. 126 would consist of four 6-inch diameter injection wells installed along the perimeter of the contaminated area and a fifth 6-inch diameter extraction well located in the center. A blower would be used to introduce clean air into the four perimeter injection wells and a vacuum pump would draw contaminated vapor out of the soil from

the extraction well and into a carbon adsorption vessel for TCE removal prior to discharge to the atmosphere. To make the operation effective and eliminate the potential for short-circuited air flow, the entire contaminated area would be covered with plastic sheeting.

On-site Groundwater Treatment

In areas where the contamination extends down into the groundwater, a third source control alternative exists, consisting of installing on-site groundwater extraction wells, and pumping contaminated groundwater to an on-site treatment facility. The facility would then remove the TCE prior to discharging the treated groundwater back to the soil. The design of the "pump and treat" alternative would be based on containing the contaminated groundwater within the source site boundaries. This would stop "new" contaminated groundwater from reaching the Wellfield, while allowing the natural groundwater flow to flush the previously contaminated groundwater out of the aquifer.

Table 4.1 has been developed to summarize the advantages and disadvantages associated with the various source control alternatives. It is significant to note that, before any type of source control is implemented, additional field investigation must be completed to document that past operations at House No. 126, Hendrick Street, is the only source of VOC contamination in this immediate area and to also delineate the horizontal and vertical extent of the contamination found.

Wellhead Treatment

Treating the contaminated groundwater at the wellhead and prior to discharge into the Easthampton water distribution system is another alternative available to the Town. As the only documented contaminant, which exceeds its established MCL, is TCE, the wellhead treatment process alternatives being considered include air stripping and carbon adsorption. The evaluation of potential treatment processes has been screened down to these two alternatives based on documented research and analyses performed by others on similar contaminated water supplies which have shown these two treatment processes to be cost-effective in removing TCE contamination.

Table 4.1
Comparison of Source Control Alternatives

	Soil Removal	Soil Vapor Extraction	On-Site Groundwater Extraction and Treatment
APPLICABILITY	Used where high concentrations of contamination are close to surface.	Appropriate where volatile contamination is contained in vadose zone and groundwater is deep.	Appropriate where contamination cannot be removed by other means due to depth or concentration.
ADVANTAGES	Most direct and quickest source control method.	Less intrusive to area than soil removal.	Fewer wells required than soil gas removal.
	Does not require any long term capital expenditure.	contamination.	Effectively removes contaminated groundwater before reaching Hendrick Street Wellfield.
DISADVANTAGES	Very intrusive to residential neighborhood. Not appropriate where contamination has uniformly percolated down through the soil.	Requires installation of small diameter wells. Extracted contaminated vapor will require on-site vapor phase treatment.	Requires installation of wells and on-site treatment facility. Requires discharge point for
	Would require additional field testing to delineate contamination.	Typical installations have a 6 month to a year duration. Would require additional field testing to design extraction system.	treated groundwater. Duration dependent on extraction rate.
		Would require plastic sheeting over entire area.	

As discussed earlier, for purposes of evaluation, it has been assumed that wellhead treatment would be required for a 10 year period. A sensitivity analysis was performed on the various treatment alternatives and it was determined that, for any treatment period up to 20 years, there was no significant change in how the alternatives compared to each other relative to present worth costs.

The cost analysis performed on the treatment alternatives included the installation and operation and maintenance (O&M) costs of a sodium hypochlorite chlorination system. DEP requires that chlorination be included in the treatment process for both air strippers and carbon adsorption facilities. The cost analysis did not include the installation and O&M costs associated with any corrosion control equipment. The wellhead treatment facility may need to incorporate a corrosion control process due to the EPA Lead and Copper Rule recently promulgated as an amendment to the Federal Safe Drinking Water Act. Corrosion control will be required at all drinking water sources unless a waiver is granted.

Air Stripping

Air stripping is a physical process whereby large quantities of air are passed through a cascading flow of contaminated water. The air flow is counter current to the water flow, with the water flow typically being introduced to the top of a cylindrical tower. The air, which is blown up through the cascading water, removes the TCE from the water and returns it to a vapor phase, due to the volatile nature of TCE. The air stripping tower, typically 6 to 12 feet in diameter and 8 to 30 feet high, is filled with synthetic packing material which improves the distribution of water flow within the tower while increasing the surface area over which the air can come into contact with the contaminated water. The water, collected at the bottom of the tower, is then disinfected and pumped into the distribution system.

The air stripping tower is typically located outside, with a building required to house the standby power generator, controls, the blower system, the chlorination equipment and the booster pumps needed to repump the treated water back into the system.

The contaminated vapor or off-gas must be treated prior to release to the atmosphere unless certain criteria are met, according to current DEP policy 88-01 (see Appendix E). DEP is currently reevaluating its policy on off-gas treatment and it is unclear at this time if off-gas treatment will be required as part of the wellhead treatment program. If required, vapor phase carbon adsorption typically is used as the off-gas treatment method of choice.

Dissolved iron and manganese testing was also performed on the groundwater samples in order to evaluate any adverse impacts the dissolved metals might have on the air stripper. Both iron and manganese can reduce the effectiveness of the air stripper operation by precipitating out onto the packing if the ambient concentrations are high enough. Previous operations have shown that if the dissolved concentration of iron or manganese exceeds approximately 1 milligram per liter (mg/l), then precipitation may occur, thereby causing fouling of the packing. The Phase II sampling determined that the iron and manganese levels in the groundwater are well below the 1 mg/l threshold and therefore no precipitation or fouling of the air stripper is anticipated.

Table 4.2 shows the costs associated with the installation and operation of an air stripper, equipped with off-gas treatment, capable of removing the TCE contamination to levels well below the Federal Drinking Water Standard of 5 ppb. Table 4.3 details the estimated installation and operation costs associated with the air stripper, if off-gas treatment is not required.

Carbon Adsorption

The second proven technology for removal of TCE from groundwater is carbon adsorption. In this process, the contaminated water is passed through a bed of activated carbon under pressure. The TCE has a higher affinity to the carbon than the water so the TCE adsorbs onto the carbon. When the carbon bed has reached its capacity for accepting TCE, the spent carbon is replaced with new carbon. Multiple carbon beds are utilized in the process so that a carbon bed can be removed from service for replacement while maintaining the treatment capacity through the installation.

TABLE 4.2 Estimated Air Stripper with Off-Gas Treatment Costs

CAPITAL COSTS:

12 foot Diameter Packed Air Stripper Tower Chlorine Equipment Control Building with Sanitary Facilities (5000 s.f.) Emergency Generator Booster Pumps 12 foot Diameter Off-Gas Carbon Unit Duct Heater and Ductwork	\$ 125,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 375,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 45,000 \$ 120,000 \$ 45,000
Subtotal	\$ 815,000
Electrical Equipment (15% of Capital Subtotal) Instrumentation Equipment (10% of Capital Subtotal) Site Work (5% of Capital Subtotal)	\$ 122,000 \$ 82,000 \$ 41,000
Total Capital Costs	\$1,060,0001
Engineering and Contingencies (35% of Capital Costs)	\$ 371,000
Total Initial Cost	\$1,431,000
ANNUAL O & M COSTS ² :	
Maintenance Chemicals (Sodium Hypochlorite) Building (Electrical) Booster Pumping (Electrical) Air Blower (Electrical) Off-Gas Treatment Carbon Replacement Duct Heater/Dehumidifier (Electrical)	\$ 14,000 \$ 20,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 87,000 \$ 3,000 \$ 8,000 \$ 7,000
Total O & M Costs	\$ 144,000/yr.
Total Present Worth Cost ³	\$2,365,000

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Engineering News Record July 1991 Construction Cost Index = 4854
 Electrical costs based on an average rate of \$0.06/kwhr.
 Assumes a 10 year project duration and an annual discount rate of 8.75%.

TABLE 4.3

Estimated Air Stripper without Off-Gas Treatment Costs

CAPITAL COSTS:

12 foot Diameter Packed Air Stripper Tower Chlorine Equipment Control Building with Sanitary Facilities (4500 s.f.) Emergency Generator Booster Pumps	\$ 125,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 338,000 \$ 100,000 \$ 45,000
Subtotal	\$ 613,000
Electrical Equipment (15% of Capital Subtotal) Instrumentation Equipment (10% of Capital Subtotal) Site Work	\$ 92,000 \$ 61,000 \$ 41,000
Total Capital Costs	\$ 807,000 ¹
Engineering and Contingencies (35% of Capital Costs)	\$ 282,000
Total Initial Cost	\$1,089,000
NNUAL O & M COSTS ² :	

Maintenance	\$ 10,000
Chemicals (Sodium Hypochlorite)	\$ 20,000
Building (Electrical)	\$ 3,000
Booster Pumping (Electrical)	\$ 87,000

Total O & M Costs \$ 120,000/yr.

Total Present Worth Cost³ \$1,868,000

¹ Engineering News Record July 1991 Construction Cost Index = 4854
² Electrical costs based on an average rate of \$0.06/kwhr.
³ Assumes a 10 year project duration and an annual discount rate of 8.75%.

The carbon beds are typically 4 to 12 feet in diameter and 3 to 12 feet deep. The advantages of carbon over air stripping is that there is no contaminant release to the atmosphere. The disadvantage is that carbon replacement is expensive. Table 4.4 shows the estimated installation and operation costs associated with an activated carbon treatment facility sized for the Hendrick Street Wellfield flow and historical TCE contaminant levels.

Wellhead Treatment Summary

After comparing the present worth costs of the three wellhead treatment alternatives, in conjunction with each alternative being equally affective in removing TCE to well below drinking water standards, the air stripper alternative is the most cost-effective wellhead treatment alternative regardless of the need for off-gas treatment.

Alternative Water Supplies

An additional option that has been evaluated is the abandonment of the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the Pines Well and replacement with a new water supply developed in an uncontaminated area of Town. In evaluating this option, there are numerous issues which must be considered, including the cost of abandoning the existing water supply, the availability of suitable alternative and equivalent water supplies and the cost of developing and obtaining approval of any new water supply.

Abandonment of Existing Water Supply

The Hendrick Street Wellfield, with an estimated capacity of 3.5 mgd and the Pines Well, with an estimated 1 mgd capacity, account for approximately 51 percent of the Town's current available water supply. The Town of Easthampton relies heavily on the water from these two supplies to meet daily demands within the water system. The Town must have alternative water supplies available, approved and connected to the distribution system prior to the Hendrick Street Wellfield and Pines Well being removed from the water supply system, or "abandoned".

TABLE 4.4

Estimated Carbon Adsorption Costs

CAPITAL COSTS:

2 - Granular Activated Carbon Contactors	\$ 400,000
Chlorine Equipment	\$ 5,000
Emergency Generator	\$ 60,000
Control Building with Sanitary Facilities (6000 s.f.)	\$ <u>450,000</u>
Subtotal	\$ 915,000
Electrical Equipment (15% of Capital Subtotal)	\$ 137,000
Instrumentation Equipment (15% of Capital Subtotal) Site Work (5% of Capital Subtotal)	\$ 137,000 \$ 46,000
Total Capital Costs	\$ 1,235,000 ¹
Engineering and Contingencies (35% of Capital Costs)	<u>\$ 432,000</u>
Total Initial Cost	\$1,667,000
	•

ANNUAL O & M COSTS2:

Maintenance Chemicals (Sodium Hypochlorite) Building (Electrical)	\$ \$ \$	17,000 20,000 5,000
Carbon Replacement (80,000 lbs./yr.)	\$	80,000

\$ 122,000 Total O & M Costs

Total Present Worth Cost³ \$2,459,000

Engineering News Record July 1991 Construction Cost Index = 4854
 Electrical costs based on an average rate of \$0.06/kwhr.
 Assumes a 10 year project duration and an annual discount rate of 8.75%.

The actual abandonment of the contaminated water supplies can occur via two different procedures. The least costly alterative to the Town would be the shutting down of the pumps at both locations and the isolation of the two pumping facilities from the distribution system. If these supplies were relegated to "emergency supply" status, DEP would require the Town to physically disconnect both supplies from the distribution system. The Town may chose to take the opportunity to inspect the pumps and perform any necessary maintenance at these facilities, based on the assumption that the TCE contamination will eventually pass by the two pumping facilities and both water sources will be useable at some late date.

The second option available to the Town, would consist of isolating both facilities from the distribution system and pumping the contaminated water to waste, similar to recent past practice. This would hasten the purging of the aquifer but would require continued operation and maintenance of both pumping facilities.

The cost of abandoning both water supplies, assuming they are both shut down with no pumping to waste, would be negligible as both facilities are fully depreciated and the Town is no longer financing any construction related bonds on either facility.

S E A has discussed the abandonment alternative with DEP officials who have expressed a concern over the potential abandonment of an approved 4.5 mgd water supply but who have also stated that by pursuing such an action, the Town would not be jeopardizing the eligibility of State funding for TCE contamination related costs incurred to date. It should be noted, however, that the Town is currently allowed to operate the Hendrick Street Wellfield and Pines Well only under emergency DEP approval and that DEP officials have expressed a concern over continuing to operate the contaminated water supplies during the period required to develop and obtain approval of alternative supplies.

Potential Sites of Alternative Water Supplies

There are numerous criteria which must be met in selecting alternative water supply sites. These include sufficient safe yield, acceptable water quality, ability to adequately protect the water supply

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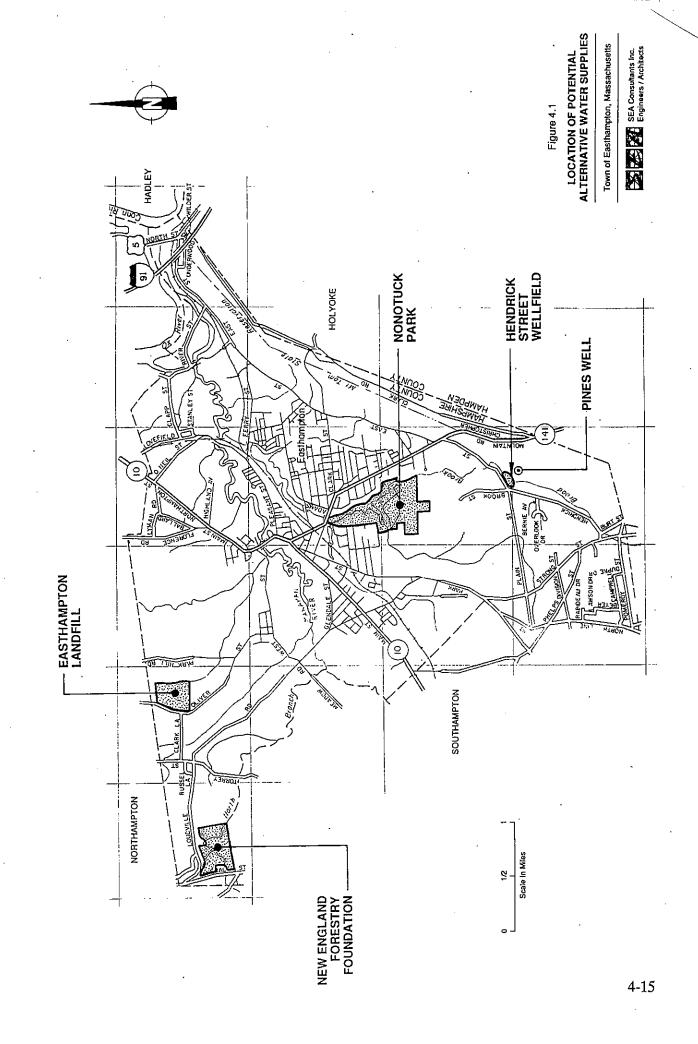
from contamination and acceptable water supply development costs.

S E A has reviewed information supplied by the Town which outlined public land, school land and recreational areas. This mapping, in conjunction with existing groundwater favorability mapping, was used to highlight publicly owned or controlled areas within the Town which could possibly support adequate water supplies.

Based on a review of existing land use and subsurface information it appears that the two best sites located within the Town which might meet the criteria of an alternative water supply are the Nonotuck Park area and the New England Forestry Foundation area, as shown on Figure 4.1. It is important to state that this screening of potential sites is a preliminary screening only. There are numerous steps, such as extensive subsurface investigation, which must be completed before the actual potential of any site can be fully evaluated. The potential alternative sites are described below.

The Nonotuck Park area is an approximately 100 acre site located north of the Hendrick Street Wellfield. The surficial geologic mapping of the area shows the area to be favorable for water supply development and a potentially large enough area to support a 4 mgd capacity supply. The major concern with this site is that the site is located in the Barnes Aquifer and downgradient of the Hendrick Street Wellfield and may eventually encounter the same TCE contaminant plume currently affecting the Hendrick Street Wellfield. In 1987 the Town of Easthampton installed a test well on the Nonotuck Park site and found limited capacity due to excessive fine material clogging the well screen during the placement of the well screen. This lack of capacity, in conjunction with DEP's request that the Town not pursue further development of the Nonotuck Park water supply until the Hendrick Street contamination had been addressed, lead the Town to abandon the development of additional Nonotuck Park wells.

The second potential site is an approximate 70 acre New England Forestry Foundation site located in the extreme northwest corner of the Town. The groundwater favorability mapping shows a generally shallow aquifer in the area. The mapping shows the potential for a deep channel which



might support the required level of groundwater extraction. This site is adjacent to the Town's 4 million gallon (mg) water supply storage tank so a water supply in this area would require minimal construction to connect to the water distribution system. It should be noted that locating the pumped water supply next to the storage tank is not an efficient location in terms of maintaining the water system's hydraulic gradient throughout the Town.

In 1985 a hydrogeologic study determined that the New England Forestry Foundation site could generate a substantial yield but that there was a potential that a documented contaminant plume created by the Easthampton Landfill, located east of the Foundation site, could contaminate the aquifer if a production well was developed in the area. Therefore, the Town decided to not develop the New England Forestry Foundation site at that time.

Therefore, based on a review of the sites most likely to support the development of a 4 mgd water supply, it would appear that the Town of Easthampton would have a difficult time in developing alternative water supplies to allow for the abandonment of the existing supply.

New Source Approval

The Massachusetts DEP requires that all proposed water supplies obtain a New Source Approval as detailed in DEP's "Guidelines and Policies for Public Water Systems". The new source approval process is a nine step procedure for obtaining DEP approval of any public drinking water supply in excess of 100,000 gallon per day (gpd). The approval process is phased to include exploration and preliminary testing, aquifer delineation and mapping, long-term aquifer pump testing to determine safe yield, and the preparation of a detailed hydrogeologic report.

Past experience with the new source approval process has shown the process to be a slow, deliberate process, requiring DEP review and approval at many intermediate checkpoints. Based on S E A's experience, it is estimated that the approval process period, from the start of initial groundwater exploration to obtaining DEP approval of the Source Final Report, takes an estimated 24 months.

Table 4.5 lists the various tasks which constitute the New Source Approval Process and each associated estimated range of costs to complete the task. Table 4.5 does not include the DEP permit application fees associated with the New Source Approval process. The Town, being a municipality, is exempt from the fees unless the Town desires DEP to adhere to a pre-established approval schedule. The "fee for schedule" process is relatively new and it is unclear at this time whether submitting the fees would be advantageous to the Town.

Development of Water Supplies

Once New Source Approval has been obtained, the next step in developing an alternative water supply would be the design and construction of the production wells, associated pumping stations and transmission mains. In order to estimate the cost of designing and constructing the required facilities the following assumptions have been made:

- 1. The new well(s) must have a total pumping capacity of 4 mgd.
- 2. A total of 4 wells will need to be installed to obtain the required capacity.
- 3. Each well will require a pump station and the construction of 1,000 feet of 12 inch diameter transmission main.

Based on these assumptions, Table 4.6 summarizes the estimated costs associated with developing and maintaining the new water supply.

No Action

Another option available to the Town is to proceed with the status quo and take no remedial action at the Hendrick Street Wellfield or Pines Well. DEP is currently allowing the Town to use the Pines Well on an as needed basis and the Hendrick Street Wellfield on an emergency basis only. As these

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TABLE 4.5 SUMMARY OF NEW SOURCE APPROVAL TASKS

	TASK	ESTIMATED COST*
1.	Groundwater Exploration	\$ 100,000 - \$ 200,000
2.	Request for DEP Site Exam including Preparation of Bylaw Summary Form and Wellhead Protection Questionnaire	\$ 10,000 - \$ 20,000
3.	DEP Site Exam	\$ 2,000
4.	Submittal of Pumping Test Proposal	\$ 5,000 - \$ 10,000
5.	Pumping Test Proposal Approval	\$ 0
6.	Pumping Test Performance	\$ 50,000 - \$ 100,000
7.	Pumping Test Analysis	\$ 40,000 - \$ 80,000
8.	Submittal of Source Final Report	\$ 5,000 - \$ 10,000
9.	Source Final Report Approval	\$ 0
	Total	\$ 200,000 - \$ 400,000**
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^{*} Based on an objective of developing 4 mgd at 1 or 2 separate sites. Costs do not include DEP permit application fees.

^{** \$300,000} used in subsequent cost analyses.

TABLE 4.6 COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH DEVELOPING NEW WATER SUPPLY

	COST
New Source Approval Process	. \$ 300,000
Capital Cost	
4 Production Wells	\$ 320,000
4 Pump Stations	\$ 1,000,000
12-inch Transmission Main (4,000 feet)	\$ 120,000
Capital Cost (Subtotal)	\$ 1,440,000
Engineering and Contingencies (35% of Capital Cost)	\$ _504,000
Total Initial Cost	\$ 2,244,000
O&M Cost	
Operation (Power)	\$ 80,000/yr.
Maintenance (2% of Capital Cost)	\$ 29,000/yr.
Total O&M	\$ 109,000/yr.
TOTAL PRESENT WORTH COST *	\$ 2,951,000
* Based on 10 years, 8.75% discount rate	

sources constitute over fifty percent of the Town's current available water supply, and the Town's maximum daily water demands cannot be met without the Hendrick Street Wellfield on line, it is apparent that unless an equal alternative source is found, the Hendrick Street Wellfield must continue to be used.

The historical data on TCE contamination at the wellfield does not show any indication that the TCE concentration is decreasing with time and, to the contrary, shows an erratic increase in TCE concentration at both the Hendrick Street Wellfield and the Pines Well. Discussions with DEP officials have concluded that continued use of drinking water obtained from the Hendrick Street Wellfield which is contaminated with TCE in excess of the MCL, with or without the continued monitoring of contamination in the water, is unacceptable and would not be permitted. Therefore, the "no action" alternative is not viewed as a viable option to the Town and should be eliminated from further consideration.

APPENDIX A - Monitoring Well Boring Logs

LEGEND FOR S E A WELL LOGS

Project: Well Log Project Number: 999Z									o. WELL	C
Client:	ABC In	corpor	rated	<u>,</u>				Sheet	No. I of	1
Boring	Depth (f	Starti	ing Date:							
Datum	/Notes:	Elevat	Endi	ng Date:						
Elev. (Feet)	Depth (Feet)	Lith- ology	Material Description		Well Detail	Comments	Pene	tration Resistan	ce (Blows/Foo	100
	_		Use for boring without observor monitoring wells.	vation		BLANK				
	_ _		Use for bentonite bottom seal	•		BOTSEALI				
	_ 		Use for grout bottom seal or grouted borehole.			BOTSEAL2				
	-		Use for soil bottom seal.			BOTSEAL3				
	5 —		Do not use			BOTSEAL4				
	- -	,	Do not use.			BOTSEAL5				
			Same as BOTSEAL1.			ВОТГРАСК				
	. –		Use for bentonite seal around pipe.	riser	K K	PACKPIPE				
	<u> </u>		Use for sand backfill around a pipe or silt trap.	riser		PIPE				
	10 —		Same as PACKPIPE.			SEAL1				
			Use for grout around riser pip	pe.		SEAL2				
	-		Use for cement concrete arountier pipe.	nd		SEAL3				
	-		Do not use.		24 K	SEAL4				
-	_		Use for borehole cuttings arouriser pipe.			SEAL5				
	15 —		Use for filter sand around well screen.	Ц		SLOTPIPE .				
	-		·			:				
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	_									
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Boring Log EASTHAMPTON TCE Date Started: 10/31/90 Project: EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/1/90 **B-1** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Weather: Soil Exploration Co. Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Pequot Road** 11/1/90 40° 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Well Sample Stratum Depth Elev. Depth Blows PID Pen Description Description Log (ft) (ft) No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) TOPSOIL 4"/24" 0.0-2.0 S-1 Medium-dense, tan, fine to coarse S-1 SAND and GRAVEL. Trace pebbles, cobbles. 5 1 9 14 2 3 4.0 4 S-2 Dense, brown, medium to coarse SAND 4.0-6.0 6"/24" 15 SAND and GRAVEL with fine GRAVEL and trace fine Sand. 22 5 22 14 6 7 8 9.0 9 S-3 Medium-dense, brown, fine to medium 4"/24" 9,0-11.0 SAND and GRAVEL, SAND and GRAVEL with trace coarse Sand trace Silt 10 and Silt. 12 1**1** 12 13 14 10 S-4 Medium-dense, brown, fine to medium 2"/24" 14.0-16.0 SAND with trace Silt and tan, coarse 15 8 Sand and Gravel. 9 16 17 18 19 S-5 8"/24" 19.0-21.0 S-5 Medium-dense, tan, medium to coarse SAND with fine SAND and GRAVEL. Trace PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) Encountered GW at approximately 40 feet. DENSITY BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT EA Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects M.STIFF 4-8 STIFF 8-15 15-30 V.STIFF Page 1 of 4 >30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 10/31/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/1/90 90072.1V Ref. No.: **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Pequot Road** 11/1/90 40 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Sample Well Depth Elev. Stratum PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description No. Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" Silt. 12 21 22 23 24.0 24 6"/24" 24.0-26.0 S-6 Medium-dense, tan, medium to coarse SAND and GRAVEL SAND with fine SAND and GRAVEL. 8 (fining downwards) 25 9 26 27 28 29 0"/24" 29.0-31.0 S-7 Medium-dense, tan, medium to fine 8 SAND, Trace coarse Sand and Gravel. 30 9 11 31 32 33 34 8"/24" S-8 Medium-dense, tan, medium SAND with 34.0-36.0 12 11 coarse SAND, some fine Sand and Gravel. 35 12 14 36 37 38 39.0 39 10"/24 39.0-41.0 S-9 Medium-dense, tan, fine SAND inter-12 S-9 SAND and GRAVEL bedded with coarse Sand and Gravel. PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1.) Encountered GW at approximately 40 feet. 0-4 V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** STIFF 8-15 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 4 HARD >30

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 10/31/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/1/90 B-1 Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Pequot Road** 11/1/90 40 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Elev. Sample Depth Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 14 11 41 Bottom of Boring at 41'. 42 43 44 10"/24" 44.0-46.0 S-10 S-10 Interbedded medium-dense, medium to coarse SAND and GRAVEL (some pebbles 45 12 and cobbles) and fine Sand with trace 11 46 47 48 49 S-11 8"/24" 49.0-51.0 S-11 Medium-dense, medium to fine SAND, some coarse Sand with trace Silt. 10 50 12 11 51 52 53 54 S-12 12"/24" 54.0-56.0 S-12 Tan, medium-dense, interbedded 14 medium to fine SAND with trace Silt. 55 Coarse SAND and GRAVEL. 11 56 57 58 59 S-13 8"/24" 59.0-61.0 12 S-13 Dense, brown, fine SAND, trace medium Sand and Silt. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1.) Encountered GW at approximately 40 feet. 0-4 V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 3 of 4

> 30

HARD

Date Started: 10/31/90 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/1/90 **B-1** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Weather: Soil Exploration Co. Contractor/Driller: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Pequot Road** 11/1/90 40 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Sample Stratum Well Depth Elev. Blows PID Pen Depth Description Description (ft) (ft) Log /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 15 17 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) DENSITY 1.) Encountered GW at approximately 40 feet. BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE LOOSE with (Amount of component 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 2-4 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 4 of 4 HARD > 30

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 10/25/90 **Boring Log** Date Finished: 10/29/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-2** 90072.1V Ref. No.: **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Keys & Rock Valley Casing Type/Size: 6 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Sample Elev. Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows Description (ft) (ft) Description Log No. (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 0.0-0.5 S-1 4 S-1 TOPSOIL 0.5 TOPSOIL S-1A 0.5-2.0 7 S-1A Brown, fine to coarse SAND. SAND 1 6 2 2 3 4 S-2 16"/24" 4.0-6.0 S-2 Medium-coarse, brown SAND, 8 some fines. 5 10 13 6 7.0 7 GRAVEL 0 8 9.0 9 S-3 Brown CLAY. S-3 12"/24' 9.0-11.0 CLAY 8 10 11 11 11 12 13 14 13"/24" 14.0-16.0 S-4 Brown CLAY. 8 15 6 9 16 17 18 19 S-5 19.0-21.0 S-5 Brown CLAY with fine to medium SAND. 8 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1. Encountered boulders at approximately 8'. V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 S E A Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF V.STIFF 15-30 Page 1 of 4 >30 HARD

Boring Log Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 10/25/90 Date Finished: 10/29/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-2** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Keys & Rock Valley 6 in, ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Sample Well Depth Elev. Stratum PID Pen · Depth Blows Description (ft) (ft) Description Log No. /Rec. (ft) /6" (ppm) 24 30 21 22 23 24.0 24 10"/24" 24.0-26.0 S-6 Well compacted brown, fine SAND Well compacted SAND to coarse GRAVEL with trace Silty 31 and GRAVEL 25 47 Clay (TILL). ٥, 40 26 27 28 29 10"/24" 29.0-31.0 16 S-7 Same as above. 23 30 26 34 31 32 33 34 34.0-36.0 S-8 Same as above. S-8 28 43 35 41 37 36 37 38 39.0 39 39.0-41.0 S-9 Brown VARVE CLAY. S-9 16 VARVE CLAY 20 PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1. Encountered boulders at approximately 8'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 4 HARD > 30

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 10/25/90 **Boring Log** Date Finished: 10/29/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-2** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Keys & Rock Valley 6 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Depth Blows Pen Description (ft) (ft) Description Log No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 19 19 41 42 43 44 S-10 24"/24" 44.0-46.0 8 S-10 Brown VARVE CLAY. 8 45 16 13 46 47 48 49 S-11 Brown VARVE CLAY. S-11 24"/24" 49.0-51.0 10 50 14 15 51 52 53 54 S-12 Brown VARVE CLAY, trace Sand S-12 18"/24" 54.0-56.0 6 (some layers). 55 8 9 56 57 58.0 58 SILT and CLAY with Sand and Gravel (TILL) 59 S-13 14"/24 59.0-61.0 S-13 Brown SILT and CLAY with fine to coarse Sand and Gravel (TILL). PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS 1. Encountered boulders at approximately 8'. trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 SEA Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 4-8 STIFF 8-15 15-30 **V.STIFF** Page 3 of 4 > 30 HARD

Date Started: 10/25/90 Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE Boring Log** Date Finished: 10/29/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-2** 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Keys & Rock Valley Casing Type/Size: 6 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Depth Sample Stratum Well Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description (ft) (ft) Log No. /Rec. (ft) /6" (ppm) 40 53 61 62 63.0 63 S-14 3"/24" 63.0-65.0 S-14 Brown, fine to medium grained SANDSTONE SANDSTONE. 61 64 97 111 65 66 67 68 69 S-15 Brown, fine grained SANDSTONE with S-15 8"/24" 69.0-71.0 21 25 Mica flecks. 70 28 71 72 73 74 S-16 Brown, fine grained SANDSTONE. 74.0-76.0 34 S-16 75 29 76.0 76 Bottom of Boring at 76'. 77 78 79 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1. Encountered boulders at approximately 8'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** STIFF 8-15 15-30 V.STIFF Page 4 of 4 >30 HARD

Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 11/6/90 Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Weather: Depth Date Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: S. County Road at Fir 11/5/90 49.0 Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Sample Stratum Well Depth Elev. Pen Depth Blows Description Description (ft) (ft) Log No. /6" /Rec. (ft) TOPSOIL 1 10"/24" 1.0-3.0 S-1 TOPSOIL 7 2 7 3 4.0 4 14"/24 4.0-6.0 S-2 Brown, medium-coarse grained SAND with GRAVEL 8 SAND with fine Sand and Gravel, (some topsoil) 5 10 some Topsoil. 10 6 7 8 9 12"/24" 9.0-11.0 S-3 Brown, medium-coarse grained SAND with trace fine Sand and Gravel. 10 12 15 11 12 13 14.0 14 8"/24" 14.0-16.0 S-4 Brown, fine to medium SAND. SAND 10 15 12 15 16 17 18 19 S-5 19.0-21.0 S-5 Brown, fine SAND. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE with (Amount of component 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. **Engineers/Architects** 4-8 M.STIFF STIFF 8-15 V.STIFF 15-30 Page 1 of 5 > 30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/6/90 Ref. No .: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Weather: Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: S. County Road at Fir 11/5/90 49.0 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well Pen PID Blows Depth (ft) (ft) Description Description Log No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 16 19 21 22 23 24 24.0-26.0 S-6 Fine SAND. 9 25 14 17 26 27 28 29 12"/24" 29.0-31.0 S-7 Brown, medium SAND. 16 30 20 22 31 32 33 34 14"/24" 34.0-36.0 6 S-8 Brown, fine SAND. 35 17 20 36 37 38 39 S-9 11"/24" 39.0-41.0 S-9 Brown, fine SAND. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS **NOTES:** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 5 > 30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 11/6/90 Ref. No .: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Weather: Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: S. County Road at Fir 11/5/90 49.0 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Sample Well Depth Elev. Stratum PID Pen Blows Depth (ft) Description Description (ft) Log /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 22 18 41 42 43 44 0"/24" 44.0-46.0 S-10 Dense, tan-brown, fine to coarse 18 SAND with trace Gravel. 45 26 20 46 47 48 49 S-11 0"/24" 49.0-51.0 50 10 51 S-11A 0"/24" 51.0-52.0 52 53 54 S-12 8"/24" 54.0-56.0 S-12 Dense, red-brown, medium SAND with trace coarse Sand and occasional 55 22 pebbles. 22 56 57 58 S-13 0"/24" 59.0-61.0 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS **NOTES:** DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 3 of 5 HARD >30

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 11/6/90 Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Weather: Elev. Date Depth Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: S. County Road at Fir 11/5/90 49.0 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Sample Stratum Well Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log No. /6" /Rec. (ft) (ppm) 20 15 61 S-14 | 8"/24" | 61.0-63.0 12 S-14 Dense, red-brown fine to medium 16 SAND, trace Silt. 62 23 20 63 64 8"/24" 64.0-66.0 S-15 Dense, red-brown SILT, fine SAND 19 with trace Mica. 65 22 23 66 67 68 69 S-16 8"/24" 69.0-71.0 S-16 Dense, tan-brown, SILTY FINE SAND with trace Mica. 70 19 26 71 72 73 74 S-17 6"/24" 74.0-76.0 S-17 Dense, red-tan, very fine SANDY 16 26 75 26 24 76 77 78 79 S-18 7"/24" 79.0-81.0 S-18 Dense, red-tan, fine SAND. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** STIFF 8-15 15-30 V.STIFF Page 4 of 5

HARD

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Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/6/90 **B-3** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: S. County Road at Fir 11/5/90 49.0 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Well Stratum PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description No. Log /Rec. /6" (ppm) (ft) 21 26 81.0 81 Bottom of Boring at 81'. 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: PROPORTIONS USED: BLOWS/FT. DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) V.LOOSE 0-4 some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** STIFF 8-15 15-30 V,STIFF Page 5 of 5 > 30 HARD

Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/8/90 **B-4A** Ref. No .: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Excavation Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Depth Date Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: S.W. Porter Location: Jones Road 11/6/90 30 11/7/90 49.5 Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description (ft) (ft) Log No. (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 18"/24 0.0-2.0 TOPSOIL S-1 S-1 TOPSOIL, black-tan, organic SILT, fine to medium SAND to 1.0'. 1.0 3 1 Loose, red-tan, fine to medium SAND 3 SAND 3 to 2.0'. 2 3 4 4.0-6.0 S-2 Medium, light-red, fine to coarse 16"/24 8 SAND with trace Gravel. 5 11 6.0 15 6 SAND with GRAVEL 7 8 9 12 S-3 Medium, gray-red, fine to coarse 9 SAND with coarse Gravel layers. 10 9 11 11 12 13 14 12"/24" 14.0-16.0 15 S-4 Dense, gray-red, fine to coarse SAND with GRAVEL. 17 15 18 16.0 18 16 SANDY SILT 17 18 19 S-5 14"/24" 19.0-21.0 S-5 Dense, red-tan SILT, fine to medium SAND, trace coarse Sand. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) DENSITY BLOWS/FT. 1. VOC hit at 79.5'. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects 4-8 M.STIFF STIFF 8-15 15-30 V.STIFF Page 1 of 6 > 30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE**

EASTHAMPTON, MA

90072.1V Ref. No.:

Date Started: 11/5/90

Date Finished: 11/8/90

Boring Log

B-4

Contractor/Driller: Soil Excavation Co.

Engineer/Geologist: S.W. Porter

Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel

Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon

Weather:

Location: Jones Road

Surface Elevation:

Groundwater Observations Depth Elev. Date Notes 11/6/90 30 11/7/90 49.5

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24 -			S-6	10"/24"	24.0-26.0	20	S-6 Dense, layered 1/2 - 2".		Fine SAND	,	::
				1 - 1 - 1		21	1.) Tan, fine SAND with medium to coarse		THE OATE		
25 -						27	SAND. 2.) Reddish-white, fine to medium				
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29 🚽			S-7	8"/24"	29,0-31.0	10	S-7 Medium, reddish-white, fine to medium				
		-				11	SAND with trace coarse Sand.	$ \cdot $			
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34 -			S-8	10"/24"	34.0-36.0	15	S-8 Medium, reddish-brown, medium to coarse				
				1		12	SAND with fine SAND and trace Silt.				
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BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE 0-4 4-10 LOOSE M.DENSE 10-30 DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS DENSITY

BLOWS/FT. V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT M.STIFF 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF > 30 HARD 1. VOC hit at 79.5'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







SEA Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 2 of 6

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE**

EASTHAMPTON, MA

Ref. No.: 90072.1V

Date Started: 11/5/90

Date Finished: 11/8/90

Boring Log

B-4

Contractor/Driller: Soil Excavation Co. West

Engineer/Geologist: S.W. Porter

Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel

Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon

Weather:

Location: Jones Road

Surface Elevation:

	Groundwater	Observations	
Date	Depth	Elev.	Notes
11/6/90	<u>√</u> 30		
11/7/90	49.5		

Carripic	, , ypc,	,0,20.		op.,			0411400 210741.0111		<u>¥</u>		ļ	
				Sam	ple			0		_		
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol		atum eription		Weil Log
			S-9	10"/24	40.0-42.0		S-9 Medium, brownish-gray, fine to medium	7.2				\Box
- 41 -						11	SAND.	· · · ·				
				 	 	12		$[\cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot]$	42.0			
- 42 -				-		<u> </u>		× , , x	SILT and S	AND		
- 43 -								× , ×	trace-Grav	el		
70				٠.				* _* *				;
44			S-10	10"/24	44.0-46.0	13	S-10 Dense, reddish-tan SILT, fine to coarse	[* ×]				
		······				13	SAND with trace Gravel.	(× ·)				
45 -						15		. × ×			:	: :
46				<u> </u>		21		× ×				
			-			-		* ^ ×				
: 47 -		-		İ				× , · ×	47.5			: :
- 48 -									SAND			: :
, ,				<u> </u>	ļ							:
49 -			S-11	12"/24	49.0-51.0	17	S-11 Dense, tan-brown, fine to medium					. -
50 -						16	SAND.					
30				<u> </u>		15		· : · : ·				
51 -						23						
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		 			52.0			
52 -									SAND trac	e Gravel		: :
53 -				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						
				 		<u> </u>	•					
- 54 -			\$-12	7"/24"	54.0-56.0	17	S-12 Dense, red-tan, fine to coarse SAND					:
55 -						18	with trace Gravel.					. :
				ļ		16 20						:
- 56 -			<u> </u>						•			: :
57 -								[:::::]				
5/ 7								:::				
58 -				 	<u> </u>	 		$ \cdot\cdot\cdot $:
				 								
59 -			S-13	12"/24	59.0-61.0		S-13 Same as above.	$ \cdot\cdot $:
	Nico e e	2011.0		 	<u> </u>	L	<u> </u>	l.'.'.	I pp/	PORTIONS L	ISED:	1 1.
GRA	NULAR	SOILS	ᅴ ,	IOTES	ó: C bis os '	70 E'				e (0-10%), littl		9%)

GRANULAR SOILS								
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY							
0-4	V.LOOSE							
4-10	LOOSE							
10-30	M.DENSE							
30-50	DENSE							
>50	V.DENSE							
COHESI	/E SOILS							
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY							
< 2	V.SOFT							
2.4	COET							

1. VOC hit at 79.5'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 3 of 6

> 50	V.DENSE
COHESI	/E SOILS
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY
< 2	V.SOFT
2-4	SOFT
4-8	M.STIFF
8-15	STIFF
15-30	V.STIFF
> 30	HARD

Boring Log Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/5/90 Date Finished: 11/8/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-4** Ref. No .: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Excavation Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: S.W. Porter Location: Jones Road 11/6/90 30 11/7/90 49.5 Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Well Depth Elev. Sample Stratum PID Depth Blows Pen Description (ft) (ft) Description Log No. (ft) /6" (ppm) /Rec. 61 62 63 64 S-14 8"/24" 64.0-66.0 S-14 Dense, red-brown, medium to coarse SAND with fine SAND and trace Silt. 22 65 22 25 66 67 68 69 S-15 7"/24" 69.0-71.0 S-15 Dense, red-tan, fine to medium SAND with trace coarse SAND. 13 70 17 71 72 73 74 S-16 0"/24" 74.0-76.0 16 S-16 Dense, red-tan, fine SAND with some medium Sand. 16 75 25 25 76 77 78 79 S-17 8"/24" 79.0-81.0 S-17 Same as above. 20 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1. VOC hit at 79.5'. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY <2 V,SOFT

2-4

4-8 8-15

15-30

>30

SOFT

STIFF

HARD

M.STIFF

V.STIFF







EA Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 4 of 6

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/8/90 Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Excavation Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: S.W. Porter Location: Jones Road 11/6/90 30 11/7/90 49.5 Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Sample Stratum Well Elev. Pen PID Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 20. 20 81 82 83 84 S-18 | 2"/24" 84.0-86.0 S-18 Dense, red-tan, fine SAND with 25 some medium Sand. 85 20 21 86 87 88 89 S-19 8"/24" 89.0-91.0 S-19 Dense, red-tan, fine to medium 20 21 SAND. 90 30 35 91 92 93 94 12"/24" 94.0-96.0 15 S-20 Very dense, red-brown, very fine 16 SAND. 95 20 35 96 97 98 99 S-21 16"/24 99.0-101.0 S-21 Dense, red-brown, fine to medium SAND. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1. VOC hit at 79.5'. V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF 4-8 Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 5 of 6 HARD >30

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/5/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/8/90 **B-4** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Excavation Co. Contractor/Driller: Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: S.W. Porter Location: Jones Road 11/6/90 30 11/7/90 49.5 4 in. Steel Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well Pen PID Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log No. /6" /Rec. (ft) (ppm) 21 20 101.0 101 Bottom of Boring at 101'. 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1. VOC hit at 79.5'. V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF 4-8 **Engineers/Architects** 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF

> 30

HARD

Page 6 of 6

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/3/90 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 11/7/90 **B-5A** Ref. No .: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Hendrick Street** 11/7/90 30 11/8/90 30 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Pen PID Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 18"/24 0.0-2.0 S-1 Loose, fine to medium SAND S-1 TOPSOIL with pebbles and cobbles. 4 1 4 5 2.0 2 SAND trace Gravel 3 4 6"/24" 4.0-6.0 S-2 Dense, dark-tan, medium to 12 coarse SAND, trace Gravel. 5 16 27 6 7 8 9 SAND trace Silt S-3 10"/24" 9.0-11.0 S-3 Dense, dark-tan, medium to 11 fine SAND, trace Silt. 10 16 17 11 12 13 14 2"/24" 14.0-16.0 12 S-4 Dense, dark-tan, fine SAND 12 with trace medium Sand and Silt. 15 16 15 16 17 18 19.0 19 S-5 6"/24" 19.0-21.0 S-5 Dense, brown, fine SAND and SAND and SILT, SILT, trace Clay.

GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE 0-4 LOOSE 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V,SOFT < 2

SOFT

STIFF

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

HARD

2-4

4-8

8-15

15-30

>30

1.) GW encountered at approximately 30'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







Notes

Well

Log

S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 1 of 6

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/3/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/7/90 **B-5A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Elev. Depth Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Hendrick Street** 11/7/90 30 11/8/90 30 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Well Stratum PID Blows Pen Depth (ft) (ft) Description Description Log No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 19 trace Clay 22 21 22 23 24 8"/24" 24.0-26.0 8 S-6 Medium-dense, brown SAND and 8 SILT. Trace Clay. 25 12 16 26 27 28 29 S-7 10"/24" 29.0-31.0 S-7 Same as above. 11 30 10 14 31 32 33 34.0 34 10"/24" 34.0-36.0 8 S-8 Medium-dense, dark-tan, medium SAND trace Silt to coarse SAND with some fines and 35 9 trace Silt. 14 36 37 38 39 S-9 14"/24" 39.0-41.0 S-9 Medium-dense, brown, fine SAND, SAND and SILT trace medium Sand and Silt. **GRANULAR SOILS** PROPORTIONS USED: NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) GW encountered at approximately 30'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 6

HARD

>30

Boring Log Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/3/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/7/90 **B-5A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Hendrick Street** 11/7/90 30 11/8/90 30 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows Description (ft) (ft) Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 14 41 42 43 44 S-10 12"/24" 44.0-46.0 S-10 Loose, brown, fine SAND, trace 4 medium Sand and Silt. 45 46 47 48 49.0 49 S-11 10"/24" 49.0-51.0 S-11 Medium-dense, tan, coarse SAND SAND 12 with fine to medium Sand. 50 12 14 51 52 53 54 SAND trace Silt S-12 14"/24" 54.0-56.0 20 S-12 Very dense, brown, fine SAND, 18 55 26 31 56 57 58 59 SAND S-13 4"/24" 59.0-61.0 S-13 Medium-dense, brown, fine SAND. PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1.) GW encountered at approximately 30'. V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects**

Page 3 of 6

STIFF

V.STIFF

HARD

8-15 15-30

> 30

Project: . **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/3/90 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 11/7/90 **B-5A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos **Hendrick Street** Location: 11/7/90 30 11/8/90 30 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Weli Stratum Pen Blows PID Depth Description (ft) (ft) Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 12 15 61 62 63 64 12"/24" 64.0-66.0 S-14 Medium-dense, dark-tan, medium SAND with some fine to coarse SAND. 65 8 4 66 67 68 69 SAND trace Silt S-15 12"/241 69.0-71.0 S-15 Dense, brown, fine SAND with 14 trace Silt. 70 21 23 71 72 73 74 S-16 14"/24' 74.0-76.0 16 S-16 Very dense, dark-tan, medium to fine SAND, trace coarse Sand. 75 37 43 76 77 78 79 S-17 12"/24" 79.0-81.0 S-17 Medium-dense to dense, darktan, coarse to medium SAND with PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS NOTES:** BLOWS/FT. DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) GW encountered at approximately 30'. V.LOOSE 0-4 some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M, DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 4 of 6 > 30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE**

EASTHAMPTON, MA

Ref. No.: 90072.1V

Date Started: 11/3/90

Date Finished: 11/7/90

Boring Log

B-5A

Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Elev. Depth Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Hendrick Street** 11/7/90 30 11/8/90 30 Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA

Sample	эг Туре	/Size:	1-3/8	in. ID	Split Spoor	1	Surface Elevation:		-		
Danth	Elev.			Sam	ple		S1-	log	C+-		337 11
Depth (ft)	(ft)	PiD (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol		atum ription	Well Log
						13	fine Sand.	1			
- 81 -						17					
			<u> </u>	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>					
- 82 -											
		-									
- 83 -											
- 84 -		<u> </u>	S-18	1 47/04	1 04 0 00 0	100	C 10 D 4	1			
			5-16	14 /24	84.0-86.0	10 16	S-18 Dense, tan, medium to coarse SAND with some fine Sand.	[]			
- 85 -						16					
- 86 -						18					
- 87 -		<u> </u>		-							
				<u> </u>							
- 88 -				<u> </u>							
- 89 -			0.40	107/04	89.0-90.0	16	0.40 7-11		89.0		—::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
			S-19	10 /24	89.0-90.0	16 17	S-19 Tan, medium to coarse SAND with fine Gravel, trace fines.	D' .	SAND with	Gravel	
- 90 -			S-19A	8"/24"	90.0-91.0	<u> </u>	S-19A Fine to coarse SAND with	, ,			
- 91 -						46	pebbles and cobbles (TILL).				
"						<u> </u>					
- 92 -				-	-						
					 			٠,٠,٠			
- 93 -								1.1.1			
- 94 -			2.00	207/04		40		ο .			
		<u> </u>	S-20	10"/24	94.0-96.0	18 21	S-20 Very-dense, tan, medium to coarse SAND. Some fine Sand,				
95 -						30	fine Gravel, to pebbles and				
- 96 -						36	cobbles.	1			
30 7											
- 97 -		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-						
		 		 				, ,			
- 98 -											:: ::
- 99 -									99.0		—:: ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
			S-21	2"/24'	99.0-101.0	16 21	S-21 Dense, tan, coarse to		SAND		
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	Z1	medium SAND, some fine Sand.	ا ن ن ا			

GRANUL	AR SOILS
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY
0-4	V.LOOSE
4-10	LOOSE
10-30	M.DENSE
30-50	DENSE
>50_	V.DENSE
COHESI	/E SOILS
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY
<2	V.SOFT
2-4	SOFT
4-8	M.STIFF
8-15	STIFF

V.STIFF

HARD

15-30

>30

1.) GW encountered at approximately 30'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 5 of 6

Project:

EASTHAMPTON TCE

EASTHAMPTON, MA

Ref. No.: 90072.1V Date Started: 11/3/90

Date Finished: 11/7/90

Boring Log

B-5A

Contractor/Driller:

Soil Exploration Co.

Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos

Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA

Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon

Weather;

Location: **Hendrick Street**

Surface Elevation:

Groundwater Observations Depth Elev. Date Notes 11/7/90 30 11/8/90 30

			Samı	ple			70		
(ft) (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symb	Stratum Description	Well Log
101 - 102 - 103 - 104 - 105 - 106 - 107 - 108 - 110 - 111 - 112 - 113 - 114 - 115 - 116 -		S-22	Pen /Rec.	Depth	/6" 19 19 23 31 46 40	Sample Description S-22 Very-dense, brown, fine SAND; coarse SAND. S-23 Very-dense, brown, fine SAND, some medium Sand, coarse Sand.	Symbol	Alternating coarse SAND, approx. 2.5" thick Alternating coarse SAND, approx. 2" thick 111.0 Refusal at 111'.	Well
117 - 118 -									

DENSITY BLOWS/FT. 0-4 V.LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE M.DENSE 10-30 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS DENSITY

BLOWS/FT. V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT M.STIFF 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF >30 HARD NOTES: 1.) GW encountered at approximately 30'. PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







SEA Consultants, Inc. **Engineers/Architects**

Page 6 of 6

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/7/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/8/90 **B-5B** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Hendrick Street** 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Sample Weil Elev. Stratum Pen PID Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: BLOWS/FT. DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY <2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 1 of 4 >30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/7/90 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 11/8/90 **B-5B** Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Soil Exploration Co. Contractor/Driller: Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Hendrick Street** Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well Pen PID Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log No. /6" /Rec. (ft) (ppm) 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: BLOWS/FT. DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY <2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF 4-8 **Engineers/Architects** 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 4 > 30 HARD

Project: Date Started: **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON TCE** 11/7/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/8/90 **B-5B** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos **Hendrick Street** Location: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Well Stratum PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: BLOWS/FT. DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 0-4 V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT S E A Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 3 of 4 > 30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/7/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/8/90 **B-5B** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: **Hendrick Street** Casing Type/Size: 4-1/4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Well Stratum Blows PID Pen Depth (ft) (ft) Description Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" Bottom of Well at 60'. 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 **GRANULAR SOILS** PROPORTIONS USED: NOTES: BLOWS/FT. DENSITY trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) V.LOOSE 0-4 some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects**

Page 4 of 4

8-15

15-30

>30

STIFF

HARD

V.STIFF

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE**

EASTHAMPTON, MA

Ref. No.: 90072.1V

Date Started: 10/31/90 Date Finished: 11/1/90 Boring Log

B-7

Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather:

Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos

Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon

Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel

Location: 1000' East of well

house, approx. 20'

above street

Surface Elevation:

[Proundwater	Observations	
Date	Depth	Elev.	Notes
11/1/90 ¥	7 15		
*	<u></u>		
7			

									¥		
Depth (ft)	5 1	Sample						ō	Stratum		
	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol	Str Desc	Well Log	
			S-1	6"/24"	0.0-2.0		S-1 Very loose, tan SILT,	555	0.3 TOPSOIL		,
. 1						2	fine to medium SAND.	· : · : ·	SAND		
·						2					
2 -			, <u>-</u>					.:.: i			
_				 	!						
3 -									SAND trace	e Gravel	
4 -					,						
•				<u> </u>							
5 -		<u> </u>	S-2	15"/24"	5.0-7.0	11	S-2 Medium, red-brown, fine	1			
			U-Z	15 /24	0.0-7.0	11	to medium SAND.				
6 -				····		13		· . · . ·			
- 7 -						12		[:::::]			
,											
. 8 -											
				 				[]			
- 9 -			S-3	6"/24"	9.0-11.0	13	S-3 Same as above.				
10 -						15					
10				ļ		16					
- 11 -				ļ		17					
						-		· . · . ·			
12 -					,			[···			
13 -								· . · . ·		_ ,	
. 13									SAND trace	g Gravel	
- 14 -			S-4	7"/24"	14.0-16.0	12	S-4 Medium, red-brown, fine				
			3-4	/ /24	14.0-16.0		to coarse SAND with trace				
- 15 -				 			Silt, occasional Gravel.				
4.0			-		-	13		1			
16 -							•	[···]			
- 17 -									47.5		
				 				× ; ;	17.5 SAND and	CU T	——!::目::i
- 18 -			S-5	5"/24"	18.0-20.0	12	S-5 Medium, red-brown, fine	. ×	SAND and	SILI	
.						13	SAND and SILT with trace Mica.	××			
- 19 -					-	13		x :			
						14		'.'×			<u> :: </u> :::

GRANULAR SOILS
OWS/FT. DENSITY

BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY				
0-4	V.LOOSE				
4-10	LOOSE				
10-30	M.DENSE				
30-50	DENSE				
>50	V.DENSE				
COHESIVE SOILS					
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY				
<2	V.SOFT				
2-4	SOFT				

M.STIFF

STIFF

V.STIFF

HARD

4-8

8-15 15-30

> 30

NOTES:

1.) Boring is approx. 20' above stream level.

- 2.) Stream elev. at approx. 20'.
- 3.) Samples near saturation a 29'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 1 of 3

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Ref. No.: 90072.1V Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon

Date Started: 10/31/90

Date Finished: 11/1/90

Boring Log

B-7

Weather:

1000' East of well Location:

house, approx. 20'

above street

Surface Elevation:

	Groundwater	Observations	t .
Date	Depth	Elev.	Notes
11/1/90	Z 15		
7	<u> </u>		
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	- 1			Samp	ole			=	-		
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol		atum ription	We Lo
								×·×			X.E
21 -								×··×			
22 -		:						×·×			
23 -								×			
								× · î			
24 -			S-6	4"/24"	24.0-26.0	12	S-6 Same as above.	×			
25 -						13 13		× · ·		•	
26 -					-	13		× · · ·			
ļ				-				'×			
27 -								×			
28 -								×·×			
29 -			S-7	12"/24'	29.0-31.0	4	S-7 Stiff, tan, very fine, Sandy	× × ×	29.0		::
30 -			3-7	12 /24	23.0-01.0	5	SILT with thin micaceous laminae.	× .×. ×	SANDY SIL	1	
						6	•	××')	•		
31 -								* × `			
32 -								× · ×			
33 -								^ 'x.			
								* × *			
34 -			S-8	12"/24'	34.0-36.0	5 4	S-8 Very stiff, red-tan, fine, Sandy SILT with Clayey SILT.	× ·×			
35 -						5	Carley State State Stayo, State	* * ×			
36 -						11		× × ×			
37 -	:							× · · ×	37.0		:
					·				SANDY SIL	TY CLAY	
38 -											
39 -			S-9	-	39.0-41.0		S-9 Stiff, tan, fine, Sandy,				
	NULAR			OTES			Silty CLAY.		* = -	PORTIONS US	

BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 0-4 V.LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE 10-30 M.DENSE 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50

COHESIVE SOILS DENSITY BLOWS/FT. < 2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 M.STIFF 4-8 8-15 STIFF V.STIFF 15-30 > 30 HARD 1.) Boring is approx. 20' above stream level.

- 2.) Stream elev. at approx. 20'.
- 3.) Samples near saturation a 29'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







S E A Consultants, Inc. **Engineers/Architects**

Page 2 of 3

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 10/31/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/1/90 **B-7** Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 1000' East of well 11/1/90 15 house, approx. 20' Casing Type/Size: 4 in. Steel above street Sampler Type/Size: 24 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows Log (ft) (ft) Description Description No. /6" /Rec. (ppm) (ft) 41 42.0 42 SANDY CLAYEY SILT × 43 44 S-10 14"/24" 44.0-46.0 10 S-10 Dense, red-brown, Silty CLAY, 44.5 13 fine to coarse SAND with GRAVEL and SAND with GRAVEL 45 16 pebbles. 27 46 47 S-11 10"/24' 47.0-48.3 S-11 Very dense, red-tan, medium to coarse SAND with fine SAND and 1" 48.2 48 100/3 layers of red-tan, fine, Sandy SILT. Casing Refusal at 47.5'. 49 Spoon Refusal at 48.25'. 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1.) Boring is approx. 20' above stream level. V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 2.) Stream elev. at approx. 20'. 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 3.) Samples near saturation a 29'. M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS

DENSITY BLOWS/FT. V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT M.STIFF 4-8

STIFF

V.STIFF

HARD

8-15

15-30

> 30







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 3 of 3

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/2/90 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/2/90 Ref. No.: 90072.1V · Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Elev. Notes Depth Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: So. Co. Road and Cook Road 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) TOPSOIL 10"/24 0,0-2,0 S-1 Black-brown, Silty, fine SAND. S-1 2 ALLUVIUM: SAND 1 1 2 2 3 4 5.0 5 5.0-7.0 S-2 ALLUVIUM: Very loose, tan-brown, S-2 18"/241 ALLUVIUM: SAND with Silty, fine to medium SAND with trace 7 **GRAVEL** 6 coarse SAND. 3 7 8 9.0 9 8"/24" 9.0-11.0 S-3 ALLUVIUM: Medium, red-tan, gravelly, ALLUVIUM: SAND with 8 fine to coarse SAND and trace Silt. trace Silt 10 8 12 11 12 13 14 14.0-16.0 S-4 ALLUVIUM: Same appearance, pebbley 0"/24" 13 and cobbley. 15 6 6 16 17 18.0 18 SANDY SILT 19 S-5 0"/24" 19.0-21.0 S-5 Medium, red-brown, fine, Sandy SILT. PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) DENSE 30-50 >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT E A Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 1 of 2 HARD > 30

Boring Log Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 11/2/90 EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 11/2/90 **B-8** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: So. Co. Road and Cook Road 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Sample Well Depth Elev. Stratum PID Depth Blows Pen Description (ft) (ft) Description Log No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 6 21 22 23 24.0 24 S-6 0"/24" 24.0-26.0 5 S-6 Same as above. Sample attempt: 4 24 to 26', No Recovery 25 3 Bottom of Boring at 24'. 4 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V,LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M,DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS DENSITY BLOWS/FT. <2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT S E A Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF 4-8 Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 2 > 30 HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 4/3/91 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/8/91 B-9A Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 126 Hendrick Street 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" TOPSOIL 1.0 1 SAND 2 3 1.2'/2' 4.0-6.0 S-1 Very dense, brown, very, very fine SAND to fine SAND. 5 28 6 7 8 9 SAND 1.4'/2' 9.0-11.0 S-2 Dense, brown, fine SAND, 18 trace very fine Sand and med-10 ium Sand. 17 19 11 12 13 14 1.5'/2' 14.0-16.0 S-3 Very dense, brown, fine SAND, trace medium Sand. 25 15 23 28 16 17 18 19 .3'/2' 19.0-21.0 S-4 18 S-4 Medium dense, brown, fine to medium SAND. PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 1 of 7 > 30 HARD

Date Started: 4/3/91 Project: **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 4/8/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA B-9A 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 126 Hendrick Street Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log (ppm) /6" /Rec. (ft) 18 22 21 22 23 24 S-5 .5'/2' 24.0-26.0 20 S-5 Medium dense, brown, fine SAND, trace medium to coarse 17 SAND 25 14 SAND. 12 26 27 28 29 .9'/2' 29.0-31.0 S-6 Medium dense, brown, fine SAND, trace very fine Sand and 12 30 11 medium Sand. 31 32 33 34 34.0-36.0 9 S-7 Medium dense, brown, fine S-7 SAND (wash water only). No 35 Sample. 6 36 37 38 39 .9'/2' 39.0-41.0 S-8 Loose to medium dense, brown, medium to fine SAND, trace coarse PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE > 50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF 4-8 Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 7

> 30

HARD

Boring Log Project: Date Started: 4/3/91 **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 4/8/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-9A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 126 Hendrick Street 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 5 Sand. 6 41 42 43 44 S-9 .7'/2' 44.0-46.0 8 S-9 Medium dense, brown, medium to fine SAND. 45 10 SAND 46 47 48 49 .9'/2' 49.0-51.0 S-10 16 S-10 Medium dense, brown, fine SAND, 17 trace very fine Sand. 50 17 20 51 52 53 54 S-11 .6'/2' 54.0-56.0 10 S-11 Medium dense, brown, medium to coarse SAND, some fine Sand. 11 55 10 12 56 57 58 59.0 59 59.0-61.0 S-12 S-12 Loose, brown, coarse SAND and SAND, GRAVEL and GRAVEL and COBBLES, some fine to PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF

Page 3 of 7

15-30

>30

V.STIFF

HARD

Project: EASTHAMPTON TCE
EASTHAMPTON, MA
Ref. No.: 90072.1V

Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co.
Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos
Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA
Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon

Date Started: 4/3/91
Date Finished: 4/8/91

Boring Log

B-9A

ntractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather:

gineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 126 Hendrick Street

sing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA

mpler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation:

				Samı	pl e			등	_	ľ
epth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol	Stratum Description	, V
						4	medium Sand.	.0	COBBLES	::]
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62						ļ		ادنا		
			i							
33 -				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 			•	
								٥		
34 -			S-13	.3'/2'	64.0-66.0	10	S-13 Medium dense, brown, coarse			
						9	GRAVEL, COBBLES, some coarse Sand,	٩		
55 -						7	trace medium to fine Sand.	۰ ه		
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s9 -			S-14	<u> </u>	69.0-71.0	9	S-14 Medium dense, brown SAND, trace	, 0, .,		
			3-14		03.0-71.0	9	fine to medium Sand.	1	SAND	::
0 -						12				
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١ ١			S-15	.4'/2'	74.0-76.0	13 16	S-15 Dense, brown, coarse to medium SAND and some fine Sand.	1:::		:::
5 -	ļ					20	SAND and some tine sand.	1		<u>, • ,</u>
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8 1	}									
	ł							[]	79.0	
9 -			S-16	.1'/2'	79.0-81.0	11	S-16 Dense, brown, fine to coarse	0 0	GRAVEL	
							GRAVEL (anything else fell out).			

GRANULAR SOILS DENSITY BLOWS/FT. 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 4-8 M.STIFF 8-15 STIFF V.STIFF 15-30

HARD

> 30

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 4 of 7

Boring Log Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 4/3/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/8/91 **B-9A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos 126 Hendrick Street Location: Casing Type/Size: 4 in, ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows Description (ft) (ft) Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 20 Ö 21 81 82 83 84.0 84 S-17 84.0-86.0 S-17 Medium dense, brown, medium to 8 SAND and GRAVEL coarse SAND and GRAVEL, trace fines, 85 10 (wash water only). 8 86 87 88 89 .2'/2' 89.0-91.0 S-18 Very loose, brown, medium to coarse SAND and GRAVEL with trace to 5 90 3 some fine Sand (last 6": seemed to 3 be a hole.) 91 92 93 94 94.0-96.0 S-19 Dense, brown, fine to coarse S-19 .6'/2' 16 SAND SAND, trace coarse Sand. 20 95 24 22 96 97 98 99 S-20 99.0-101.0 S-20 Dense, brown, medium SAND, trace fine to coarse Sand. PROPORTIONS USED: NOTES: **GRANULAR SOILS** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) DENSITY BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M, DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY <2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 **V.STIFF** Page 5 of 7 HARD >30

Boring Log Date Started: 4/3/91 Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 4/8/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA B-9A Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 126 Hendrick Street Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description (ft) (ft) No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 25 101 102 SAND 103 104 S-21 .4'/2' 104.0-106.0 S-21 Dense, brown, coarse SAND, some medium Sand, trace fine Sand. 105 34 33 106 107 108 109 09.0-111.0 S-22 Dense, brown, medium to coarse S-22 SAND, some fine Sand. (Wash water only). 27 110 26 18 111 112 113 114.0 114 S-23 14.0-116.0 S-23 Medium dense, brown, (first one SAND and GRAVEL empty) coarse to medium SAND and GRAVEL, 115 some fine Sand. 12 116 117 118 119 S-24 1.1'/2' 19.0-121.0 S-24 Very dense, brown, coarse SAND and GRAVEL with cobbles, trace fine to PROPORTIONS USED: NOTES: GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE 0-4

4-10 LOOSE 10-30 M.DENSE 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT <2 2-4 SOFT 4-8 M.STIFF STIFF 8-15

> 15-30 > 30

V.STIFF

HARD

trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







Notes

Well

Log

SEA Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

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Date Started: 4/3/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 4/8/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-9A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 126 Hendrick Street 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Sample Depth Elev. Stratum Well Pen PID Blows Depth (ft) (ft) Description Description No. Log /6" /Rec. (ppm) (ft) 25 medium Sand. 26 121 122 SAND and GRAVEL 123 124.0 124 S-25 Drove casing but couldn't obtain S-25 Bottom of Boring at 124'. Spoon Sample. Sand kept blowing back into 125 casing. (Wash water was coarse to fine SAND and GRAVEL - possibly TILL). 126 127 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 2-4 SOFT 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 7 of 7 > 30 HARD

Boring Log Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 4/8/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/8/91 **B-9B** 90072.1V Ref. No.: **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Sample Well Elev. Stratum PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 1 2 3 4 SAND 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 0-4 V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY <2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 1 of 3 >30 HARD

Date Started: 4/8/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 4/8/91 **EASTHAMPTON, MA B-9B** 90072.1V Ref. No .: Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Sample Stratum Well Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) Description Description (ft) No. Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 SAND 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) DENSITY BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY <2 V.SOFT 2-4 SOFT S E A Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 2 of 3 HARD >30

Projec	ct:				N TCE N, MA		Date Started: Date Finished				Boring Lo	g	
Ref. I	Vo.:	9007			1, MA		Date i illistico	. 41013			B-9B	<u>.</u>	
Contra	ctor/Dr	iller:	Soil Ex	plorati	on Co.		Weather:	Date		indwater Depth	Observations Elev.		otes
Engine	er/Geol	logist:	Kosta	Exarho	ulakos		Location:	Date	 ,	zehru	CIGA.	140	7103
Casing	Type/	Size:	4 in. Il) HSA					*				
Sample	эг Туре	/Size:	1-3/8	in. Spli	t Spoon		Surface Elevation:		*		:		
				Sam	ole			9	<u>.</u>		_		
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol			etum cription		Well Log
41 -													
42 -							·		•				
- 43 -													
1													
- 44 -			S-1	1.2'/2'	44.0-46.0	7	S-1 Dense, brown, medium to fine SAND, some coarse Sand.						
- 45 -					<u> </u>	12	JOANS, some coarse dand.	[::::]					: 目::
- 46 -						20							
- 47 -													
				<u> </u>						÷			:目:
- 48 -													
- 49 -			S-2		49.0-51.0	8	S-2 Medium dense, brown, medium						
- 50 -						12	to coarse SAND, some fine Sand. (Wash water only).						
- 51 -						6			51.0				::目::
									I	Bottom of	Boring at 51'.		
- 52 -													
- 53 -		-											
- 54 -					i								:昌:
- 55 -													
- 56 -													
- 57 -						-							
- 58 -				ļ									
- 59 -													
			<u> </u>				<u></u>						
GR/ BLOWS	NULAR	SOILS		OTES	S:						PORTIONS Use (0-10%), little		20%)
0-4		V.LOO	SE							son	те (20-35%), а	nd (35	-50%)
4-10 10-3		LOO M.DEN									n (Amount of c included)	ompor	ent
30-5 >50	0	DEN V.DEN	SE										
CO	HESIVE	SOILS											
BLOWS < 2		V.SO										A K	
2-4 4-8	.	SO M.STI								s	E A Consult Engineers/Ar	ants,	inc.
8-15	5	STI	FF							-			
15-3 >30		V.STI HAI									Page 3	of 3	

Boring Log Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 4/24/91 Date Finished: 4/29/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA B-9C Ref. No .: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Weather: Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Approx, 13 Brook 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Well Depth Sample Stratum Elev. Blows PID Pen Depth Description Description (ft) (ft) Log No. /6" (ft) (ppm) /Rec. 1 2 3 4 SAND 4.0-6.0 17 S-1 Medium dense, brown, fine 1.1'/2' to medium SAND. 14 5 14 13 6 7 8 9 SAND trace Clay S-2 2.2'/2' 9.0-11.0 S-2 Medium dense, grey-brown, 5 SILT to fine SAND, trace Clay. 5 10 5 11 12 13 SAND 14 14.0-16.0 15 S-3 Dense, brown, fine to med-1'/2' S-3 ium SAND, trace coarse Sand. 16 15 17 21 16 17 18 SAND trace Silt 19 .8'/2' 19.0-21.0 S-4 Medium dense, brown, fine S-4 SAND, trace Silt and medium 12 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. **Engineers/Architects** M.STIFF 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V,STIFF Page 1 of 7 HARD > 30

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 4/24/91 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 4/29/91 **B-9C** Ref. No .: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Approx. 13 Brook Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Depth Sample . Stratum Well Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description Log No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 13 Sand. 16 21 22 23 24.0 24 1.15'/2 24.0-26.0 S-5 Dense, brown, very fine SAND SAND and SILT and SILT. 13 25 15 17 26 27 28 29 1.6'/2' 29.0-31.0 S-6 Dense, brown, very fine SAND 4 and SILT, trace Clay? 8 30 14 21 31 32 33 34.0 34 S-7 Medium dense, brown, fine SAND 34.0-36.0 9 S-7 SAND (wash water only). 11 35 13 15 36 37 38 39.0 39 5-8 39.0-41.0 S-8 Medium dense, brown, (empty on SAND, SILT and CLAY × first and repounded) very fine SAND, PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V,LOOSE 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT S E A Consultants, Inc. **Engineers/Architects** M.STIFF 4-8 8-15 STIFF 15-30 **V.STIFF** Page 2 of 7 HARD >30

Date Started: 4/24/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 4/29/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA B-9C Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Elev. Notes Depth Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Approx. 13 Brook Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows Description (ft) (ft) Description Log No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 10 SILT and CLAY. 11 41 42 43 44.0 44 S-9 Dense, brown, fine SAND and SILT S-9 44.0-46.0 12 SAND and SILT (wash water only). 17 45 20 27 46 47 48 49.0 49 S-10 1.2'/2' 49.0-51.0 10 S-10 Dense, brown, very fine SAND. SAND 17 50 21 25 51 52 53 54 S-11 54.0-56.0 11 S-11 Dense, brown, very fine SAND (wash water only). 15 55 21 24 56 57 58 SAND trace Silt 59 S-12 Dense, brown, very fine SAND, 5-12 .2'/2' 59.0-61.0 18 21 trace Silt. PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 SEA Consultants, Inc. 2-4 SOFT **Engineers/Architects** M.STIFF 4-8 STIFF 8-15 15-30 V.STIFF Page 3 of 7 HARD > 30

Projec		EAST	THAN	IPTO	N TCE N, MA		Date Started: Date Finished		91		Boring Lo		
Contra	ctor/D	riller:	Soil Ex	cplorati	on Co.		Weather:	Date			Observations		
Engine	er/Geo	logist:	Kosta	Exerho	ulakos		Location: Approx. 13 Brook	Date	_ Der ▼	otn	Elev.	No	otes
Casing	Type/	Size:	4 in. II	D HSA			Street		¥				
Sample	эг Турс	/Size:	1-3/8	in. ID S	Split Spoor	1	Surface Elevation:		<u> </u>				
		T		Samp	ole				-¥-				,
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	ī	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol			atum :ription		Well Log
1			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		24							
- 61 -													
- 62 -						-					·		
60						 	•						
- 63 -						<u> </u>	·	.:::					
- 64 -			S-13	 	64.0-66.0	12	S-13 Very dense, very fine SAND,		SAI	ND trace	s Sift		
- 65 -						18	trace Silt.						
	•	-	-	<u> </u>		26 36							
- 66 -													
- 67 -													
												!	
- 68 -								\:\:\	69.0				
- 69 -		ļ	S-14	1.9'/2'	69.0-71.0	9	S-14 Dense, brown, very fine SAND	×		ND and	SILT.		
- 70 -						13	and SILT, trace Clay.	.∵×		e Clay	O.L.I,		
,0				ļ		19 27		::×					
71 -						-		*.·×					
- 72 -							,	× · ×					
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73 -								×	74.0				
- 74 -			S-15	1:2'/2'	74.0-76.0	17	S-15 Dense, brown, fine to coarse	· ×	74.0 SAI	תע			
						20	Sand, trace very fine Sand.	···	OA!			;	
- 75 -						21							
- 76 -		-	-	-		20		: : :					
- 77 -								[···]					
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			-		l					
- 78 -						<u> </u>		· : · : ·					
- 79 -			S-16	.9'/2'	79.0-81.0	20	S-16 Very dense, brown, very fine to medium SAND.						
GRA	NULAF	SOILS	l N	OTES	: S:	1 22	to medium sand.				PORTIONS U		
BLOWS	/FT.	DENSI	TY								e (0-10%), littl		
0-4 4-10		V.L00									e (20-35%), a (Amount of c		
10-3	0	M.DEN	SE								included)		<u> </u>
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4-8		M.STI								1	Engineers/Ar	chite	cts
8-15 15-3		STI V.STI									Page 4	of 7	
> 30		НΔІ								1	. 250 -	~· ·	

Date Started: 4/24/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/29/91 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Contractor/Driller: Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Approx. 13 Brook 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Sample Stratum Well Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description (ft) (ft) Log /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 24 27 81 82 83 84 S-17 84.0-86.0 S-17 Dense, brown, interbedded, fine to coarse SAND. 20 85 19 23 86 87 88 89 S-18 Very dense, brown, fine to med-S-18 .8'/2' 89.0-91.0 37 ium SAND, trace coarse Sand. 90 38 45 91 92 93 SAND trace Silt 94 94.0-96.0 22 S-19 Very dense, brown, very fine to fine SAND, trace Silt. 27 95 30 30 96 97 98 SAND trace Gravel 99 S-20 .5'/2' 99.0-101.0 S-20 Medium dense, brown, medium to coarse SAND, trace fine SAND and PROPORTIONS USED: NOTES: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component M.DENSE 10-30 not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS DENSITY BLOWS/FT. <2 V.SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 2-4 SOFT M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects** 4-8 STIFF 8-15 Page 5 of 7 15-30 V.STIFF > 30 HARD

Project: Date Started: 4/24/91 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/29/91 B-9C Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Approx. 13 Brook Street Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description No. Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 10 GRAVEL, 15 101 102 103 104 104.0-106.0 S-21 Dense, brown, coarse to medium SAND, trace fine Sand and Gravel. 105 18 18 106 107 108 109 .6'/2' 109.0-111.0 19 S-22 Very dense, brown, coarse to medium SAND, trace fine Sand and 110 26 Gravel. 27 111 112 113 114.0 114 S-23 .8'/2' | 14.0-116.Q 21 S-23 Very dense, brown, fine to SAND and SILT medium SAND with coarse SAND 115 28 interbedded, very fine SAND and 35 SILT. 116 117 118 119.0 119 S-24 |.65'/2' | 19.0-121.0 S-24 Very dense, brown, medium to SAND and GRAVEL coarse SAND and GRAVEL, trace fine 33 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. | DENSITY V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT EA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 6 of 7 HARD > 30

Projec		EAS		IPTO	N TCE N, MA				Date Sta Date Fin						ing Lo	_	
Ref. I					_			······				Gr	oundwat				
Contra				-	on Co. ulakos		Weather: Location:	Anneny	13 Brook		Date		Depth		lev.		otes
Casing				D HSA			Location:	Street	13 Block			<u>¥</u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	 	
					Split Spoor	1	Surface El	evation:				<u> </u>	•				
-		T		Sam			1	_	•			T *					<u> </u>
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6*		San Descr			Symbol			Stratum escriptio			Well Log
•						34 30	SAND. (Tip of the Till).	of spoon ap	pears to be			121.0)				
121 -							1				7.3		Bottom	of Boring	at 121'.		
- 122 -				 	 								•		•		
- 123 -			-												•	•	
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- 125 -															-		
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GRA	ANULAF	SOILS	<u> </u>	I IOTES	! S:		<u> </u>					<u>!</u>			TIONS		
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30-5 > 50 CO BLOWS < 2 2-4 4-8 8-15	HESIVE	DENS V.SC SC M.ST	ITY OFT OFT					·						S E A Engir	Consul neers/A	tants	, Inc.
15-3	10	V,ST												P	age 7	of 7	

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EASTHAMPTON TCE Date Started: 3/27/91 **Boring Log** Project: Date Finished: 3/29/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-10A** 90072.1V Ref. No.: **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Tautznik 3/29/91 11.75 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) Description Description (ft) Log No. (ft) /6" (ppm) /Rec. Brown, fine SAND and GRAVEL to cobble size. 1 SAND and GRAVEL 2 3 1,1'/2' S-1 Medium dense, brown, fine to coarse SAND and GRAVEL to 8 5 6 cobble size. 7 6 7 8 9 9.0-11.0 S-2 Medium dense, brown, fine to .2'/2' coarse SAND and GRAVEL to cobble 10 10 11 18 SAND and GRAVEL 11 12 13 14.0 14 14.0-16.0 S-3 Loose, brown, medium SAND with SAND 6 some fine Sand and trace coarse 15 5 Sand and fine Gravel. 5 16 17 18 19 1.6'/2' 19.0-21.0 S-4 Medium dense, brown, fine to medium SAND with trace very fine, 4 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS 1.) 0'-11' appears to be overburden for grading purposes. trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 2.) Encountered GW at 11.75'. 4-10 LOOSE with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. 2-4 SOFT

4-8

8-15 15-30

> 30

M.STIFF STIFF

V,STIFF

HARD

Engineers/Architects

Page 1 of 5

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 3/27/91 **Boring Log EASTHAMPTON, MA** Date Finished: 3/29/91 **B-10A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Notes Flav. Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exerhoulakos Location: Tautznik 3/29/91 11.75 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) (ft) Description Description No. Log (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" coarse Sand. 21 22 SAND 23 24 S-5 1'/2' 24.0-26.0 9 S-5 Medium dense, brown, medium SAND with some fine to coarse SAND. 7 25 9 26 27 28 29 S-6 .3'/2' 29.0-31.0 6 S-6 Loose, brown, very fine and fine 5 SAND, trace medium Sand. 30 6 3 31 32 33 34.0 34 34.0-36.0 13 S-7 Dense, brown, coarse SAND and SAND and GRAVEL fine GRAVEL with trace fine to medium 13 35 14 20 36 37 38 39 39.0-41.0 S-8 Dense, brown, very coarse SAND and GRAVEL with cobbles. 21 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) 0'-11' appears to be overburden for grading purposes. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 0-4 V.LOOSE some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 2.) Encountered GW at 11.75'. LOOSE with (Amount of component 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS DENSITY BLOWS/FT. < 2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 SEA Consultants, Inc. 4-8 M.STIFF **Engineers/Architects**

Page 2 of 5

8-15

15-30

> 30

STIFF V.STIFF

HARD

Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Started: 3/27/91 **Boring Log** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 3/29/91 **B-10A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V **Groundwater Observations** Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Tautznik Location: 3/29/91 11.75 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Depth Elev. Sample Stratum Well PID Pen Depth Blows (ft) Description (ft) . Description Log No. /Rec. (ft) /6" (ppm) 20 SAND and GRAVEL 21 41 42 43 44 .1'/2' 44.0-46.0 13 S-9 Medium dense, brown, very coarse 14 SAND and GRAVEL. 45 14 14 46 47 48 49 .6'/2' 49.0-51.0 S-10 Medium dense, brown, medium to 6 coarse SAND and GRAVEL with some fine 50 6 Sand. 9 51 52 53 54.0 54 S-11 |1.2'/2' | 54.0-56.0 S-11 Medium dense, brown, very fine 8 SAND SAND. 55 6 8 56 57 58 59 S-12 1.05'/2 59.0-61.0 S-12 Medium dense, brown, very fine to medium SAND. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1.) 0'-11' appears to be overburden for grading purposes. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE 2.) Encountered GW at 11.75'. LOOSE 4-10 with (Amount of component 10-30 M.DENSE not included) 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 2-4 SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. M.STIFF 4-8 Engineers/Architects 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 3 of 5 > 30 HARD

Project: EASTHAMPTON TCE
EASTHAMPTON, MA
Ref. No.: 90072.1V

Date Started: 3/27/91

Date Finished: 3/29/91

Boring Log

B-10A

Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co.

Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos

Weather: Location:

Tautznik

Groundwater Observations

Date Depth Elev. Notes
3/29/91

✓ 11.75

Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA

Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon

Surface Elevation:

Sample	at Type,	JI26.	. 0,0		-pp	•	Carrato Licration		¥		
				Sam	ple			0		_	
Depth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol		atum ription	Well Log
						9					
- 61 -				-		9					
ا ۾ ا								1:::			
62 -						<u> </u>					
- 63 -											
- 64 -									SAND		
04			S-13	.8'/2'	64.0-66.0	7	S-13 Medium dense, brown, medium to	1			
- 65 -				<u> </u>		7	coarse SAND with trace to some fine Sand.	· : · : ·			
						5					
- 66 -											
- 67 -						ļ					
١ ,, ا											
- 68 -				Ĺ				1::::			(:国:
- 69 -			S-14	1'/2'	69,0-71.0	16	S-14 Dense, brown, fine to medium SAND.				
- 70 -						15					
[/]				<u> </u>		30					
71 -					 	30					
- 72 -							•				
[/2]								:::			
73 -											
- 74 -											
/* ·			S-15	0'/2'	74.0-76.0	12 15	S-15 Very dense, brown, fine to medium SAND (wash water only).				
- 75 -			-			20	SAND (Wash Water only).				
- 76 -						34	·	\:\:\:\:\:\:\:\:\!			
[/]				ļ		ļ <u>.</u>					
- 77 -											
- 78 -								:::		•	
′° ¯				<u> </u>						•	
79 -		-	S-16	1.1'/2'	79.0-81.0	12	S-16 Very dense, brown, medium to coarse				
					·	18	SAND with some fine to medium Sand layers.				<u> ∷ ∃</u> ∷

GRANULAR SULS										
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY									
0-4	V.LOOSE									
4-10	LOOSE									
10-30	M.DENSE									
30-50	DENSE									
>50	V.DENSE									
COHESIN	/E SOILS									
BLOWS/FT.	DENSITY									
< 2	V.SOFT									
2-4	SOFT									

4-8 8-15

15-30

>30

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

STIFF

HARD

NOTES:
1.) 0'-11' appears to be overburden for grading purposes.

2.) Encountered GW at 11.75'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 4 of 5

Boring Log EASTHAMPTON TCE Date Started: 3/27/91 Project: Date Finished: 3/29/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-10A** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Date Depth Elev. Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Tautznik 3/29/91 11.75 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Sample Stratum Depth. Elev. Blows PID Pen Depth Description Description (ft) (ft) No. /Rec. (ft) /6" (ppm) 29 33 81.0 81 Refusal at 81'. 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98

GRANULAR SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE 10-30 M.DENSE 30-50 DENSE V,DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS

99

BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SOFT 2-4 4-8 M.STIFF 8-15 STIFF V.STIFF 15-30 HARD > 30

NOTES:

1.) 0'-11' appears to be overburden for grading purposes.

2.) Encountered GW at 11.75'.

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%)

some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







Notes

Well

Log

SEA Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 5 of 5

Date Started: 4/1/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/2/91 **B-10B** 90072.1V Ref. No.: **Groundwater Observations** Weather: Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Tautznik 13.45 Location: 4/2/91 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Stratum Well Depth Sample Elev. Pen Blows PID Depth Description Log Description (ft) (ft) No. /6" /Rec. (ppm) (ft) TOPSOIL TOPSOIL - Fine SAND. 1.0 1 SAND 2 3 4.0 4 .9'/2' 4.0-6.0 6 S-1 Very dense, brown, fine SAND and GRAVEL SAND over medium to coarse 8 5 29 SAND and GRAVEL. 36 6 7 8 9.0 9 .8'/2' 9.0-11.0 S-2 Dense, brown, fine to SAND medium SAND. 16 10 15 16 11 12 13 14 .6'/2' 14.0-16.0 S-3 Medium dense to loose, 7 **\$-3** brown, fine to medium SAND. 15 SAND 5 16 .17 18 19 .9'/2' 19.0-21.0 10 S-4 Medium dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, trace very fine PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) Encountered GW at 13.45'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE with (Amount of component LOOSE 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY < 2 V.SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. SOFT 2-4 Engineers/Architects M.STIFF 4-8 8-15 STIFF Page 1 of 5 V.STIFF 15-30

> 30

HARD

Date Started: 4/1/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/2/91 **B-10B** 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Notes Tautznik Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 13.45 4/2/91 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Sample Well Stratum Elev. Depth Pen Depth Blows (ft) Description Description⁻ Log (ft) No. (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 8 Sand. 8 21 SAND 22 23 24 .7'/2' 24.0-26.0 S-5 Medium dense, brown, medium 6 to fine SAND. 25 7 26 27 28 29 S-6 Medium dense, brown, medium .8'/2' 29.0-31.0 10 SAND with some fine Sand. 13 30 13 12 31 32 33 34.0 34 1.2'/2' 34.0-36.0 S-7 Medium dense, brown, fine to SAND, trace Silt 3 medium SAND with trace Silt and and Clay 35 Clay. 6 13 36 37 38 SAND, some Silt 39 1.1'/2' 39.0-41.0 6 S-8 Medium dense, brown, some red, trace Clay fine SAND, trace medium SAND with PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) BLOWS/FT. DENSITY 1.) Encountered GW at 13.45'. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 LOOSE with (Amount of component 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE 30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY

SEA Consultants, Inc.

Engineers/Architects

Page 2 of 5

V,SOFT

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

SOFT

STIFF

HARD

< 2

2-4

4-8

8-15

15-30

> 30

Date Started: 4/1/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 4/2/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-10B** 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Elev. Depth Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Tautznik 4/2/91 13.45 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Stratum Well Sample Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description Log (ft) (ft) . No. (ft) /6" (ppm) /Rec. 6 some Silt and trace Clay. 41 42 43 44 1'/2' 44.0-46.0 12 S-9 Medium dense to dense, fine SAND with some medium Sand and 14 45 15 some Silt layers. 16 46 SAND, trace to 47 some Silt 48 49 S-10 Dense, brown, fine SAND, trace S-10 |1.4'/2' | 49.0-51.0 8 to some Silt. 5 50 13 21 51 52 53 54.0 54 S-11 Dense, brown, fine SAND and SAND and SILT S-11 54.0-56.0 13 SILT, trace medium Sand. 10 55 16 19 56 57 58 59.0 59 S-12 1.6'/2' 59.0-61.0 12 S-12 Dense, brown, fine to medium SAND 16 SAND, some coarse Sand. PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) Encountered GW at 13.45'. DENSITY BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE with (Amount of component 4-10 LOOSE not included) 10-30 M.DENSE DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 SEA Consultants, Inc. SOFT 2-4 **Engineers/Architects** 4-8 M.STIFF R-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF Page 3 of 5

HARD

> 30

Date Started: 4/1/91 **Boring Log** Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 4/2/91 **B-10B** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Depth Elev. Notes Location: Tautznik Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos 4/2/91 13.45 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Stratum Well Sample Depth Elèv. Pen PID Depth Blows Description Description Log (ft) (ft) No. /6" /Rec. (ft) (ppm) 21 22 61 62 63 64 .7'/2' 64.0-66.0 S-13 6 S-13 Medium dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, trace coarse Sand. 8 65 10 9 66 67 68 SAND trace Gravel 69 S-14 69.0-71.0 S-14 Dense, brown, coarse to medium SAND, trace Gravel, some fine Sand. 14 70 21 71 72 73 74 SAND 74.0-76.0 38 S-15 Very dense, brown, fine to S-15 1.3'/2' 33 coarse SAND. 75 37 64 76 77 78 79.0 79 S-16 Very dense, brown, fine to S-16 1.7'/2' 79.0-81.0 SAND and GRAVEL coarse SAND and GRAVEL. PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) DENSITY 1.) Encountered GW at 13.45'. BLOWS/FT. some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE with (Amount of component LOOSE 4-10 10-30 M.DENSE

30-50 DENSE >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 SOFT 2-4 4-8 M.STIFF 8-15 STIFF 15-30 V.STIFF

HARD

> 30







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 4 of 5

Boring Log EASTHAMPTON TCE Date Started: 4/1/91 Project: Date Finished: 4/2/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-10B** Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Date Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Tautznik 13.45 4/2/91 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Stratum Well Sample Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description Log (ft) (ft) No. (ppm) /Rec. (ft) /6" 67 68 81 oʻ 82 83 84 84.0-85.0 76 No Sample. . 'a 85.0 120 85 Refusal at 85'. 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) Encountered GW at 13.45'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) 0-4 V.LOOSE LOOSE with (Amount of component 4-10 not included) 10-30 M.DENSE DENSE 30-50 >50 V.DENSE COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY

SEA Consultants, Inc.

Engineers/Architects

Page 5 of 5

V.SOFT

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

HARD

SOFT

STIFF

< 2

2-4

4-8 8-15

15-30

> 30

Project: EAST

EASTHAMPTON TCE

EASTHAMPTON, MA

Ref. No.: 90072.1V

Date Started: 3/25/91

Date Finished: 3/27/91

Boring Log

B-11A

Groundwater Observations Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Contractor/Driller: Depth Elev. Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Pines Well 3/27/91 10.32 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation:

				Samp	le			-]
epth (ft)	Elev. (ft)	PID (ppm)	No.	Pen /Rec.	Depth (ft)	Blows /6"	Sample Description	Symbol	Stratum Description	We Lo
							TOPSOIL		TOPSOIL	13.
1 -	:									
•				<u>-</u>			_	.	1.5	——————————————————————————————————————
2 -	!								SAND some Gravel	
					·					
3 -			•							
4										
4.]			S-1	9"/24"	4.0-6.0	14	S-1 Medium, brown SAND, some			
5 -	:				·	14 23	coarse Sand and Gravel, small cobbles, trace fine Sand.			
					·	26	CODDIES, LIACE IIIIE SAIM.			
6 -				1						
_					·					
7										
8 -										
				-						
9 -			S-2	8"/24"	9,0-11.0	7	S-2 Medium dense, brown, fine		SAND, trace Gravel	
	,				-	5	to coarse SAND with trace fine		and Silt	::
10 -			-			8	Gravel and Silt.			
11 -						8				
' '				<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>				
2 -				<u> </u>						
						ļ				
13 -										
		<u> </u>							14.0	
14 -			S-3	6"/24"	14.0-16.0	8	S-3 Medium dense, brown, fine	0	SAND over SAND	
15 -						4	SAND over coarse SAND and GRAVEL.		and GRAVEL	
. •						7	GHAVEL.			
16 -						i '				
		-				1		0.		
17 -								0		
18 -										
10 -						ļ <u>-</u>			19.0	
19 -		<u> </u>	S-4	ļ	19.0-21.0	7	S-4 Dense, brown SAND (wash		SAND	 ::
	í	1	3-4	1	1 13.0-21.0		10 4 601100, 8104411 00110 (1144411		JAND	14 4

GRANULAR SOILS DENSITY BLOWS/FT. V.LOOSE 4-10 LOOSE M.DENSE 10-30 DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2

SOFT

STIFF

HARD

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

2-4

4-8 8-15

15-30

> 30

1.) Encountered GW at 10.32'.

trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component not included)







S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 1 of 5

Boring Log Date Started: 3/25/91 Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Date Finished: 3/27/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-11A** 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Weather: Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Date Depth Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Pines Well Location: 3/27/91 10.32 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Well Stratum Sample Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description[®] Log Description (ft) (ft) No. /6" (ppm) /Rec. (ft) 13 21.0 18 21 SAND and SILT 22 23 24 1.5'/2' 24.0-26.0 14 S-5 Medium dense, brown, very fine SAND and SILT. 9 25 9 16 26 27 SAND and SILT 28 29 1.1'/2' 29.0-31.0 S-6 Medium dense to dense, brown, very fine SAND and 30 SILT. 18 31 32 33 34.0 34 1.1'/2' 34.0-36.0 S-7 Medium dense, brown, fine SAND 9 SAND, trace medium to coarse 8 35 Sand. 7 9 36 37 38 39.0 39 .9'/2' 39.0-41.0 S-8 Medium dense, brown, fine SAND interbedded with to medium SAND interbedded with PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) Encountered GW at 10.32'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE 0-4 with (Amount of component 4-10 LOOSE M.DENSE 10-30 DENSE 30-50 >50 V.DENSE

COHESIVE SOILS

DENSITY V.SOFT

SOFT

STIFF

HARD

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

BLOWS/FT.

< 2

2.4

4-8 8-15

15-30

> 30





S E A Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 2 of 5

Date Started: 3/25/91 Project: **EASTHAMPTON TCE** EASTHAMPTON, MA Date Finished: 3/27/91 Ref. No.: 90072.1V Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Date Depth Elev. Location: Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Pines Well 10.32 3/27/91 Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Stratum Sample Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description (ft) (ft) No. /6" /Rec. (ft) (ppm) coarse SAND and GRAVEL. Sand and Gravel 10 14 41 42 43 44.0 44 1.6'/2' 44.0-46.0 S-9 Medium dense, brown, very 9 SAND with SILT, fine SAND with SILT and trace 8 trace Gravel 45 9 14 46 47 48 SAND with SILT 49 S-10 .9'/2' 49.0-51.0 11 S-10 Medium dense, brown, very 11 fine SAND with SILT and some 50 medium Sand. 11 11 51 52 53 SAND and SILT 54 S-11 |1.1'/2' | 54.0-56.0 16 S-11 Dense, brown, very fine SAND 17 and SILT, grading to coarse Sand 55 20 and back to very fine Sand. 56.0 28 56 SAND 57 58 59 S-12 59.0-61.0 S-12 Medium dense, brown, fine

Boring Log

B-11A

Notes

Well

Log

NOTES:

GRANULAR SOILS

COHESIVE SOILS

DENSITY

V.LOOSE

M.DENSE

LOOSE

DENSE

V.DENSE

DENSITY

V.SOFT

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

SOFT

STIFF

HARD

BLOWS/FT.

0-4

4-10 10-30

30-50

>50

BLOWS/FT. < 2

2-4

4-8 8-15

15-30 > 30

1.) Encountered GW at 10.32'.

SAND - some coarse. (Wash water

PROPORTIONS USED: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) some (20-35%), and (35-50%) with (Amount of component







SEA Consultants, Inc. Engineers/Architects

Page 3 of 5

EASTHAMPTON TCE Date Started: 3/25/91 **Boring Log** Project: Date Finished: 3/27/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-11A** 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Weather: Elev. Date Depth Notes Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: Pines Well 3/27/91 10.32 Casing Type/Size: 4 in. ID HSA Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Sample Stratum Well Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description Description (ft) (ft) No. (ft) /6" (ppm) /Rec. 10 only - No Sample). 13 61 62 63 64 S-13 64.0-66.0 5 S-13 Medium dense, brown, fine SAND, SAND trace coarse Sand (wash sample only). 5 65 6 8 66 67 68 69 15 1.6'/2' 69.0-71.0 S-14 Very dense, brown, fine to medium SAND, some coarse Sand. 26 70 29 25 71 72 73 74.0 74 S-15 1.1'/2' 74.0-76.0 S-15 Dense, brown, fine to coarse SAND and GRAVEL 20 SAND to very coarse SAND and fine 15 75 GRAVEL. 15 19 76 77 78 79.0 79 S-16 .9'/2' 79.0-81.0 S-16 Very dense, brown, medium to SAND coarse SAND, some fine (heavy PROPORTIONS USED: **GRANULAR SOILS** NOTES: trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) Encountered GW at 10.32'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V,LOOSE with (Amount of component 4-10 LOOSE not included) 10-30 M.DENSE DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT < 2 SEA Consultants, inc. SOFT 2-4

M.STIFF

V.STIFF

STIFF

HARD

4-8 8-15

15-30

> 30

Engineers/Architects

Page 4 of 5

Boring Log Date Started: 3/25/91 **EASTHAMPTON TCE** Project: Date Finished: 3/27/91 EASTHAMPTON, MA **B-11A** 90072.1V Ref. No.: Groundwater Observations Weather: Contractor/Driller: Soil Exploration Co. Notes Date Depth Elev. Pines Well 10.32 Engineer/Geologist: Kosta Exarhoulakos Location: 3/27/91 4 in. ID HSA Casing Type/Size: Sampler Type/Size: 1-3/8 in. ID Split Spoon Surface Elevation: Sample Symbol Well Stratum Sample Depth Elev. PID Pen Depth Blows Description Log Description (ft) (ft) No. /6" /Rec. (ppm) coarse SAND in wash water). 22 41 81 82 83 84.0 84 SAND with GRAVEL S-17 Dense, brown, interbedded, S-17 2'/2' 84.0-86.0 8 very fine SAND with very coarse 85 SAND and GRAVEL. 13 18 86 87 88 89.0 89 10 S-18 Dense, brown, very fine SAND SAND 89.0-91.0 S-18 1'/2' with fine to coarse SAND. 10 90 16 20 91 92 93 94.0 SAND over TILL 94 S-19 Dense, brown, fine SAND over S-19 94.0-96.0 14 and BEDROCK Till and Bedrock (Sandstone). 22 95 65 96.0 115 Bottom of Boring at 96'. 96 97 98 99 PROPORTIONS USED: GRANULAR SOILS trace (0-10%), little (10-20%) 1.) Encountered GW at 10.32'. BLOWS/FT. DENSITY some (20-35%), and (35-50%) V.LOOSE with (Amount of component LOOSE 4-10 not included) M.DENSE 10-30 DENSE 30-50 V.DENSE >50 COHESIVE SOILS BLOWS/FT. DENSITY V.SOFT SEA Consultants, Inc. SOFT 2-4 Engineers/Architects 4-8 M.STIFF

Page 5 of 5

STIFF

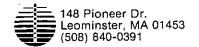
HARD

V.STIFF

8-15

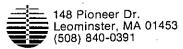
15-30

> 30



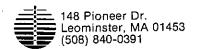
Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

Client	S	EA CONSULTANT	S INC.					Date 11/09/90 Job No. 90-354 F	
Locati		EASTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPTON	, ANI) HOI	YOKE, MA	SSACHUSE'	TTS	
BORII NO.	VG	B-1(MW-)Ground Elev.	Da Sta	le irt 10	0/31,	/90 Date Compl	ete 11/01	/90Foreman J.C. Geologist C.B.	
·D		Sam	ple Data				Soil and	d/or bedrock strata descriptions	
DEPTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth		/isual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata	
	1	0'0"- 2'0"	2-5-9-14	4"/2	411	0'6"	TOPSO		
								m dense, dry, tan, FINE TO COARSI AND GRAVEL, trace pebbles-cobbles	
5		4'0"- 6'0"	15-22-22-14	6"		4'0"		, dry, brown, MEDIUM COARSE SAND, fine gravel and trace fine sand.	
	3	9'0"-11'0"	8-11-12-11	4"		9'0"			
10		J 0 11 0					MEDIU	m dense, dry, brown, FINE AND M SAND AND GRAVEL with trace e sand and silt.	
	-					13'0"			
15 _	4	14'0"-16'0"	10-8-8-9	<u> </u>	-				
		· ·		╁		-	ı	•	
				1	<u> </u>	1			
]		·	
20 _	5_	19'0"-21'0"	6-8-8	-	 				
				 	 	1			
]		n dense, dry, brown, FINE TO	
:								M SAND, with trace silt, and	
25 _	6	24'0"-26'0"	7-8-9-11	 	├	-	WICH	tan coarse sand and gravel.	
			<u> </u>	1	 	1			
					1]		•	
		201011 0110			 				
30 _	7	29'0"- 31'0	7-8-9-11	 	╁	-			
			<u> </u>	-	+	1			
						1			
		0.1011 0.1011		_	ļ				
35 _	. 8	34'0"-36'0"	12-11-12-14	+ -	-	_			
	-			 	 	1			
	_								
				_	ļ				
40_	9	39'0"-41'0"	12-14-14-11	<u> </u>					
Tyne	of R	oring Casing Size:	Ho	low Ster	n Augei	r Size:			
.,,,,						s (blows per ft	1	Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.)	
	rn	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10%	0 to 4 Ve	y Loose		30 to 50 D	ense	0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff	
		Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 f	ose		Over 50 Ve	ry Dense	2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very Stiff 4 to 8 Medium Stiff Over 30 Hard	
		7 to 10 00 70	Standard o	enetratio	n test (SPT) = 140# ha	ammer falling 30 × 2" O.D. × 1 3		
76.		n and paraentages used							
1 by t	The terms and percentages used to describe soil and or rock are based on visual identification of the retrieved samples. Moisture content indicated may be affected by time of year and water added during the drilling process. Water levels indicated may vary with seasonal fluctuation and the degree of soil saturation when the boring was taken. The stratification lines represent the approximate boundaries between soil types, the actual transitions may be gradual.								



5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	C I	EA CONSULTANTS	S INC.				Date 11/09/90 Job No. 90-354 F			
		EASTHAMPTON,		AND	HOL	YOKE, MA				
		3-1 (MW-1) Ground Elev.	Date Star	, ,	/31/		ete 11/01/90 Drilling J.C. Eng./Hydrol. Geologist C.B.			
		Samp	le Data				Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions			
DHPTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Visual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata			
_	10	44'0"-46'0"	11-11-12-11			41'0"	Interbedded, medium dense, wet, MEDIUM TO COARSE SAND AND GRAVEL, some cobble and pebbles, and fine sand with trace silt.			
_	11	49'0"-51'0"	12-10-12-11			48'0"	Medium dense, wet, MEDIUM TO FINE SAND some coarse sand and trace silt.			
_	12	54'0"-56'0"	12-14-11-17			54'0"	Tan, medium dense, wet, interbedded MEDIUM TO FINE SAND, with trace silt, coarse sand and gravel.			
_	13	59'0"-61'0"	12-15-15-17			58'0"	Dense, brown, wet, FINE SAND, trace medium sand and silt.			
-					End of boring at 61'0" Water level at 40'0" upon complet					
Type of Boring Casing Size: - Hollow Stem Aug					n Auge	r Size:				
	Pr	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 N	y Loose ose ledium	Dense	30 to 50 E Over 50 V	Pense			
	Standard penetration test (SPT) = 140# hammer falling 30" Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.									



Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

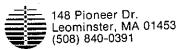
5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client		EA CONSULTANT				<u> </u>	•	Date 11/09/90	Job No. 90-354 F
Locati	on []]	EASTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPT	ON, ANI) HOI	LYOKE, MA			
BORIN NO.	NG :	B-2 (4w-2)Ground Elev.		Date 1	1/ /	90 Date Compl	ete 11/ /	90 Drilling J.C.	Eng./Hydrol. C.B. Geologist C.B.
Б		Samp	ole Data				Soil and	l/or bedrock strata desc	riptions
DEPTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetratio	n Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth		isual Identification of Soi	i and/or Rock Strata
	JĀ	81811 21811	7-6-2			0'6"	TOPSOT	Tr.	
					<u> </u>				
			·		 		Brown,	FINE TO COAR	RSE SAND, medium
_ }		4'0"- 6'0"	8-8-10-1	3 16	-		dense,	dry, trace g	gravel and cobbles.
5 _		7000	0 0 10 1	J. 10					
İ									,
					<u> </u>]			,
	2	9'0"- 11'0"	7-8-11-	11 12	 	9'0"		<u>-</u>	
10		9.0. 11.0		11 12		1 9 0			·
						1			
					<u> </u>		C+1EE	ict brose	CTAV trace
							fine s		n, CLAY, trace
15 _	. 4	14'0"-16'0"	7-8-6-9	13		4	TING 5	Jana .	
				-		-			
					1	1			
						1			
20_	5	19'0"-21'0"	7-8-24-	30		1			•
						_	•		
					+	_			
			•			1			
25	6	24'0"-26'0"	28-31-47	-40 10		24'0"			• ""-"
					-	<u> </u>			
			<u> </u>		-	1		_	
ľ	-	<u> </u>			+	1		•	moist, brown, FINE
30 _	7	29'0"-31'0"	16-23-26	-34]	SAND,	trace inorgan	nic silt and clay.
"-]			
					-	4			
					 	1			
35_	8	3410"-3610"	28-43-41	L-32	<u> </u>	1			
35 _								•	
					ļ	_			
		<u> </u>			 	-			
٠,	9	39'0"-41'0"	16-20-14	-19	-	39'0"	Stiff	, wet, brown,	VARVED CLAY.
40_	-				<u> </u>			,,	
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:		Hollow Ste	m Auge	r Size:			
	Pr	oportion Percentages		Gran	ular Soi	ls (blows per fi	.)	Cohesiv	e Soils (blows per ft.)
	. ,	Trace 0 to 10%		4 Very Loose		30 to 50 D	ense	0 to 2 Very Soft	8 to 15 Stiff
		Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	4 to 10 to	10 Loose 30 Medium	Dense	Over 50 Ve	ery Dense	2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Medium Stif	15 to 30 Very Stiff f Over 30 Hard
		10 10 00 10	Stands	ard nonotrati	nn test (SPT) = 140# h	ammer falling 30"	u	1 .1
	Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8" l.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.								

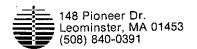
Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	S	EA CONSULTANT	S INC.					Date 11/09	/90	Job No. 90-3	154 F
Locati		EASTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPTO	N, ANI	HOI	YOKE, MA				•	
BORII NO.	NG	B-2(Mw-2)Ground Elev.		Date Start 11	1 1	90 Date Compl	ete 11/ /	90 Foreman	J.C.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist	C.B.
Ъ		Samp	le Data	-	т		Soil and	i/or bedrock str	ata descrip	tions	,
DE PTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	V	'isual Identificatio	on of Soil ar	nd/or Rock Strata	
					1						
}		-									
			<u>-</u> .		-						
5	10	44'0"-46'0"	8-8-10-13	24			Stif	f, wet, 1	brown,	VARVED CL	AY.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>								
]				•	
	11	49'0"-51'0"	7-10-14-1	_	 		•				
10 _	11	49 0 -31 0	7-10-14-1	-	 						
	-			+							.
15	12	54'0"-56'0"	6-8-8-9	18	<u> </u>	1					Ì
15 –				_							
		<u> </u>			-	-	•				
						58'0"	Hard	wet brow	tm STi	LT AND CLA	V with
20	13	59'0"-61'0"	41-38-40-	53 14	<u> </u>					and gravel	
										<u> </u>	
								-			
	14	63'0"-65'0"	94-61-97-	111 3	<u> </u>	_				INE TO MED	NUI
25		<u> </u>		-	\vdash		GRAIN	AND SAND	STUNE	•	
	<u> </u>			-	-	_				•	
30 _	15	69'0"-71'0"	21-25-33-	28							
				_	ļ						
					 	1					
]					
35 _	16	74'0"-76'0"	34-41-29-	35	+	-					•
					<u>† </u>	76'0"			,_ ,		
						4		boring			
					1	-	Water	level at	40.0.	upon comp	orection.
40_						<u> </u>					·
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	follow Ste	m Auge	r Size:		,		<u>.</u>	
-	Pr	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	4 to 10	ery Loose	!	is (blows per fi 30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve	ense	0 to 2 Very 2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Med	y Soft t	Soils (blows per f 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Over 30 Hard	Stiff
			Standard Blows ar	penetration	n test (aken wit	SPT) = 140# h h an 18" long :	ammer falling 30° × 2" O.D. × 1 3/	" /8" I.D. split spo	on sampler	unless otherwise r	noted.
					b d	a a vilaval ida etili	action of the retrie	aved camples	Moieture co	ntent indicated ma	v he affected

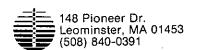


Client	SI	EA CONSULTANTS	INC.	_			Date 11/09/90 Job No. 90-354 F
Location		EASTHAMPTON, S		ANI	HOI	YOKE, MA	ASSACHUSETTS
BORIN NO.		B-3(MW-3)Ground Elev.	Date Star	9 1		90 Date Compl	olete 11/ /90 Prilling J.C. Eng./Hydrol. C.B.
р		Samp	le Data				Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions
DEPTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Visual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata
• †	1 A	0'6"- 2'6"	7-7-5	10		0'6"	TOPSOIL
. [
1				 -	├	1	
	2	4'0"- 6'0"	8-8-10-10	14	┼	1	Medium dense, dry, brown, MEDIUM TO
5 _		7 0 0				1	COARSE GRAINED SAND, with fine sand
							and gravel.
			·	 	╄	1	
	2	9'0"-11'0"	10-12-12-1	12	┼-	1	
10 _		9 0 -11 0	10-12 12 1.	1	1 -	1	
. !	<u> </u>]	
				ļ	<u> </u>	4	
		14'0"-16'0"	9-10-12-1	5 R	┼─	14'0"	
15 _	-4	14.010.0.	9-10-12-1	1 5	 -	17 0	
				T	Ť		
			10 1/ 1/ 1		 -	4	
20 _	5	19'0"-21'0"	10-14-16-1	9	╁	-{	
	-	 		+	+ -	┪	
	\vdash			1 .			,
				Ţ <u>_</u>			Medium dense, dry, brown, FINE TO
25_	6	24'0"-26'0"	6-9-14-17	 7 -		4	MEDIUM SAND.
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	+-	-	-	·
	-						
30_	7	29'0"-31'0'	11-16-20-2	2 12	- -	_	
				+		-	•
	-		 		 		
	-		 				
35.	-8	34'0"-36'0	6-11-17-20	14	-	_	
~			 			\dashv	
	_		 	+	+	-	
	-		-	+		_	
40	1	39'0"-41'0	11-21-22-1	8 1:			
	Ĺ				L		
Тур	e of	Boring Casing Size:	Н	ollow S	tem Aug	jer Size:	
		Proportion Percentages				oils (blows per	
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%	0 to 4 V 4 to 10	ery Loo Loose	se	30 to 50 Over 50	Very Dense 2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very Stiff
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30	Mediu		e	4 to 8 Medium Stiff Over 30 Hard
			Standard Blows are	penetra	tion tes	t (SPT) = 140# with an 18" lond	# hammer falling 30" ig × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.
<u> </u>						1	Attitudes of the retrieved earness.
b	ne ter / time	rms and percentages used e of year and water added	during the drilling pr	ocess. I	■ Water	levels indicated	ad may vary with seasonal fluctuation and the degree of soil saturation when the
b	oring	was taken. The stratif	ication lines represen	t the ap	proxima	ate doundaries l	between soil types, the actual transitions may be gradual.



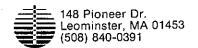
Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

Client	SI	EA CONSULTANTS	S INC.				<u>.</u> .	Date 11/09/90 Job No. 90-354 F	
Locat	ion I	EASTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPTON,	AND	HOL	YOKE, MA	\SSA	CHUSETTS	
BORI NO.	NG I	B-3(MW-3)Ground Elev.	Dati Sta	e 10	/29/	90 Date Comp	lete	10/30/90 Drilling J.C. Eng./Hydrol. C.B.	
· p		Samp	ole Data					Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions	
т⊶чашо	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth		Visual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata	
								Medium dense, dry, brown, FINE TO MEDIUM SAND.	
5 _	10	44'0"-46'0"	14-18-28-20	10/2	4	44'0"			
10	11	49'0"-51'0"	12-11-10-12	0/24					
15 _	12	54'0" 56'0"	16-20-20-22					Dense, moist to wet, FINE TO MEDIUM BROWN SAND, trace inorganic silt and fine gravel.	
20 _	13	59'0"-61'0"	16-17-20-15	8"					
25 _	15	64'0"-66'0"	15-19-22-25	8"		1 1 1 1			
30 <u> </u>	16	69'0"-71'0"	20-23-19-24	4 8"					
35 _	.17	74'0"-76'0"	16-26-26-24	4		- - - -			
40 _	18	79'0" 81'0"	20-22-21-20	6 7"		80'0"		End of boring at 80'0"	
Tive	of D	oring Casing Size:	i Hal	low Ster	n Alinei		٠.		
Туре		oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo	Granu y Loose	ılar Soi	is (blows per fi 30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve)ense	Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.) 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff ense 2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very Stiff	
		Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 N	Medium enetratio	n test f	SPT) = 140# h	amme	4 to 8 Medium Stiff Over 30 Hard	
lhν	The terms and percentages used to describe soil and or rock are based on visual identification of the retrieved samples. Moisture content indicated may be affected by time of year and water added during the drilling process. Water levels indicated may vary with seasonal fluctuation and the degree of soil saturation when the boring was taken. The stratification lines represent the approximate boundaries between soil types, the actual transitions may be gradual.								



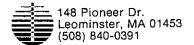
Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

Client		EA CONSULTANT						ate 11/09	/90	Job No. g	0-354	F
Locati	on 1	EASTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPTON	, ANI	OHOI	YOKE, M	ASSACHUSET	TS				
BORII NO.	NG /	B-4 Ground Elev.	Dai Sta	te 11	/05/9	O Date Comp	lete 11/08/9	O Drilling Foreman	G.J.	Eng./Hy Geologi	drol. st	C.B.
			ole Data					or bedrock s	trata descrip	otions		
D⊞& ⊢ H	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	. Vi	sual Identifica	tion of Soil a	nd/or Rock S	trata	
	1	0'0"- 1'0"	2-3				TOPSOT	Τ.				
	1A	1'0"- 2'0"	3-3	ļ		1'0"	avingo.	-				
						01011	SUBSOI	. <u>.</u>				
5 _	2	4'0"- 6'0"	8-8-11-5			3'0"						
				+								
10 _	3	9'0"- 11'0"	12-9-9-11	 	 							
10 _												
		· .			ļ				•			
		<u> </u>		 	-							
15 _	4	14'0"-16'0"	15-17-18-18									
10 _												
				ļ	ļ							
				1	 							
20	5	19'0"-21'0"	27-21-21-2	4	 		Medium	dense	to very	dense	dry t	.0
20								INE TO				
								trace i				
				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		cobble					
	6	24'0"-26'0"	20-21-27-2	8	+							
25	0	24 0 -20 0	20-21-27-2	1	 							
				ļ	1							•
							,					
30 _		29'0"-31'0"	10-11-12-1	3	 							
				+	+-							
				†	1	1						
]						
35	8	34'0"-36'0"	15-12-13-1	5	ļ							
				1	 	4						
			-	+	-	1						
	\vdash	 		+	 	†						
40 _	9	39'0"-41'0"	10-11-11-1	2] ~ .			•			
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>					
Туре	of Bo	oring Casing Size:	4" Hol	low Ste	m Auger	Size:						
	Pro	oportion Percentages				s (blows per f		61-611		Soils (blows		
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo)	30 to 50 E Over 50 V		0 to 2 Ve 2 to 4 Sc		8 to 15 9 15 to 30	stiπ Very Stiff	
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 t		Dense				edium Stiff	Over 30		
			Standard p	enetratio	n test (S	SPT) = 140# h	ammer falling 30"	R# ID onlit on	oon compler	unique other	vice nated	
			<u> </u>				x 2" O.D. x 1 3/8					
l hv:	ime o	s and percentages used to if year and water added of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control	Suring the drilling proc	ess.	Water le	vels indicated r	nav varv with seas	onal fluctuatio	n and the de	gree of soil sa	ituration wh	nected en the
bor	ing w	as taken. II The stratific	ation lines represent	the appi	oximate	boundaries be	tween soil types, t	he actual tran	sitions may l	oe gradual. ■		



5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client											
Locati		EASTHAMPTON,					· -	P // 5d/			
BORI NO.	NG I	B-4(MW-4A) Ground Elev.		11/05	5/90 Dat Cor	e nplete 11/08/90		Geologist	.В.		
Ē			ole Data			Soil and/o	or bedrock strata desc	riptions			
DWPTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Cas Inches Blo Per	ws Change	Vis	ual Identification of Soil	and/or Rock Strata			
		·					e.				
_	18	84'0"-86'0"	26- <u>25-20-21</u>			Modium	dongo to wor	y dense, dry to			
						wet, Fi	INE TO MEDIUM race inorgan	I SAND, some coa ic silt, trace			
· -	19	89'0"-91'0"	"-91'0" 20-21-30-35 cobbles.								
· _	20	94'0"-96'0"	15-16-20-35								
	21	99'0"-101'0"	16_18_21_20		99'0	11					
-		77 0 101 0	10 10 21 20			Deense	to very dens	se, wet, FINE TO)		
-	22	104'0"-106'0	'17 - 20-23-27	7			SAND, some onic silt.	coarse sand, tra	ıce		
							-				
-	23	108'0"-110'0	'17-21 - 22-30		110'	01					
						End of Set we	boring at l	L09'6"			
-						Water	level at 109'	6"upon completi	-on		
_		·									
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	4" Holi	low Stem A	uger Size:						
	Pre	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	y Loose	Soils (blows pe 30 to 50 Over 50		Cohesiv 0 to 2 Very Soft 2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Medium Stiff	e Soils (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard			
	Standard penetration test (SPT) = 140# hammer falling 30" Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long x 2" O.D. x 1 3/8" l.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.										



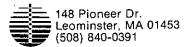
Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client		EA CONSULTANT						Date <u>11/09</u> /	/90	Job No. 9	0-354	F
Locati	on	EASTHAMPTON,			D HOI							
BORII NO.	NG (B-4. Ground HW-4A) Elev.	Dati Stai	11,	/05/9	O Date Comp	lete 11/08/		G.J.	Eng./Hyd Geologis	Irol. t	C.B.
₽]		Samp	ole Data	· ·			Soil and	d/or bedrock st	rata descrip	tions		
DEP + H	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	. ,	Visual Identificati	ion of Soil ar	nd/or Rock Str	ata	
45_	10	44'0"-46'0"	13-13-15-21									
50_	11	49'0'-51'0"	17-16-15-23			!						
55_	12	54'0"-56'0"	17-18-16-20				Madim	m dense t	'n verv	dense	drv t	:0
60_	13	59'0"-61'0"					wet,	FINE TO N trace in	(EDIUM	SAND, s	ome co	arse
65_	14	64'0"-66'0"	21-22-22-25					•				
70–	15	69'0"-71'0"	16-13-17-17						·			
75-	16	74'0"-76'0"	16-16-25-2	5								
80 -	17		20-20-20-20									
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	4'' Hol	low Ster	m Auger	Size:		···-				
	Pr	roportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 N	y Loose ose ledium	Dense	s (blows per f 30 to 50 D Over 50 V	lense ery Dense		ry Soft	8 to 15 S 15 to 30 V Over 30 I	tiff Very Stiff	
			Standard pe Blows are p	enetration er 6" ta	on test (aken wit	SPT) = 140# h h an 18" long	ammer falling 30 x 2" O.D. x 1 3	9/8/ I.D. split spo	on sampler	unless otherw	ise noted.	re

Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

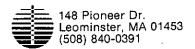
Client		EA CONSULTANT						ate 11/09/	/90	Job No. 90-35	4 F
Locati	on I	EASTHAMPTON,									
BORII NO.		3-4S Ground Nw-43) Elev.		11/	08/9	O Date Comp	lete 11/09/9		G.J.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist	С.В.
Б		Sam	ple Data				Soil and	or bedrock s	trata descrip	tions	
OH P T H	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	isual Identifica	tion of Soil ar	nd/or Rock Strata	
-											
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15 _											
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	_			1	 ·-						
							FINE T	O MEDIII	M SAND.	trace coan	rse
20				ļ	<u> </u>		1	trace in	-		
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				1	-	1					
,,			 	+	 	1	,				
40_	-					<u> </u>					
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	Hol		m Auger						
	Pr	oportion Percentages	.			s (blows per f 30 to 50 D		0 to 2 Ve		Soils (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff)
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo	ose		Over 50 V		2 to 4 Sc	oft	15 to 30 Very S	tiff
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 M			2000	tip e-		edium Stiff	Over 30 Hard	
		<u>.</u>								unless otherwise no	
hw	time c	s and percentages used of year and water added as taken. ■ The stratifi	during the drilling proc	ess.	Water le	vels indicated i	mav varv with seas	ional fluctuatio	n and the dec	gree of soil saturatio	be affected n when the



Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	~.	EA CONSULTANT						ate 11/09/	90	Job No. 90-35	4 F
Locati BORI		EASTHAMPTON, Ground								Eng./Hydrol.	
NO.	/\ 	1 ω-48) Elev.	St	art 11	/08/9	O Compl	_{ete} 11/09/9		G.J.	Geologist	C.B.
·Đ		i	le Data		_		Soil and/	or bedrock str	ata descript	ions	
±⊣omö	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vis	sual Identification	on of Soil an	d/or Rock Strata	
45_											
50								O MEDIUM trace in		trace coar c silt.	se
5 <u>5</u>											
6 <u>0</u>						60'0"	Set we	boring ll point	at 60	'0"	
65.							Water	level at	: 60'0"	upon compl	etion
70-										•	
75-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						NOTE:	No sampl	es requ	iired.	
80											
Type	of Bo	oring Casing Size:	411 Ho	llow Ste	m Auger	Size:	·				
	Pro	Proportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ve 4 to 10 L 10 to 30	ry Loose oose	l	30 to 50 De Over 50 Ve	ense	0 to 2 Ven 2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Med	y Soft t	oils (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Sti Over 30 Hard	ff
			Standard s Blows are	penetration per 6" ta	n test (S aken with	an 18" long >	*******			unless otherwise not	



Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

Client	SI	EA CONSULTANTS	S INC.				D	ate 11/09/90 Job No. 90-354 F		
Locati	on I	EASTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPTON,	ANI	HOL	YOKE, MA	SSACHUSET	TS		
BORII NO.	VG J	B−5 Ground ω−5A) Elev.	Dat Sta		/ /	90 Date Comp	lete 11/ /	90 Drilling J.C. Eng./Hydrol. C.B.		
д			ole Data				Soil and	/or bedrock strata descriptions		
DEP TH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth		isual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata		
	1	0'0"- 2'0"	5-4-4-5	18/2	4"	0'6"	TOPSOT			
5 _	2	· 4 [†] 0"- 6 [†] 0"	10-12-16-27	6'			Loose, fine g	dry, FINE TO MEDIUM SAND, some ravel.		
		<u> </u>		İ						
10	3	9'0"-11'0"	4-11-16-17	10'		8'0"				
15 _	4	14'0"-16'0"	12-12-16-15	5			-	dry, dark tan, MEDIUM TO FINE trace inorganic silt.		
20 _	5	19'0"-21'0"	14-20-19-22	2 6'						
				·	╁	1				
25 _	6	24'0"-26'0"	8-8-12-16	8'	1	24'0"				
30 _	7	29'0"-31'0"	7-11-10-14	4 10¹				dense, dry, brown, SAND AND trace clay.		
						1		•		
35 _	8	34'0"-36'0"	8-9-9-14	10'	1	34'0"	Medium	dense, moist to wet, dark tan		
					 	-	MEDIUM	TO COARSE SAND with some fine and trace silt.		
40 _	9	39'0"-41'0"	8-7-7-14	14	· ·	- -				
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	Hol	low Ste	m Augei	r Size:				
	Pr	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	y Loose iose)	s (blows per f 30 to 50 D Over 50 V	ense	Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.) 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff 2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very Stiff 4 to 8 Medium Stiff Over 30 Hard		
		•	Standard p	enetrationer 6" to	on test (aken wit	SPT) = 140# h h an 18" long	ammer falling 30" × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8	8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.		
l hv	The terms and percentages used to describe soil and or rock are based on visual identification of the retrieved samples. Moisture content indicated may be affected by time of year and water added during the drilling process. Water levels indicated may vary with seasonal fluctuation and the degree of soil saturation when the boring was taken. The stratification lines represent the approximate boundaries between soil types, the actual transitions may be gradual.									



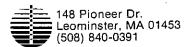
Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

BORING NO. Para Ground Elev. Sample Date Sample Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) Blows Fer ft. No. Depth (ft.) No. Depth (ft.)											
Sample Sample Blows Strata Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions											
Sample Blows Change Depth (ft.) No. Depth (ft.) Sample Blows Penetration Frequency of the penetration of Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions Strata Change Depth Visual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata Change Depth The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Book Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Book Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Book Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The penetration of Soil and/or Rock Strata The pene	L. C.B.										
5 10 44'0"-46'0" 4-4-3-7 12"											
	3										
10 11 49'0"-51'0" 11-12-12-14 10"											
10 11 49 0 -31 0 11-12-12-14 10											
	•										
15 12 54'0"-56'0" 20-18-26-31 14"											
Medium dense, moist to wet,	lark tan,										
MEDIUM TO COARSE SAND with so											
20 13 59'0"-61'0" 12-14-2-15 4" sand and trace silt.											
25 14 64'0"-66'0" 12-11-8-4 12"											
25 14 64 0 -66 0 12-11-8-4 12											
30 15 69'0"-71'0" 12-14-21-23 12"											
	•										
35 16 74'0"-76'0" 16-28-37-43 14"											
40 17 79'0"-81'0" 17 12"											
40 17 79 0 -81 0 17 12											
Type of Boring Casing Size: Hollow Stern Auger Size:											
Proportion Percentages Granular Soils (blows per ft.) Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.) Trace 0 to 10% 0 to 4 Very Loose 30 to 50 Dense 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stif Some 10 to 40% 4 to 10 Loose Over 50 Very Dense 2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very 30 Hz And 40 to 50% 10 to 30 Medium Dense 4 to 8 Medium Stiff Over 30 Hz	ry Stiff										
Standard penetration test (SPT) = 140# hammer falling 30" Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long x 2" O.D. x 1 3/8" l.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwis	Standard penetration test (SPT) = 140# hammer falling 30" Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long \times 2" O.D. \times 1 3/8" l.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.										

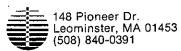
Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

Client	Client SEA CONSULTANTS INC. Date 11/09/90 Job No. 90-354 F											
Locati	on E	EASTHAMPTON,	SOUTHAMPTON,	AND	HOL	YOKE, MA	SSACHUSET	TS				
BORII NO.	NG I	Ground 1W-SA) Elev.	Dat Sta	e 11	./ /	90 Date Comp	lete 11/ /	90 Drilling 90 Foreman J.C.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist C.B.			
			ole Data				Soil and	or bedrock strata description:	5			
DEPTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	sual Identification of Soil and/or	Rock Strata			
						-	Medium	dense, moist to	wet dark tan			
5 _	18	84'0"-86'0"	10-16-16-18	14'			MEDIUM	TO COARSE SAND, nd trace silt.				
10 _	19 19	89'0"-90'0" \$ 90'0"-91'0"	16-17 34-36	10' 8'		89'0"	Very d	ense, wet, tan, l	TINE TO COARSE			
			•					travel, cobbles a				
15 _	20	94'0"-96'0"	18-21-30-36	10'	1							
						99'0"	•					
20 _	21	99'0"-101'0"	16-21-19-19	12'		-	Very d	ense, wet, FINE	O COARSE SAND.			
	22	104'0"-106'0	123_31_46_4(16'	1	1		inorganic silt.	io comiga ama,			
25		104 0 100 0	25 51 40 40			1						
30	· 23	109'0"-111'0	'28-31-46-5 <u>9</u>	12'	r e	-						
30_	_					111'0'						
							End of	boring at 111'				
35 _					-	-	:					
						1			į			
40 _		Oneine Cine	[]=	lour Stor	m Augo	, Sizo:			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Туре	ype of Boring Casing Size: Hollow Stem Auger Size: Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.) Proportion Percentages Granular Soils (blows per ft.) Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.)											
-	Pro	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	y Loose ose	!	30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve	ense	0 to 2 Very Soft 2 to 4 Soft	8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard			
_			Blows are p	er 6" ta	ken wit	h an 18" long		8" I.D. split spoon sampler unle				
but	The terms and percentages used to describe soil and or rock are based on visual identification of the retrieved samples. Moisture content indicated may be affected by time of year and water added during the drilling process. Water levels indicated may vary with seasonal fluctuation and the degree of soil saturation when the poring was taken. The stratification lines represent the approximate boundaries between soil types, the actual transitions may be gradual.											



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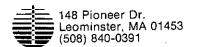
Client		EA CONSULTANTS						te 11/09/	90	Job No. 90-3	54 F
Locati		EASTHAMPTON,					SSACHUSETT			F 41. 1.1	
BORII NO.	NG :	B-7 (40-7) Ground Elev.		e rt 10/	/31/9	0 Date Comp	lete 11/01/90		G.J.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist	C.B.
₽		Samp	le Data		· ·	-	Soil and/o	r bedrock sti	rata descrip	tions	
DE P T H	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vis	ual Identificati	on of Soil a	nd/or Rock Strata	
- ' '	1 A	0:6"-0:6"	2-2-2	—		0.16"	TOPSOLI				
						0.10	SUBSOII				
,							<u> </u>				
				ļ		3'0"					
5 _	2	5'0"-7'0"	11-11-13-12		-						
		3 0 -7 0	11-11-13-12	 	 						
				†							
						1					
10 _	3	9'0"-11'0"	13-15-16-1	7							
				<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		İ				
				-	<u> </u>						
				 		}					
	4	14'0"-16'0"	12-13-13-13	1	-	1					
15	- 4	14 0 -10 0	12-15-15-1.	1 -	1	1					
										•	
]					
				ļ	<u> </u>		Dry to	wet me	adium d	ense, FINE	TO
20 _	5	19'0"-21'0"	12-13-13-1	4						arse sand,	
				1		-	cobbles	-	JOING CO	arou bana,	1
	_			 		-					
			<u></u>	†	1 -	1				•	
25_	. 6	24'0"-26'0"	12-12-13-1	3]					,
											j
					<u> </u>	_		,			
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		29'0"-31'0"	4-5-6-6	 -	1	-					
30 _	7	29 0 -31 0	4-3-0-0	t		1					
	-			1		1					
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				↓	 	_					,
35 _	_8	34'0"-36'0"	<u>5-4-5-11</u>	1	 	1					
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			<u> </u>	1	 						
40_	9	39'0"-41'0"	4-3-6-6			1					
					<u> </u>	40'0"					· · · · · ·
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	4" Hol	low Ste	m Auge	r Size:					<u></u>
	Pr	oportion Percentages		Grani	ılar Soi	is (blows per f	t.)			Soils (blows per ft.)
		Trace 0 to 10%	0 to 4 Ver)	30 to 50 D		0 to 2 Ver 2 to 4 So	ry Soft	8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very 8	Stiff
		Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	4 to 10 Lo		Dense	Over 50 V	ary Derise	4 to 8 Me	edium Stiff	Over 30 Hard	enti .
			Standard p	enetration	on test (SPT) = 140# h	ammer falling 30"				
	Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.										
		1			. bood	an vinual identif	ication of the retriev	ed complee =	Moisture co	ntent indicated may	he affected



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Client	Client SEA CONSULTANTS INC. Date 11/09/90 Job No. 90-354 F											
Locat		EASTHAMPTON,		AND	HOL	YOKE, MA						
		B-7(Mw-7)Ground Elev.		10/3			Prilling G.J. Eng./Hydrol. C.B.					
			le Data		T	•	Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions					
. DEP TH	No.	Sample	Blows 6" Penetration	inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Visual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata					
	10 10A	44 0"-44 6"	10 51-120/3"			44'6"	Wet, medium stiff, yellow, CLAY, trace inorganic silt.					
	11	48'0"-48'3"					very dense, wet, FINE TO COARSE SAND, some fine to coarse gravel, trace inorganic silt, some cobbles.					
50_												
55												
60_												
65-												
70-												
75												
80												
Type	of B	oring Casing Size: 4	4 ¹¹ Holl	ow Stem	Auger	Size:	:					
	Pr	roportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ven 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	y Loose ose ledium C	Dense	SPT) = 140# h	Dense					
			Blows are p	er 6" tal	ken with	an 18" long	x 2" O.D. x 1 3/8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.					

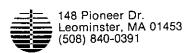
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Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

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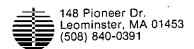
Client												
Locati		EASTHAMPTON,										
BORI NO.	NG]	B-8 (NW-8) Ground Elev.		11,	/02/9	O Date Comp	_{lete} 11/02/90		G.J.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist	С.В.	
ō		Samp	ile Data				Soil and/o	r bedrock str	ata descript	ions		
DMPLH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	. Visu	al Identification	on of Soil an	d/or Rock Strata		
• • •	1	0'0"-1'0"	1-2				TOPSOIL					
	lA	1'0"- 2'0"	1-2			1'0"	SUBSOIL					
			· <u></u> -				5055011					
_ :						3'0"						
5 _	2	5'0"- 7'0"	4-7-3-7		 						Ì	
				<u> </u>								
		9'0"-11'0"	10 0 0 10	.	-							
10	3	9.011.0.	10-8-8-12	 	1		Da +-		. مائیس	iense, FINE		
	_									oarse sand,		
				<u> </u>			cobbles			,		
		- 1 4 4 4 4 5 6 1		ļ	1					•		
15 _	_ 4	14'0'-16'0"	13-7-6-6_	ļ .			·					
	_			 		ĺ				,		
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20 _	_5	19'0"-21'0"	5-7-6-7	-	 						ļ	
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	_		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	† 	1						
25 _				<u> </u>	-	24'0"				1.011		
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40_] .			•			
Туре	pe of Boring Casing Size: Hollow Stem Auger Size:											
	Pr	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 N	y Loose ose)	ls (blows per f 30 to 50 D Over 50 V	ense	0 to 2 Ver 2 to 4 Sof 4 to 8 Me	y Soft t	oils (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very St Over 30 Hard		
		-	Standard pe Blows are p	enetration	on test (aken wit	SPT) = 140# h h an 18" long	ammer falling 30" × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8"	I.D. split spo	on sampler	unless otherwise not	ed.	
-						1 114 114	instinue of the set-in-			stant indicated may b		



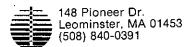
5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	Date 04/09/91											
Locati	on He	endrick Stree	t, Easthampt	on,	Mass	achusett	s					
BORI NO.	NG9.	Ground Ground Elev.	Date Star	04/0	08/91	Date Comp	_{lete} 04/0	8/91	Drilling Foreman	s.	в.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist
			ole Data				Soil	and/or	bedrock str	ata d	escriptio	ons
DWPH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth		Visu	al Identificati	on of	Soil and	or Rock Strata
					-							
5 _	1	4'0"- 6'0"	21-24-28-30						•			
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				<u></u>	-							•
10 _	2	9'0"-11'0"	21-18-17-19									
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15	3	14'0"-16'0"	20-25-23-28		ļ							• •
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				<u> </u>]			ry to w SILT.	et,	FIN	E TO COARSE
20 _	4	19'0"-21'0"	18-17-18-22	<u> </u>	ļ		SAND	AND	STPI.			•
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25 _	5	24'0"-26'0"	20-17-14-12	1	ļ							
		·	<u> </u>	-	 -	1						
				<u> </u>	1	1						•
] .						
30 _	6	29'0"-31'0"	2-12-11-11	<u> </u>	├	1						
	<u> </u> -			<u> </u>	 	_						
	-	 										
					<u></u>	_						
35 _	7	34'0"-36'0"	9-8-6-6	<u> </u>	┼-	1	1					•
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						1						
		201011 711011	10.05.6	<u> </u>	ـ	_						
40_	8 39'0"-41'0" 10-8-5-6											
Tuna	ype of Boring Casing Size: 411 Hollow Stem Auger Size:											
1346			4			is (blows per f	1.)			Cohr	esive So	ils (blows per ft.)
	Pľ	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10%	0 to 4, Very	/ Loose		30 to 50 D	ense		0 to 2 Ver	y Soft		8 to 15 Stiff
		Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	ose		Over 50 V	ery Dense		2 to 4 So 4 to 8 Me	t dium	Stiff	15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard
		Alla 40 to 50%	Standard no	netratio	on test (SPT) = 140# h	ammer falling	30"			-	· <u>·</u>
	Standard penetration test (SPT) = $140\#$ hammer falling 30" Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long \times 2" O.D. \times 1 3/8" l.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.											nless otherwise noted.

		E A Consultan						ate 04/09/91	Job No. 91-0119			
Locati	on He	endrick Stree	t, Easthampt	on,	Mass			·				
BORII NO.	NG9.	Ground Elev.	Dat Sta	^e 04/0	08/91	Date Comp	04/08/91	roleman	. B . Eng./Hydrol. Geologist			
Б		Samp	ole Data				Soil and/o	or bedrock strata descr	iptions			
DEP TH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vis	sual Identification of Soil	and/or Rock Strata			
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45 _	9	44'0"-46'0"	8-10-10-13	1								
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		(01011 511011	16 17 17 0	ļ								
50 _	10	49'0"-51'0"	16-17-17-20	1	 							
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			<u> </u>	-	 							
	11	54'0"-56'0"	10-11-10-12	-	 							
55 _							_					
:			<u> </u>	-	-							
	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	+		Dense,	dry to wet, F	INE TO COARSE			
60 -	12	59'0"-61'0"	12-7-4-5				SAND AND					
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		771011 77100	10.0.7.0									
65 -	13	64'0''-66'0''	10-9-7-8	┾┈	 							
					<u> </u>							
<u> </u>	•			<u> </u>	<u> </u>							
	14	69'0"-71'0"	9-9-12-15	 	 							
70 -		<u> </u>										
				1 -	+		İ					
				+	 	1			,			
	15	74'0"-76'0"	13-16-20-1	3	1	1						
75 -				-	-	-						
	-	<u> </u>			-	1		•				
			11 10 00 5	,	1]						
80 -	16	79'0"-81'0"	11-19-20-2	<u> </u>	 	-						
	of B	oring Casing Size:	4" Ho	low Ste	m Auger	Size:	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1,466		oportion Percentages				s (blows per f	1.)	Cohesive	e Soils (blows per ft.)			
	Trace 0 to 10% 0 to 4 Very Loose 30 to 50 Dense 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff											
		Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 l		Dense	Over 50 V	ery Dense	4 to 8 Medium Stiff	Over 30 Hard			
			Standard p	enetrati	on test (SPT) = 140# h	ammer falling 30"	I D colit annon comple	ar unlace otherwise acted			
<u> </u>		<u> </u>							er unless otherwise noted.			
Lane.		of wood and water added .	during the drilling proc	220	Water le	vels indicated i	nav varv wiin seasi	onal fluctuation and the C	content indicated may be affected legree of soil saturation when the			
bo	ring w	as taken. I The stratific	cation lines represent	the app	roximate	boundaries be	tween soil types, th	he actual transitions may	pe gradual.			

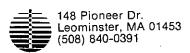


	Client S E A Consultants Date 04/09/91 Job No.91-0119											
Locati	ionH e	endrick Street	t, Eas	thampt	on,	Mass	achusett	s				
BORI NO.	NG c	Ground (W-9A) Elev.		Dat Sta	e 04/	08/9	1 Date Comp	_{lete} 04/08/91	Drilling Foreman	S.B.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist	
Ē		Sam	ole Data					Soil and/	or bedrock strata	lescription	ıs	
	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)		ows netration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	sual Identification of	i Soil and/o	r Rock Strata	
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B5	17	84'0"-86'0"	8-9-	-10-8	<u> </u>							
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90	18	89'0"-91'0"	7	5-3-1		<u> </u>						
- -	10	89 0 -91 0	/)JI	 -	<u> </u>						
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95	19	94'0"-96'0"	16-20)-24-22	 							
		21000										
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100	20	99'0"-101'0	18-18	3-25-29				D	J	DIME	TO COARCE	
					ļ			SAND AN	dry to wet, D SILT.	, FINE	TO COARSE	
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	-			5 5.2.2.	•		
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L05_	21	104'0"-106'0	24-29	9-34-33				ļ		•		
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10_	22	109'0"-111'0	26-27	7-26-18	}				•			
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						<u> </u>						
,,,	22	114'0"-116'0	1 11 -	7-9-12	 	1						
L15_	23	1114 0 -110 0	11-/	-9-12	1	 						
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				 ;	 	-						
20	24	119'0"-121'0	25-29	9-25-26	,	-]				
	Ĺ					<u> </u>						
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	4"	Holl	ow Stei	m Auger	Size:	·				
	Pr	oportion Percentages					s (blows per f	•			(blows per ft.)	
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%		0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo			30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve		0 to 2 Very Sof 2 to 4 Soft		8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff	
		And 40 to 50%		10 to 30 N	ledium			<u> </u>	4 to 8 Medium	Stiff	Over 30 Hard	
				Standard pe	enetration	n test (Saken with	PT) = 140# h	ammer falling 30" × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8	" I.D. split spoon sa	ampler unle	ess otherwise noted.	
Ts.	a torm	s and percentages used t					-					ected
l by	time c	of year and water added o	turing the I	drilling proc	ess. 🔳 '	Water lev	rels indicated n	nav varv with seaso	onal fluctuation and	the degree	of soil saturation whe	n the
) bor	ing w	as taken.	ation lines	represent t	ne appi	ennixu	ooundanes be	iween son types, tr	io aciudi iidiiSiliOIIS	may be gi	auuali 🖷	



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Client	lient S E A Consultants Date 04/09/91 Job No. 91-0119 Docation Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts											
Locati	ion He	endrick	Street	, Ea	sthampt	on,	Mass	achusett	s			
BORI NO.	NG (A-(AP-W	Ground Elev.		Date Start	04/0	8/91	Date Comp	04/08/91 ete	Drilling Foreman	S.B.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist
. D			Samp	le Data					Soil and/o	r bedrock strata o	lescription	ns
Ошо⊢н	No.	Sample Depth	(ft.)	6" P	Blows enetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vis	ual Identification of	Soil and/o	r Rock Strata
									Dense, d		, FINE	TO COARSE SAND
12 <u>5</u>								124'0"	Set well	ooring at point at evel at 31	119'0	
130												
135									·			
140	140											
14 <u>5</u>												
150												,
155												
169	0											
Туре	of B	oring Cas	ing Size:	4"	Holle	ow Ster	n Auger	Size:		<u> </u>		
	Pro	Trace 0 to Some 10 to And 40 to	10% 40%		0 to 4 Very 4 to 10 Loc 10 to 30 M	Loose ose ledium	Dense	30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve	ense ery Dense	0 to 2 Very Soi 2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Medium	Stiff	s (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard
	Standard penetration test (SPT) = 140# hammer falling 30" Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long \times 2" O.D. \times 1 3/8" l.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.											



Client	S	E A Consultant	s					Date 04/09/9	1 .	Job No. 91-0119
Locati	on H e	endrick Street	, Easthamp	ton,	Mass	achusett	s			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
BORII NO.	۷G کام	9-B Ground 1ル-95) Elev.	Da Sta	te 04 irt	4/08/	91 Date Comp	lete 04/08	3/91 Drilling Foreman	S.B.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist
D			le Data				Soil ar	nd/or bedrock stra	ta descript	ions
Dwp T H	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth		Visual Identification	n of Soil an	d/or Rock Strata
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				1]		n dense, Fl	NE TO	COARSE SAND AND
20 _				-	-	1	SILT.			
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40	-			+	+	1			•	
40_						1	<u></u>			·
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	4" Ho	illow Ste	m Auge	r Size:	<u>-</u>	· -		
	Pr	roportion Percentages				ls (blows per				oils (blows per ft.)
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%	0 to 4 Ve 4 to 10 L		9	30 to 50 t Over 50 V	Dense Very Dense	0 to 2 Very 2 to 4 Soft		8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30	Medium	_		<u> </u>	4 to 8 Med	ium Stiff	Over 30 Hard
			Standard Blows are	enetrati per 6" t	on test (aken wi	(SPT) = 140# h th an 18" long	nammer falling 3 \times 2" O.D. \times 1	80" 3/8" 1.D. split spoo	n sampler	inless otherwise noted.
Th	e term	ns and percentages used t	o describe soil and o	rock are	based	on visual identi	fication of the ret	rieved samples.	Moisture co	ntent indicated may be affected
lan.	. محنه	of year and water added ovas taken.	turing the drilling pro	70cc I	Water I	potenia indicated	may yary with se	asonal fluctuation	ano me ded	LEG OF 2011 SQUARGUOTI MITCH RIC

Client	fient S E A Consultants Date 04/09/91 Job No. 91-0119											
Locati	onHe	endrick Street	, Eas	thampt	on,	Mass						
BORII NO.	NG 9	Ground AW-9B) Elev.		Dat Sta	e rt 04/	08/9	1 Date Compl	_{ete} 04/08/9		B . Geologist		
		Samp	le Data		1			Soil and	or bedrock strata descripti	ons		
D P T	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	BI 6" Per	ows netration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	V	isual Identification of Soil and	I/or Rock Strata		
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45_				<u> </u>		<u> </u>						
	•							Medium SILT.	dense, FINE TO	COARSE SAND AND		
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					╁	1		End of	boring at 55'0	n		
					ļ			Set wel	.1 point at 55'0	n		
60_					┼	┼		Water 1	.evel at 31'0" u	pon completion		
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80					ļ_]			•		
	_	oring Casing Size:	4"	Ho	llow Sta	M Auger	Size:	<u> </u>				
туре		oportion Percentages	4	110			s (blows per fl	1	Cohesive S	oils (blows per ft.)		
	Trace 0 to 10%											
		ARG TO TO SOM	-	Standard o	enetratio	on test (SPT) = 140# h h an 18" long :	ammer falling 30" × 2" O.D. × 1 3/				
Thi	e term	ns and percentages used	to describ	e coil and or	rock are	hased (n visual identifi	cation of the retrie	eved samples.	tent indicated may be affected		
h	tima .	of woor and water added	durina tha	drilling proc	2201	Water le	vels indicated n	12V VARV WITH SEAS	sonal fluctuation and the degi the actual transitions may be	ree of soil saturation when the		



Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	S	E A Consulta	nts				D	Date 04/29/91 Job No.91-0119A					
	tion Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts												
BORI NO.	O. Start 04/24/91 Complete 04/29/91 Foreman M.C. Geologist												
₽		Samp	ole Data			-	Soil and	l/or bedrock strata descriptions					
T-1-0mG	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Inches E	asing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	isual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata					
5	1	4'0"- 6'0"	17-14-14-13					n dense, dry, brown, FINE TO I SAND, trace inorganic silt.					
10 _	2	9'0"-11'0"	5-5-5-7			8'0"		dense, dry, brown, FINE SAND, norganic silt, trace clay.					
15	3	14'0"-15'0"	15-16-17-21	6-17-21			Dense, dry, FINE TO MEDIUM SNAD, To inorganic silt, trace coarse sand.						
20	4	19'0"-21'0"	16-12-13-16			18'0"							
25 _	5	24'0"-26'0"	9-13-15-17					,					
30 _	6	29'0"-31'0"	4-8-14-21				VERY F	n dense to dense, dry to wet, TINE TO FINE SAND, some inorganio trace clay.					
35 _	7	34'0"-36'0"	9-11-13-15										
40 _	8	39'0"-41'0"	8-9-10-11										
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	Holl	ow Stem	Auger	Size:							
	Pro	pportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4 Ven 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	y Loose ose		30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve	ense	Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.) 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff 2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very Stiff 4 to 8 Medium Stiff Over 30 Hard					
			Standard pe Blows are p	enetration er 6" take	test (S en with	SPT) = 140# ha n an 18" long :	ammer falling 30" × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8	, 8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.					
1						1 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	بالتعمير مطاوات المائدات	d complete					

Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

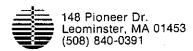
5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	S	E A Consulta	nts				D	ate 04/29/91 Joh	No. 91-0119A				
Locati	ation Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts RING MT OC Ground Date 04/24/01 Date 04/20/01 Drilling M. C. Eng./Hydrol.												
BORII NO.	NG N	ſW−9C Ground Elev.	Dat Sta	e rt 04/	/24/9	1 Date Comp	_{lete} 04/29/9	1 Foreman M.C.	Geologist				
Ъ		.Samş	pie Data				Soil and	or bedrock strata description	1\$				
DMPHI	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	isual Identification of Soil and/o	r Rock Strata				
				<u> </u>									
				-									
								•					
45 _	9	44'0"-46'0"	12-17-20-27	/									
				 	 								
•					 								
							Medium	dense to dense,	dry to yet				
50 _	10	49'0"-51'0"	10-17-21-25	<u> </u>	-			INE TO FINE SAND					
	_			 	 		ganic	silt, trace clay	•				
									•				
	11	5410"-5610"	11-15-21-24		 								
55 _	11	54 0 -50 0	11-13-21-22		1								
				1					•				
				-	-								
60 _	12	59'0"-61'0"	18-21-24-21		 								
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		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>	63'0"							
65 _	13	64'0"-66'0"	12-18-26-36						·				
				 									
-				1									
70 –	14	69'0"- 71'0"	9-13-19-27	-	 -		77		L KEDW				
	<u> </u>			-	+	!		ense, wet, brown O FINE SAND, som					
								trace coarse san					
	1 =	74'0"-76'0"	17 20 21 27		-	1	lenses	•					
75 -	15	74 0 -76 0	17-20-21-26	' 	 	1							
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	16	79'0"-81'0"	20-22-24-27	,	1	-							
80 -				1					•				
Type	of Bo	oring Casing Size:	Hol	low Ste	m Auger	Size:							
	Pro	pportion Percentages				s (blows per f			(blows per ft.)				
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo		١	30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve		0 to 2 Very Soft 2 to 4 Soft	8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff				
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 M	<i>l</i> edium				4 to 8 Medium Stiff	Over 30 Hard				
		,	Standard po	enetrationer 6" ta	n test (Saken with	SPT) = 140# h n an 18" long :	ammer falling 30" \times 2" O.D. \times 1 3/8	3" I.D. split spoon sampler unle	ess otherwise noted.				
								yed samples Moisture conter					



Geotechnical Drilling and Groundwater Monitor Wells

Client	S	E A Consultar	nts						Date 04	/29/91	Job No. 91-0119A
Locati	on F	Hendrick Stree	et, E	Casthamp	ton,	Mas	sachuset	ts			
BORI NO.	NG N	MW-9C Ground Elev.		Date Star	04/	24/9	1 Date Compl	_{ete} 04/29/9	1 - Drilli Forei	ng man M.C.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist
Ď		Sam	ole Data	1			·	Soil and	d/or bedro	ock strata descrip	tions
т⊣ощо	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	6" F	Blows enetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	V	/isual Iden	tification of Soil a	nd/or Rock Strata
					-	\vdash					•
											•
85 _	17	84'0"-86'0"	17-2	20-19-23							
									•		
	10	89'0"-91'0"	20.	7 20 /5							
90 _	18	89.091.0.	30-3	37-38-45		<u> </u>					
				·			,			•	
٠.	19	94'0"-96'0"	22-2	7-30-30							
95 –								•		,	
						ļ					`
				···	<u> </u>			Verv đ	ense.	wet. hrow	wn to gray, VERY
100-	20	99'0"-101'0"	18-1	8-10-15							ome inorganic silt
100						ļ—		trace	coars	e sand, t	race clay lenses.
						 					
105_	20_	104'0"-106'0	15-1	<u>3-18-18</u>							
							İ				·
	22	109'0"-111'0'	10 1	0 26 27		<u> </u>	1				
110_	22	109 0 -111 0	13-1	. 9-20-21							
			<u> </u>								
115-	23	114'0"-116'0'	21-2	26-28-25		.					
11,				_							
	<u> </u>					+					
							:				
120-	24	119'0"-120'0'	29~3	3-34-30	<u> </u>	ļ					
Туре	of Bo	I Casing Size:	. <u> </u>	Holle	ow Ster	n Auger	Size:	,			
-	Pro	oportion Percentages			Granu	lar Soils	(blows per ft.	.)			Goils (blows per ft.)
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%		0 to 4 Very 4 to 10 Loc			30 to 50 De Over 50 Ve			2 Very Soft 4 Soft	8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff
		And 40 to 50%		10 to 30 M	edium	Dense		., = =+		8 Medium Stiff	Over 30 Hard
				Standard pe Blows are po	netratio er 6" ta	n test (S ken with	PT) = 140# ha an 18" long x	mmer falling 30" c 2" O.D. × 1 3/	" /8" I.D. sp	lit spoon sampler	unless otherwise noted.
The	term	s and percentages used t	o descri	be soil and or r	ock are	based o	n visual identific	cation of the retrie	eved samp	les. Moisture co	ntent indicated may be affected gree of soil saturation when the
bor	ing wa	as taken. I The stratific	ation lin	es represent th	ne appr	oximate	boundaries bet	ween soil types,	the actual	transitions may b	e gradual.

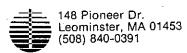


Client												
	ration Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts PRING MIL OC Ground Date 04/24/01 Date 04/20/01 Drilling M. C Eng./Hydrol.											
BORI NO.	NG 1	MW-9C Elev.		te irt 04/	24/9	1				Geologist		
₽			le Data		<u> </u>		Soit and/	or bedrock str	ata descrip	tions		
Ошо⊢Н	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	· Vi	sual Identificati	on of Soil ar	nd/or Rock Strata		
				<u> </u>		101101						
						121'0"	End 4"	casing 1	hole at	- 12110"		
				 			Set we	ll point	at 119	0'0"		
1 125_							Water 1	level at	45'0"	upon complet	ion	
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130-			·	 	<u> </u>	ļ						
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135-				<u> </u>	 _	-		•				
					 							
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	\vdash			+-	+	1						
60_] .						
Type	of B	oring Casing Size:	LHo	llow Ste	m Augei	Size:	<u> </u>	. <u>.</u> .				
.,,,,		oportion Percentages				ls (blows per f	1.)		Cohesive S	ioils (blows per ft.)		
	Trace 0 to 10%											
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 l	enetration	n test (SPT) = 140# h	ammer falling 30"	4 to 8 Med		Over 30 Hard		
		····	Blows are	per 6" ta	ken wit	h an 18" long	× 2" Q.D. × 1 3/8			unless otherwise noted.		
The by	e term time o	ns and percentages used to of year and water added d as taken. The stratifications	o describe soil and or luring the drilling prod	rock are ess. ■	based (Water le	on visual identifivels indicated r	cation of the retrievenay vary with season	red samples.	Moisture cor and the deg	ntent indicated may be af ree of soil saturation who	fected en th e	
100	any W	as taken. 🖿 THE SHAUNC	enon imes rebreselli	me appi	OVILLIGIE	האחווחמונבס הב	moon oon types, ti	וט עקושעו נופווטו	mono may bi	- J. waam -		

Client		E A Consultar					•	ate 04/09/91	Job No. 91-0119			
Locati	on Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts											
BORII NO.	Sample Data Start 03/28/91 Complete 03/29/91 Foreman S.B. Geologist Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions											
Б			le Data				Soil and	or bedrock strata descript	ons			
DE PT.	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	sual Identification of Soil an	d/or Rock Strata			
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5 _	-1	4'0"- 6'0"	7-8-6-7	 								
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10_	2	9'0"-11'0"	9-10-11-18	3		,			· .			
				-								
				 	<u> </u>							
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15 _	3	14'0"-16'0"	6-6-5-5						·			
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				1	<u> </u>							
				ļ <u>.</u>				o dense, dry to	wet, FINE TO			
20	4	19'0"-21'0"	6-4-6-7	 	-	-	COARSE	SAND AND SILT.	•			
	<u> </u>			 	 	1						
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25 _	5	24'- 26'0"	9-7-9-11	 	 							
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	6	29'0"-31'0"	6-5-6-3	-	+	_						
30 _	┝╙	29 0 -31 0	0-5-0-5	†								
						_						
					1	-						
35_	7	34'0"-36'0"	13-13-14-20	0	 	1						
33_					Ţ]			•			
Į .				-	+	1						
1					 	1						
40_	8	39'0"-41'0"	18-21-20-2	1]			•			
		<u> </u>	4 ¹¹ Ho		ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	<u></u>	<u>i</u>	·				
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	4 Ho	llow Ster								
	Pr	oportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10%	0 to 4 Ve			is (blows per f 30 to 50 C		Cohesive S 0 to 2 Very Soft	oils (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff			
		Some 10 to 40%	4 to 10 Le	oose		Over 50 V		2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Medium Stiff	15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard			
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 l			SDT) _ 140# h	ammer falling 30"		Ofer do flata			
			Blows are	per 6" ta	aken wit	h an 18" long	x 2" O.D. x 1 3/	B" I.D. split spoon sampler ι	inless otherwise noted.			
Th	e term	s and percentages used t	o describe soil and or	rock are	based	on visual identif	ication of the retrie	ved samples. Moisture cor	atent indicated may be affected			
boi boi	time o	or year and water added o as taken. The stratific	ation lines represent	the app	vvater te oximate	boundaries be	tween soil types,	the actual transitions may be	ree of soil saturation when the gradual.			

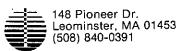
5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client		E A Consultar						ate 04/09	/91 Jo	ob No. 91-0119		
Locati	ation Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts RING 10-A Ground Date 03/28/91 Date 03/29/91 Drilling S.B. Eng./Hydrol.											
BORII NO.		10-A Ground Elev.	Date Star	03/	28/9	1 Date Comp		[⊥] Foreman	S.B.	Geologist		
Б			ile Data				Soil and	or bedrock str	ata descriptio	ns		
DШРТН	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	sual Identificati	on of Soil and/	for Rock Strata		
										·		
	•				 							
	0	44'0"-46'0"	13-14-14-14									
45_	9	44 0 -46 0	13-14-14-14									
					ļ	•						
50_	10	49'0"-51'0"	8-6-6-9									
				<u> </u>								
55_	11	54'0"_56'0"	8-7-6-8]						
					-	-						
	<u> </u>]		مائم	d 222 == ==	NO PINE TO		
	12	59'0"-61'0"	7-5-4-4					o dense, SAND ANI		wet, FINE TO		
60_	14	J9 0 -01 0	7 5-4-4	<u> </u>]						
] <i>'</i>						
		<u> </u>						•				
65–	13	64'0"-66'0"	7-7-7-5			-						
				<u> </u>	\perp	1						
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	14	69'0"-71'0"	10-15-20-30			_						
70-						1						
	_	<u> </u>		ऻ								
	1-	74'0"-76'0"	12-25-20-34									
75-	15	74.076.0.	12-23-20-34		<u> </u>	1						
				Ε.]						
	-			-	 	}						
80	16	79'0"-81'0"	12-18-29-3	3	-]						
	of P	oring Casing Size:	4 ¹¹ Hoi	low Ste	M Auge	r Size:	<u>1</u>	· -				
	Proportion Percentages Granular Soils (blows per ft.) Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.)											
	.,	Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo	y Loose		30 to 50 D Over 50 V	ense	0 to 2 Ver 2 to 4 So	fŧ	8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff		
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 M	ledium				4 to 8 Me	dium Stiff	Over 30 Hard		
			Standard po Blows are o	enetrationer 6″ t	on test (aken wit	SPT) = 140# h h an 18" long	nammer falling 30" \times 2" O.D. \times 1 3/	, 8″ I.D. split spo	on sampler ur	nless otherwise noted.		
 -						111.69				ent indicated may be affected		



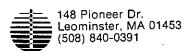
5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

	S E A Consultants Date 04/09/91 Job No. 91-0119											
Locati												
BORI NO.	NG]	LO-A Groun	nd	Date Start	03/	28/9	1 Date Comp	lete 03/29/91	Drilling S.	В.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist	
р			iample Data					Soil and/	or bedrock strata	descriptio	ns	
DMOLT	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	6" P	Blows enetration	Rec. nches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vis	ual Identification	of Soil and/	or Rock Strata	
85_							81'0"	End of 1 Set well	ooring at L point at	81'0' 81'0'		
90_												
95-	-]					
95-							<u> </u>	İ				
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114												
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124	<u></u>		_			-	-					
Туре	of B	oring Casing Siz	e: 411	Holic	w Ster	n Auge	r Size:					
		oportion Percentag Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%		0 to 4 Very 4 to 10 Loo 10 to 30 Me Standard per	Loose se edium	Dense	(blows per f 30 to 50 D Over 50 V SPT) = 140# in h an 18" long	Dense ery Dense	0 to 2 Very S 2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Medius	Soft m Stiff	Is (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard less otherwise noted.	
<u> </u>				Diona are pe			10 10119		FF-211	1. 2. 2		

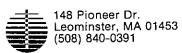


5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	ntS E A Consultants Date04/09/91 Job No.91-0119												
Locati	onHe	ndrick Street	, Eas	sthampt	on,	Mass	achusett	S					
BORII NO.	NG 1	O-B Ground Elev.		Date Star	04/	08/9	1 Date Compl	ete 04/08/9	91 Drilling Foreman	S . B Eng./Hydrol. Geologist			
.D			le Data					Soil and	or bedrock strata des	criptions			
Дщо⊢Т	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	6" Pe	llows enetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	isual Identification of So	il and/or Rock Strata			
5 _	1	4'0"- 6'0"	6-8-	29-36						,			
									<u>.</u>				
10 _	2	9'0"-11'0"	11-1	6-15-17	-					;			
	-												
15 _													
	Dense to very dense, dry to wet, FINE TO COARSE SAND AND SILT.												
20	4	19'0"-21'0"	10-1	0-8-8									
		24'0"-26'0"		<u> </u>]						
25 _	5	24 0 - 26 0	_/-	6-7-7									
					ļ .	-	-						
30 _	6	29'0"-31'0"	10-1	3-13-12	2				·				
						ļ <u></u>	-						
35 _	7_	34'0"-36'0"	3-4	-6-13		-							
40 _	8 39'0"-41'0" 6-7-5-7												
Туре	rpe of Boring Casing Size: 411 Hollow Stem Auger Size:												
	Pr	roportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%		0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo	y Loose	3	ls (blows per fi 30 to 50 D Over 50 Ve	ense	Cohesi 0 to 2 Very Soft 2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Medium St	ve Soils (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard			
				Standard n	enetrati	on test /	SPT) = 140# h h an 18" long	ammer falling 30" × 2" O.D. × 1 3/	, 8" I.D. split spoon sam	pler unless otherwise noted.			
			مالسم مال م	a anii and ar		hacad.	on vicual identifi	cation of the retrie	ved samples - Moistur	re content indicated may be affected			



Client	SE	E A Consultant	s				Da	ate04/09/91	Joh	No.9 <u>1</u> -0119			
Locati	Ocation Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts ORING 10-B Ground Date 04/08/91 Date 04/08/91 Drilling S.B. Eng./Hydrol.												
BORII NO.	NG]	O-B Ground	Dat Sta	p4/0	8/91	Date Comp	04/08/91	Drilling Foreman	S.B.	Eng./Hydrol. Geologist			
ā		Samp	ole Data				Soll and/	or bedrock strata	description	18			
DEPT	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	. Vis	sual Identification o	f Soil and/o	or Rock Strata			
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				<u> </u>	<u> </u>			•					
45 _	9	44'0"-46'0"	12-14-15-16							•			
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50_	10	49'0"-51'0"	8-5-13-21	<u> </u>	ļ —								
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55 –	11_	54'0"-56'0"	13-10-16-19	 									
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60 -	12	<u> </u>	12-16 - 21-2	}	1			SE SAND ANI		y to wet, FINE			
]							
				-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		-					
	13	64'0"-66'0"	6-8-10-9		+					•			
65-		04 0 00 0	0 0 10)	†	 -			•					
										•			
	<u> </u>			-	-	-							
ļ	14	69'0"-71'0"	11-14-18-2	1	†	1		•					
70-]							
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	-			1		1							
	15	74'0"-76'0"	38-33-37-64]							
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 	16	79'0"-81'0'	56-59-67-6	8	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		•					
80	<u> </u>			laus Ct-		Ciro:	<u>. </u>						
Туре	of B	Boring Casing Size:	4" Ho		m Auger	·	T		haalisa Oriii	n (blove per #)			
	Pi	roportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10%	0 to 4 Ve			is (blows per t 30 to 50 to		0 to 2 Very Sc		ls (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff			
	Some 10 to 40% 4 to 10 Loose Over 50 Very Dense 2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very Stiff												
		And 40 to 50%				SDT) = 140# F	nammer falling 30"	T TO D INICUIUII	. 000	J.01 00 11010			
			Blows are	enetrati per 6" 1	aken wit	h an 18" long	× 2" O.D. × 1 3/8	3" I.D. split spoon s	sampler unl	ess otherwise noted.			
Th	e tern	ns and percentages used	to describe soil and or	rock ar	e based	on visual identi	lication of the retriev	ved samples. ■ Mo	isture conte	nt indicated may be affected			
la. a		of year and water added vas taken. ■ The stratific	during the drilling proc	·acc E	Water is	veis indicated	mav varv with seas	onai nucluation am	յ լյութ աբայ բա	S OI SOII SAIDIANOII MIIGII NIG			



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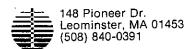
Client												
	HING 10-B Ground Date 04/08/91 Complet 04/08/91 France S.B. Goolegiet											
BORII NO.	NG 1 (Ground Elev.	Date Star	04/0	8/91	Date Comp	nplete 14/00/91 Foreman 5.B. Geologist					
Б	_		le Data				Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions					
DEP H	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Visual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata					
85_	17	84'0"-85'0"	76-120/6"				Dense to very dense, dry to wet, FINE TO COARSE SAND AND SILT.					
						85'0"	End of boring at 85'0" Set well point at 84'0"					
90_							Water level at 15'0" upon completion					
95												
10€												
10 <u>5</u>						-						
110						-						
114												
1.24	e of Boring Casing Size: 4 ¹¹ Hollow Stem Auger Size:											
,,,,		roportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	0 to 4. Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	y Loose loose Medium	Dense	(SDT) = 140# h	Dense 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff 2 to 4 Soft 15 to 30 Very Stiff 4 to 8 Medium Stiff Over 30 Hard					
			Blows are p	per 6" t	aken wi	in an 18" long	g x 2" O.D. x 1 3/8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.					

Client	S	E A Consultar	nts				Đ	ate 04/09/91	Job No. 91-0119				
	ion Hendrick Street, Easthampton, Massachusetts NG 11A Ground Date 03/25/91 Date 03/27/91 Drilling S.B. Eng./Hydrol.												
BORII NO.	NG /M	Ground Elev.	Dat Sta	e 03,	/25/9	1 Date Comp			Geologist				
Б		Samp	ile Data				Soil and/	or bedrock strata descript	ions				
ОШРН	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Vi	sual Identification of Soil an	d/or Rock Strata				
		` <u>.</u>			-	;							
	<u> </u>			-	\vdash								
					·								
5 _	_1	4'0"- 6'0"	14-14-23-26	<u> </u>					e e				
	-			 	1								
	2	9'0"-11'0"	7-5-8-8	ļ									
10 _		9 0 11 0		ļ .	1								
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				 	+				•				
15	3	14'0"-16'0"	8-4-4-7	†									
				-			_						
				╁	╁┈┤								
									iry to wet, FINE				
20_	4	19'0"-21'0"	3-3-13-18	-	┼		TO COAR	SE SAND AND SI	LT.				
				1	+								
	5	24'- 26'0"	14-9-9-16	╁	 -		ī						
25 _		24 - 20 0	14-9-9-16	<u> </u>									
				\bot									
	<u> </u>			-									
30_	6	.29'0"-31'0"	10-13-15-18	3									
				 	1								
	-			\vdash	-								
				1_									
35 _	7	34'0"-36'0"	<u> 9-11-12-14</u>	+									
				\perp									
40	8	39'0"-41'0"	8-11-10-14	4	-								
40_	Ľ.												
Туре	of B	oring Casing Size:	4" Hol	llow Ste	m Auger	Size:							
	Proportion Percentages Granular Soils (blows per ft.) Cohesive Soils (blows per ft.) Trace 0 to 10% 0 to 4 Very Loose 30 to 50 Dense 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff												
		Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40%	4 to 10 Lo	oose		Over 50 V		2 to 4 Soft 4 to 8 Medium Stiff	15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard				
		And 40 to 50%	10 to 30 f			PT) = 140# h	ammer falling 30"		Offi Of Flatu				
			Blows are	per 6" t	aken with	an 18" long	x 2" O.D. x 1 3/8	3" I.D. split spoon sampler	unless otherwise noted.				
Th	e term	ns and percentages used t	to describe soil and or	rock ar	e based o	n visual identif	ication of the retrie	ved samples. Moisture co	ntent indicated may be affected				
by bo	time (ring w	or year and water added o vas taken. ■ The stratific	ation lines represent	the app	roximate	boundaries be	tween soil types, t	he actual transitions may b	ree of soil saturation when the e gradual. ■				



5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client		E A Consulta							ate 04/0	09/91	Job No. 91-0119	
Locati	on	Hendrick Stre	et, E	Easthamp	ton	, Mas	sachuset	tts				
BORII NO.		11-A Ground Elev.		Date Star	03,	/25/9	Date Comp	_{llete} 03/27/9			Eng./Hydrol. Geologist	
Đ		Samp	le Data					Soil and	or bedrock	strata des	criptions	
DEPTH	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	6" Pe	Blows enetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	V	sual Identific	ation of Sc	oil and/or Rock Strata	
	-					<u> </u>	l l					
,	_	·			-	1					•	
											• .	
45 _	9	44'0"-46'0"	9-8	3-9-14								
	-							<u> </u>				•
	10	4010U 5110U	11 1	1 11 11		 						
50 -	10	49'0"-51'0"	11-1	1-11-11	-		1					
					ļ							
	11	54'0"-56'0"	16 1	7-20-20	 	 						
55 –	11	34 0 -36 0	10-1	./=20-20	1		1					
						<u> </u>]	Loose t	o very	dense	, dry to wet, FI	NE
[<u> </u>	·			-	 	-	TO COAR				
	12	59'0"-61'0"	9-	-7-10-13	3	1	1					
60 -						1_]					
					_	 	-					
			 		+-	 	1					
	13	64'0"-66'0"	5-	-5-6-8								
65 -					<u> </u>		_					
ľ	-				+	+	1			•		
	┢				T							
	14	69'0"-71'0"	15-2	26-29-25	j		_		•			
70 -	<u> </u>		 	<u></u> .	+	+-	1					
	\vdash	<u> </u>	 			1	1					
]					
 75 -	15	74'0"-76'0"	20-1	.5- <u>15-</u> 19	' 	+-	-					
د ر	-		╁┈		+	+	1					
]					
	1.	79'0"-81'0"	<u>-</u>	7-22-11	 	 	4					
80 -	16	19.081.0	1 0-/	-22-11	+-	+	1				<u> </u>	
	of E	Soring Casing Size:	4"	' Hol	low Ste	m Auge	r Size:					
.,,,,		roportion Percentages Trace 0 to 10% Some 10 to 40% And 40 to 50%	-	0 to 4 Ver 4 to 10 Lo 10 to 30 M	Gran	ft.) Dense Very Dense	2 to 4	Very Soft	ive Soils (blows per ft.) 8 to 15 Stiff 15 to 30 Very Stiff Over 30 Hard			
				Standard p	enetrationer 6" t	on test (aken wi	(SPT) = 140# h th an 18" long	nammer falling 30' × 2" O.D. × 1 3/	8" I.D. split	spoon sam	pler unless otherwise noted.	
—								Cartina of the retrie	und namples	■ Moietu	re content indicated may be affe	hete



5 Monson Place Milford, NH 03055 (603) 672-2135

Client	Client S E A Consultants Date 04/09/91 Job No. 91-0119							
Locat	ion H	lendrick Stree				_	•	
BORI NO.								
р			ole Data		<u>,</u>		Soil and/or bedrock strata descriptions	
Ошо⊢т	No.	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows 6" Penetration	Rec. Inches	Casing Blows Per ft.	Strata Change Depth	Visual Identification of Soil and/or Rock Strata	
					<u> </u>			
	\vdash			 				
85 _ 90 _	17	84'0"-86'0"	8-11-13-18				Loose to very dense, dry to wet, FINE TO COARSE SAND AND SILT.	
				<u> </u>				
	18	89'0"-91'0"	10-10-16-20	-	┼			
	10	89 0 -91 0	10-10-10-20					
	-							
95 <u>–</u>	19	94'0''-96'0''	14-22-65-12	20	ļ			
	$\vdash \dashv$			\vdash	-	96'0"		
]	End of boring at 96'0"	
		<u> </u>			+	'	Set well point at 96'0"	
100-]	Water level at 4'0" upon completion	
				 	<u> </u>			
		<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>]		
105_				ļ		<u> </u>		
			<u> </u>	-	1 .	1		
				1]		
		<u> </u>		-	+-	-		
110_	_							
				<u> </u>	1	-	•	
	-				+	1		
115-]		
	<u> </u>	_			-	1		
]		
				_	-	-		
120-	-					-		
Type of Boring Casing Size: 4 ¹¹ Hollow Stem Auger Size:								
Proportion Percentages Granu Trace 0 to 10% 0 to 4 Very Loose Some 10 to 40% 4 to 10 Loose And 40 to 50% 10 to 30 Medium I				y Loose ose	€	s (blows per f 30 to 50 D Over 50 V	pense 0 to 2 Very Soft 8 to 15 Stiff	
			Blows are p	Standard penetration test (SPT) = 140# hammer falling 30" Blows are per 6" taken with an 18" long × 2" O.D. × 1 3/8" I.D. split spoon sampler unless otherwise noted.				

APPENDIX B - Phase IIA Chemical Analyses Reports

DECEMBER 1990 WATER SAMPLES

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

PHASE II A WELLS

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants, Inc. Laboratory Job Number: 906556

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Cambridge, MA 02139

Invoice Number: 17699

Date Received: 12/06/90

Attn:

Craig Blake

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Client Designation: Project∦ E. Hampton

Delivery Method: EST

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
906556.1	#1 (mw-1)	N/A
906556.2	#6 (MW-6)	N/A
906556.2D	#6 (Duplicate)	N/A
906556.3	M1 (MW-M1)	N/A
906556.3S	M1 (Spike Recovery) N/A
906556.4	M2 (MW-MZ)	N/A
906556.5	Equipment Blank	N/A
906556.6	Trip blank	N/A

Authorized by:

Laboratory Director

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.1

Date Received: 12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT UNI	UNITS	NITS MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/19/90
Soluble Metals	0.06	1 -	0.01			10 (06 (00	
Iron Manganese	0.06 0.09	mg/L mg/L	0.01 0.01	1 1	6010 6010	12/06/90 12/06/90	12/10/90 12/10/90

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.2

Date Received: 12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL 1	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics *** Xylenes	14	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/19/90
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	0.73 4.89	mg/L mg/L	0.01	1 1	6010 6010	12/06/90 12/06/90	12/10/90 12/10/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.2D

Date Received:

12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	% RPD
Volatile Organics ** Xylenes	* 14	13	7.4 .
Soluble Metals	·		
Iron	0.73	0.82	12
Manganese	4.89	5.17	6

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

NC 320 MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.3

Date Received: 12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT UNI	UNITS	ITS MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/20/90
Soluble Metals						10/06/00	10 /10 /00
Iron	0.04	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	12/06/90	12/10/90
Manganese	0.10	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	12/06/90	12/10/90

 $[\]boldsymbol{\star}$ Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.3S

Date Received: 12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	ZRECOVERY			
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	92% 102%			

MA 086 CT PH-0574 NC 320 NH 198958-A NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.4

Date Received: 12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT UNIT	UNITS	S MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/20/90
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	0.14 0.06	mg/L mg/L	0.01 0.01	1 1		12/06/90 12/06/90	12/10/90 12/10/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.5 Date Received: 12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water Date Reported: 12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory Field Prep: Metals were

field filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
				<u> </u>	 		
Volatile Organics ***							
Chloroform	39	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/19/90
Bromodichloromethane	4.7	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/19/90
Soluble Metals			· ·				
Iron	0.16	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	12/06/90	12/10/90
Manganese	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	12/06/90	12/10/90

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906556.6

Date Received: 12/06/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were

field filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/20/90
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	0.02 ND	mg/L mg/L	0.01 0.01	1 1	6010 6010	12/06/90 12/06/90	12/10/90 12/10/90

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

906556

Date Reported: 12/20/90

Alpha Job Number: 906556
Alpha Sample Number(s): 906556.1-.6
Method Detection Limit: See Below

	COMPOUNDS	
Methylene chloride).9 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethane		L.6 ug/L
Chloroform).5 ug/L
Carbon tetrachloride		0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichloropropane		2.0 ug/L
Dibromochloromethane		1.0 ug/L
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		l.7 ug/L
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether		3.3 ug/L
Tetrachloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Chlorobenzene		2.0 ug/L
Trichlorofluoromethane		L.7 ug/L
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
Bromodichloromethane		0.7 ug/L
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/L
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/L
Bromoform		1.6 ug/L
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		2.3 ug/L
Benzene		0.5 ug/L
Toluene		2.0 ug/L
Ethyl benzene		2.4 ug/L
Xylenes		3.3 ug/L
Chloromethane		2.7 ug/L
Bromomethane		2.3 ug/L
Vinyl chloride		0.5 ug/L
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2.5 ug/L
Chloroethane		0.5 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L $0.5 ug/L$
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Trichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		3.4 ug/L
Acetone		6.7 ug/L
Carbon disulfide		0.7 ug/L 0.0 ug/L
2-Butanone		0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L
Vinyl acetate		6.7 ug/L
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		6.7 ug/L
2-Hexanone		3.3 ug/L
Styrene		3.3 ug/L 3.3 ug/L
o-Xylene		J.J 48/1

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2 CONTINUED

Alpha Job Number: 9065 Alpha Sample Number(s): Date Reported: 906556 12/20/90

906556.1-.6

	COMPOUNDS		•
1,1-Dichloropropene		•	10.0 ug/I
2,2-Dichloropropane			10.0 ug/I
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane			10.0 ug/I
1,2,3-Trichloropropane			10.0 ug/I
Bromochloromethane			10.0 ug/I
n-Butylbenzene			10.0 ug/I
Dichlorodifluoromethane			10.0 ug/l
Hexachlorobutadiene			10.0 ug/l
Isopropylbenzene			10.0 ug/
p-Isopropyltoluene			10.0 ug/
Naphthalene		• •	10.0 ug/
n-Propylbenzene			10.0 ug/
Sec-butylbenzene	•		10.0 ug/
Tert-butylbenzene			10.0 ug/
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene			10.0 ug/
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			10.0 ug/
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene			10.0 ug/
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene			10.0 ug/
Bromobenzene			10.0 ug/
o-Chlorotoluene			10.0 ug/
p-Chlorotoluene		·	10.0 ug/
Dibromomethane			10.0 ug/
1,2-Dibromoethane			10.0 ug/
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane		•	10.0 ug/
1,3-Dichloropropane			10.0 ug/

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER SOIL			
Organics:		,		
Volatile Organics	30 %	30 %		
Acid/Base/Neutrals	40 %	40 %		
Pesticides/PCB's	40 %	40 %		
Inorganics:				
Metals	20 %	30 %		
Wet Chemistry	30 %	30 %		

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF.
 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
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 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. D. G. Taylor, [Manual of Analytical Methods, 2nd Ed., DHEW (NIOSH) Pub. No. 77-237A, 1977.]
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- Federal Register, part II. 40 CFR, part 261, et al, pp. 29686-26998.
 June 29, 1990
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

Page 1 of 2 (references 1/90)

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants, Inc. Laboratory Job Number: 906495

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue Invoice Number: 17590

Cambridge, MA 02139 Date Received: 12/03/90

Attn: C. Blake Date Reported: 12/17/90

Client Designation: Job# 90072.1 Delivery Method: EST

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
906495.1	Well #2	N/A
906495.2	Well #4D (MW-4A)	N/A
906495.2D	· Well #4D (Duplicate)	N/A
906495.3	Well #58 (MW-5B)	. N/A
906495.3S	Well #5S (Spike Recov	very) N/A
906495.4	Well #M6 (MW-M6)	N/A
906495.5	Well #8	N/A
906495.6	Well #5D (MW-5A)	N/A
906495.7	Equipment Blank	N/A
906495.8	Trip blank	N/A

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

ср

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.1 Date Receive

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory Field Prep: Metals were

Field Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							
Iron	0.05	mg/L	0.01	1:	6010		12/07/90
Manganese	0.47	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/15/90

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NC 320 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.2

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were

Field Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DA	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS	
Soluble Metals								
Iron	0.02	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90	
Manganese	0.05	mg/L	0.01	ĩ	6010		12/07/90	
Volatile Organics *** 1,1,1-Trichloroethane	2.3	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/15/90	

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.2D

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were

Field Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	Z RPD
Soluble Metals			
Iron	0.02	0.03	40 ·
Manganese	0.05	0.05	0
Volatile Organics *** 1,1,1-Trichloroethane		2.4	4.3

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.3

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were

Field Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals	.,						
Iron	0.08	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90
Manganese	0.02	mg/L	0.01	. 1	6010		12/07/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/15/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.3S

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were

Field Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle

PARAMETER	Z RECOVERY	
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	84% 100%	

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number:

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were

Field Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							
Iron	0.87	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90
Manganese	0.06	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/15/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A NC 320 CT PH-0574 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.5

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were

Field Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	REF* METHOD DATE:			
•					•	EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS	
Soluble Metals								
Iron	0.04	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90	
Manganese	0.16	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90	
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	** .	14	524.2		12/15/90	

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.6

Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							
Iron	0.01	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	12/03/90	12/07/90
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	12/03/90	12/07/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/16/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.7 Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were Field

Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & three VOA vials

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	ITS MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							•
Iron	0.03	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		12/07/90
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	. 1	6010		12/07/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/16/90

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906495.8 Date Received: 12/03/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 12/17/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were Field

Filtered and Preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & one VOA vial

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	METHOD DATES	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							
Iron	0.03	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		· 12/07/90
Manganese	ND.	mg/L	0.01	1 .	6010		12/07/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		12/15/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

Alpha Job Number: 900 Alpha Sample Number(s):

906495

Date Reported:

12/17/90

Alpha Sample Number(s): Method Detection Limit:	906495.18	bate Reported.	
The control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co	See Below		
·	COMPOUNDS	•	
			0.0
Methylene chloride			0.9 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethane			1.6 ug/I
Chloroform			0.5 ug/L
Carbon tetrachloride			0.5 ug/I
1,2-Dichloropropane			2.0 ug/L
Dibromochloromethane			1.0 ug/L
1,1,2-Trichloroethane			1.7 ug/I
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether			3.3 ug/I
Tetrachloroethene			0.5 ug/L
Chlorobenzene	•	, .	2.0 ug/I
Trichlorofluoromethane			1.7 ug/I
1,2-Dichloroethane			0.5 ug/I
1,1,1-Trichloroethane			0.5 ug/I
Bromodichloromethane			0.7 ug/I
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene			1.7 ug/I
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene			1.7 ug/I
Bromoform			1.6 ug/I
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			2.3 ug/I
Benzene			0.5 ug/I
Toluene ·			2.0 ug/I
Ethyl benzene	,		2.4 ug/I
Xylenes			3.3 ug/I
Chloromethane	·		2.7 ug/I
Bromomethane			2.3 ug/I
Vinyl chloride			0.5 ug/I
Chloroethane			2.5 ug/I
1,1-Dichloroethene			0.5 ug/I
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene		•	0.5 ug/I
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene			0.5 ug/I
Trichloroethene			0.5 ug/I
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		•	0.5 ug/I
1,3-Dichlorobenzene			0.5 ug/I
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			0.5 ug/I
Acetone		•	33.4 ug/I
Carbon disulfide			6.7 ug/1
2-Butanone			10.0 ug/l
Vinyl acetate			10.0 ug/l
4-Methyl-2-pentanone			6.7 ug/l
2-Hexanone			6.7 ug/1
Styrene			3.3 ug/I
o-Xylene			3.3 ug/I

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2 CONTINUED

12/17/90

Date Reported:

906495 Alpha Job Number: 90
Alpha Sample Number(s):

906495.1-.8

COMPOUNDS	
1 1 Dichlerenvenene	10.0 ug/L
1,1-Dichloropropene 2,2-Dichloropropane	10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	10.0 ug/L
Bromochloromethane	10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L
n-Butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Dichlorodifluoromethane	10.0 ug/L
Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 ug/L
Isopropylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
p-Isopropyltoluene	10.0 ug/L
Naphthalene	10.0 ug/L
n-Propylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Sec-butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Tert-butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Bromobenzene	10.0 ug/L
o-Chlorotoluene	10.0 ug/L
p-Chlorotoluene	10.0 ug/L
Dibromomethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2-Dibromoethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	10.0 ug/L
1,3-Dichloropropane	10.0 ug/L

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. D. G. Taylor, [Manual of Analytical Methods, 2nd Ed., DHEW (NIOSH) Pub. No. 77-237A, 1977.]
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- Federal Register, part II. 40 CFR, part 261, et al, pp. 29686-26998.
 June, 1990.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL		
Organics:				
Volatile Organics	30 %	30 %		
Acid/Base/Neutrals	40 %	40 %		
Pesticides/PCB's	40 %	40 %		
Inorganics:				
Metals	20 %	['] 30 %		
Wet Chemistry	30 %	30 %		

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL	
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %	
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A	

SUIL TEST

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019

(508) 898-9220

NH 198958-A MA 086 CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

MW-1

MW-2

MW-3

MW-4A

MW-4B

MW-5A

MW.5B

mw-7 MW-8

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants

Laboratory Job Number:

906147

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number: 17241

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received:

11/14/90

Attn:

Kosta Exarhoulakos

Date Reported: 11/28/90

Client Designation: Project# 90072.1V

Delivery Method: Alpha Courier

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
906147.1	B-1	Easthampton
906147.2	B-2	Easthampton
906147.2D	B-2 (duplicate) .	Easthampton
906147.3	B-3	Easthampton
906147.38	B-3 (spike recovery)	Easthampton
906147.4	B-4D (мw-4A)	Easthampton
906147.5	B-4S (MW-4B)	Easthampton
906147.6	B-5D (MW-5A) B-5S (MW-5B)	Easthampton
906147.7	B-58 (MW-5B)	Easthampton
906147.8	B-7	Easthampton
906147.9	B-8	Easthampton

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

mar

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.1

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry weight basis)

Date Reported:

11/28/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER RESUL	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
		•				EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	87	%	0.1	3	2540В		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery 100% 107% 86%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.2

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	82	%	0.1	. 3	2540B		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery 100% 113% 95%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.2D

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR)

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	✗ RPD
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	, ND	NC

NC - Non calculable RPD

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.3

Date Received: 11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	86	x	0.1	3	2540B		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volațile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics	% Surrogate Recovery
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	103%
Toluene-d8	105%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	101%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.3S

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR)

PARAMETER Z RECOVERY

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

92%

NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 MA 086

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.4

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

weight basis)

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
PARAMETER	KESOLI ONIIS	ONLID	JA110 1202 -			EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	85	*	0.1	3	2540B		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ЙD	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1.	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery 89% 100% 123%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number:

906147.5

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	86	%	0.1	. 3	2540B	* - * *	11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery

95% 103%

122%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.6

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Field Prep: None

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	87	% .	0.1	3	2540В		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery 97% 105% 85%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.7

Date Received:

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

11/14/90

weight basis)

Date Reported: 11/28/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	83	%	0.1	3	2540B		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery 96% 108% 95%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.8

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	83	%	0.1	3	2540B		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery 97% 105%

86%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.9 Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Field Prep: None

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
		•				EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	87	%	0.1	3	2540B		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/23/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery

117% 97% 110%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 8260

Alpha Job Number: 906147

Date Reported: 11/28/90

Alpha Sample Number(s): 6147.1 - .9
Method Detection Limit: stated below

stated below

COMP	OI:	רואו	S
COLL	\mathbf{v}	עוניי	

·	COMPOUNDS	,
-		/**
Methylene chloride		ug/Kg
1,1-Dichloroethane		ug/Kg
Chloroform		ug/Kg
Carbon tetrachloride		ug/Kg
1,2-Dichloropropane		ug/Kg
Dibromochloromethane		ug/Kg
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		ug/Kg
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether		ug/Kg
Tetrachloroethene		ug/Kg
Chlorobenzene		ug/Kg
Trichlorofluoromethane		ug/Kg
1,2-Dichloroethane		ug/Kg
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	190	ug/Kg
Bromodichloromethane	110	ug/Kg
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	250	ug/Kg
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	· 250	ug/Kg
Bromoform		ug/Kg
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ug/Kg
Benzene		ug/Kg
Toluene		ug/Kg
Ethyl benzene		ug/Kg
Xylenes		ug/Kg
Chloromethane		ug/Kg
Bromomethane		ug/Kg
Vinyl chloride		ug/Kg
Chloroethane		ug/Kg
1,1-Dichloroethene		ug/Kg
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene		ug/Kg
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene		ug/Kg
Trichloroethene		ug/Kg
Dibromomethane		ug/Kg
1.4-Dichloro-2-butane		ug/Kg
Ethanol		ug/Kg
Iodomethane		ug/Kg
		ug/kg
1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ug/Kg
Styrene Bishlamadiflusersethers		ug/Kg
Dichlorodifluoromethane		ug/Kg
Acetone		ug/Kg ug/Kg
Carbon disulfide		ug/Kg ug/Kg
2-Butanone		ug/Kg ug/Kg
Vinyl acetate		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		ug/Kg
2-Hexanone		ug/Kg
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	500	ug/Kg
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		ug/Kg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	500	ug/Kg

ACCEPTABLE SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FRACTION	SURROGATE COMPOUND	LOW/MEDIUM WATER	LOW/MEDIUM SOIL/SEDIMENT
VOA	Toluene-dg	88-110 %	81-117 %
VOA	4-Bromofluorobenzene	86-115 %	74-121 %
VOA	$1,2$ -Dichloroethane- d_4	76-114 %	70-121 %
BNA	Nitrobenzene \mathbf{d}_{5}	35-114 %	23-120 %
BNA .	2-Fluorobiphenyl	43-116 %	30-115 %
BNA	p-Terphenyl-d ₁₄	33-141 %	18-137 %
BNA	Phenol-d ₅	10-94 %	24-113 %
BNA	2-Fluorophenol	21-100 %	25-121 %
BNA	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	10-123 %	19-122 %
Pest.	Dibutylchlorendate	24-154 %	20-150 %

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Organics: Volatile Organics Acid/Base/Neutrals Pesticides/PCB's	30 % 40 % 40 %	30 % 40 % 40 %
Inorganics: Metals Wet Chemistry	20 % 30 %	30 % 30 %

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. D. G. Taylor, [Manual of Analytical Methods, 2nd Ed., DHEW (NIOSH) Pub. No. 77-237A, 1977.]
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- 11. Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. Federal Register, part II. 40 CFR, part 261, et al, pp. 11798-11877. March 29, 1990.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, PO Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Project EASTHAMPTON TCE.

Location: EAST HAM PTON Project No: 90072.1V

Engineers' Architects
 Cambridge, WA. S. Pontend, ME. Wethersfield, CT.

S E A Consultants Inc.

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION AND ANALYSIS

40072.1V ""	^	Sample Location	Type	Date	Time	Analysis Required
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CUSTODY TRANSFERRED TÓ:

WOUNTREE W. T. Soward DATE: 11/24/45mue: 4 FM

CUSTODY TRANSFERRED TO:

SIGNATURE: DATE: TIME:

RECIEVED IN LABORATORY BY:

NAME: COMPANY: SIGNATURE: TIME:

NOTE: Original remains with sample containers

PHASE II A DRILLING WATER TESTS

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

NH 198958-A MA 086 CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants Laboratory Job Number:

905961

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number: 17062

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received:

11/05/90

Attn:

Craig Blake

Date Reported:

11/19/90

Client Designation: Job# 90072.1V

Delivery Method: Alpha Courier

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
905961.1	RIG #1	N/A
905961.2	RIG #26	N/A
905961.2D	RIG #26 (duplicate)	N/A
905961.3	RIG #29	N/A
905961.3S	RIG #29 (spike recover	y) N/A
905961.4	Trip Blank	N/A

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

mar

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 905961.1 Date Received:

11/05/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

11/19/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass bottle and two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR) and Volatile Organics

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA EXT/PREP	TES ANALYSIS
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/L	0.5	3	5520CDF	11/16/90	11/17/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		11/18/90

 $[\]star$ Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 905961.2 Date Received: 11/05/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

11/19/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass bottle and two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR) and Volatile Organics

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
					. •	EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/L	0.5	3	5520CDF	11/16/90	11/17/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		11/18/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

NH 198958-A MA 086 CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number:

905961.2D

Date Received:

11/05/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 11/19/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass bottle and two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR)

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	% RPD	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	ND	NC	

NC - Non calculable RPD

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 905961.3

Date Received: 11/05/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 11/19/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass bottle and two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR) and Volatile Organics

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
		• •				EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Petroleum			:				,
Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/L	0.5	3	5520CDF	11/16/90	11/17/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		11/18/90

 $[\]star$ Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 905961.3S Date Received:

11/05/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 11/19/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass bottle and two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons (IR)

PARAMETER

* RECOVERY

Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons .

98%

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 905961.4

Date Received: 11/05/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

11/19/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One VOA vial

Analysis Requested: Volatile Organics

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		. 11/18/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

Alpha Job Number: 905961 Date Reported: 11/19/90

Alpha Sample Number(s):

5961.1 - .4

Method Detection Limit: stated below

	<u></u>	COMPOUNDS	======
	Methylene chloride		0.9 ug/L
	1,1-Dichloroethane		1.3 ug/L
	Chloroform		0.5 ug/L
	Carbon tetrachloride		0.5 ug/L
	1,2-Dichloropropane	·	0.5 ug/L
	Dibromochloromethane		0.5 ug/L
	1,1,2-Trichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
3 .	Tetrachloroethene	·	0.5 ug/L
	Chlorobenzene		1.0 ug/L
	Trichlorofluoromethane		1.4 ug/L
	1,2-Dichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
_	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	•	0.5 ug/L
	Bromodichloromethane		0.5 ug/L
	trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.1 ug/L
	cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	-	1.0 ug/L
	Bromoform	•	0.7 ug/L
	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		0.7 ug/L
_	Benzene		0.5 ug/L
	Toluene	•	0.9 ug/L
	Ethyl benzene		1.3 ug/L
	Xylenes .		3.3 ug/L
	Chloromethane	•	2.2 ug/L
	Bromomethane		0.9 ug/L
	Vinyl chloride	•	0.5 ug/L
	Chloroethane		1.2 ug/L
	1,1-Dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
	Trans-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
-	Cis-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
	Trichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
-	1,2-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
	1,3-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
	1,4-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
	Styrene		1.0 ug/L
	o-Xylene		1.0 ug/L
	1,1-Dichloropropene	e e	1.1 ug/L
	2,2-Dichloropropane	·	1.6 ug/L
	1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane		0.8 ug/L
	1,2,3-Trichloropropane		0.9 ug/L
	Bromochloromethane	•	0.8 ug/L
	n-Butylbenzene		2.5 ug/L

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2 CONTINUED

Alpha Job Number: 905961 Date Reported: 11/19/90

Alpha Sample Number(s): 5961.1 - .4
Method Detection Limit: stated below

COMPOUNDS	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	1.7 ug/L
Hexachlorobutadiene	4.1 ug/L
Isopropylbenzene	1.5 ug/L
p-Isopropyltoluene	1.7 ug/L
Naphthalene	1.8 ug/L
n-Propylbenzene	1.3 ug/L
Sec-butylbenzene	2.1 ug/L
Tert-butylbenzene	1.5 ug/L
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	3.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	3.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1.3 ug/L
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	1.5 ug/L
Bromobenzene	0.9 ug/L
o-Chlorotoluene	1.3 ug/L
p-Chlorotoluene	· 1.3 ug/L
Dibromomethane	0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dibromoethane	0.6 ug/L
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	1.1 ug/L
1,3-Dichloropropane	0.7 ug/L
Methyl tert butyl ether	5.0 ug/L
Iodomethane	ug/L
Ethanol	ug/L
Ethyl methacrylate	ug/L
Acrolien	ug/L
Acrylonitrile	ug/L
Acetone	ug/L

page 2

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL	
Organics: Volatile Organics Acid/Base/Neutrals	30 % 40 %	30 % 40 %	
Pesticides/PCB's Inorganics:	40 %.	40 %	
Metals Wet Chemistry	20 % 30 %	30 % 30 %	

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. D. G. Taylor, [Manual of Analytical Methods, 2nd Ed., DHEW (NIOSH) Pub. No. 77-237A, 1977.]
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. Federal Register, part II. 40 CFR, part 261, et al, pp. 11798-11877. March 29, 1990.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, PO Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.

PHASE IIA

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

DRILLING WATER MALONEY WELL (24 HR. TURN AROUND

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client:

SEA Consultants, Inc.

Laboratory Job Number: 905799

Invoice Number: 90481

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Date Received:

10/29/90

Cambridge, MA 02139

Attn:

Craig Blake

Date Reported: 10/30/90

Client Designation: N/A

Delivery Method: Alpha Courier

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER

CLIENT IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE LOCATION

905799.1

90072.1V

N/A

905799.2

Trip blank

N/A

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

ср

MA: 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 905799.1 Date Received: 10/29/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

10/30/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: Four VOA vials and two glass bottles

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
•						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		10/30/90
Total Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/L	0.5	3	5520-CDF	10/29/90	10/30/90

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 905799.2 Date Received: 10/29/90

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 10/30/90

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One VOA vial

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		10/30/90

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

Date Reported: 10/30/90

Alpha Job Number: 905799
Alpha Sample Number(s): 905799.1-.2
Method Detection Limit: See Below

	COMPOUNDS	
		· ·
Methylene chloride		0.9 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethane		1.6 ug/L
Chloroform		0.5 ug/L
Carbon tetrachloride		0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichloropropane		2.0 ug/L
Dibromochloromethane		1.0 ug/L
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	•	1.7 ug/L
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether Tetrachloroethene		3.3 ug/L
Chlorobenzene	,	0.5 ug/L 2.0 ug/L
Trichlorofluoromethane		1.7 ug/L
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	·	0.5 ug/L
Bromodichloromethane		0.7 ug/L
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/L
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/L 1.7 ug/L
Bromoform		1.6 ug/L
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		2.3 ug/L
Benzene		0.5 ug/L
Toluene	•	2.0 ug/L
Ethyl benzene		2.4 ug/L
Xylenes		3.3 ug/L
Chloromethane		2.7 ug/L
Bromomethane		2.3 ug/L
Vinyl chloride		0.5 ug/L
Chloroethane	•	2.5 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Trichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
Acetone		33.4 ug/L
Carbon disulfide		6.7 ug/L
2-Butanone		10.0 ug/L
Vinyl acetate		10.0 ug/L
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		6.7 ug/L
2-Hexanone		6.7 ug/L
Styrene		3.3 ug/L
o-Xylene		3.3 ug/L

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2 CONTINUED

Alpha Job Number: 905799 Alpha Sample Number(s): Date Reported: 10/30/90

905799.1-.2

Method Detection Limit:	See Below	
	COMPOUNDS	
1,1-Dichloropropene 2,2-Dichloropropane 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2,3-Trichloropropane Bromochloromethane n-Butylbenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane Hexachlorobutadiene Isopropylbenzene p-Isopropyltoluene Naphthalene n-Propylbenzene Sec-butylbenzene Tert-butylbenzene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene bromobenzene o-Chlorotoluene p-Chlorotoluene Dibromomethane 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropan		10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L 10.0 ug/L
1,3-Dichloropropane		10.0 ug/L

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. D. G. Taylor, [Manual of Analytical Methods, 2nd Ed., DHEW (NIOSH) Pub. No. 77-237A, 1977.]
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- 11. Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14.

 American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- Federal Register, part II. 40 CFR, part 261, et al, pp. 11798-11877.
 March 29, 1990.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

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- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, PO Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.



SAMPLING REPORT

Client: SEA Consultants, Inc.

485 Massachusetts Avenue

Cambridge, MA 02139

(617) 497-7800

Contact: Craig E. Blake, P.E.

Sampling Program

EST Sampling Technicians: John E. Carlin

Patrick A. Falla

Project: Hendrick Street Wellfield Study

SEA Project No.: 90072.1

Dates of Sampling: December 3, 1990

December 5, 1990

Laboratory: Alpha Analytical Labs

8 Walkup Drive

Westborough, MA 01581

(508) 898-9220 Contact: Jim Roth

Survey Discussion

EST technicians collected samples from thirteen 2" monitoring wells on-site, ten on December 3 and the remaining wells on December 5. Static water level was recorded for each well prior to purging. Three well volumes were purged from each well prior to sample collection, and measurements of pH, temperature and conductivity were recorded. Results are shown in Table 1.

Samples were split into appropriately preserved containers provided by the lab, including equipment blanks for each day of sampling (trip blanks were provided by the lab). Samples were placed on blue ice for transport to the lab, along with associated Chain of Custody documentation.

Table 1

FIELD MEASUREMENTS
SEA CONSULTANTS, INC.

HENDRICK STREET WELLFIELD STUDY

Well	Sample Date	Well Depth (feet)	Water Level (feet)	TH .	emperature (°C)	Specific Conduct (mhos)
1	12/5/90	59.73	40.94	7.01	7.5	109
2	12/3/90	17.73	10.05	6.63	8.9	90
3*						,
4s* (4E	3)					
4D(4A)	12/3/90	110.32	71.67	6.92	6.5	170
55 (5B)	12/3/90	62.36	32.27	7.31	8.5	130
5D (5A)	12/3/90	101.15	32.32	7.13	8.0	140
6 .	12/3/90	5.00	1.68	6.77	5.0	_. 650
7*					•	
8	12/3/90	21.15	8.38	6.5	10.5	410
Ml	12/5/90	90.30	2.59	6.96	7.2	90
M2	12/5/90	17.94	1.92	7.02	5.5	45
M6	12/3/90	83.05	5.63	6.81	7.5	120

^{*} No sample attainable.

APPENDIX C - Phase IIB Chemical Analyses Reports

MAY & JUNE 1991 WATER SAMPLES

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

PHASE IIB WELLS PHASE ILA WELLS

TOTAL IRON & MANGANESE SEE 7/5/91 REPORT

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 FOR SOLVABLE

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client:

SEA Consultants, Inc.

Laboratory Job Number: 913169

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number: 21465

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received:

05/23/91

Attn:

Erin Healy

Date Reported:

06/06/91

Client Designation: Project Holyoke/

S. Hampton Wells

Delivery Method: EST

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
913169.1	MW-9C	Brook Street
913169.2	MW-11A	Brook Street
913169.2D	MW-11A (Duplicate)	Brook Street
913169.3	MW-6	Brook Street
913169.38	MW-6 (Spike Recovery)	Brook Street
913169.4	MW-8	Brook Street
913169.5	MW-M6	Brook Street
913169.6	MW-2	Brook Street
913169.7	MW-1	Brook Street

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.1

Date Received: 05/23/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS MDI	MDL**	MDL** REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Pre	eparation			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	132	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	3.58	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organio	cs ***						·.
Trichloroethen		ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene %Surrogate Recovery 86% 87% 89%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.2

Date Received: 05/23/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	** REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prep	paration			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	50.7	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	6.05	mg/L	0.01	. 1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics	; *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 88% 117% 104%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.2D

Date Received: 05/23/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	ZRPD
Total Metals Iron	50.7	47.5	7
Manganese	6.05	6.09	1.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 SC 88006 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.3

Date Received: 05/23/91

Sample Matrix: Water

06/06/91 Date Reported:

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
•						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prep	paration			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	22.1	mg/L	0.01	1.	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	0.25	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics	5 *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 100% 112% 103%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection

limits accompanies this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.3S

Date Received: 05/23/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER ZRECOVERY

Total Manganese 101%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

NC 320 MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.4

05/23/91 Date Received:

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES		
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals P	reparation			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	202	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	1.72	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	.	05/29/91
Volatile Organ	ics *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 87% 110% 104%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.5

Date Received: 05/23/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prep	paration			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	37.9	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	3.06	mg/L	0.01	. 1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics	; *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/06/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene %Surrogate Recovery 86% 93% 106%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 CT PH-0574 NC 320 SC 88006 NH 198958-A NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.6

Date Received: 05/23/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	r units mdl	MDL**	L** REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Pro	eparation			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	47.8	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	1.44	mg/L	0.01	1.	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organi	cs *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/06/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery

91% 95% 99%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

CT PH-0574 SC 88006 MA 086 NH 198958-A NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 913169.7

05/23/91 Date Received:

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

06/06/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
		•				EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
				 			
Total Metals Prepa	aration			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	32.7	mg/L	0.01	1 .	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	2.57	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics	*** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/06/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 113% 93% 99%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

Alpha Job Number:

913169

Date Reported:

6/6/91

Alpha Sample Number(s): Method Detection Limit:

913169.1-.7 Stated Below

	COMPOUNDS	
		0.0
Methylene chloride		0.9 ug/
1,1-Dichloroethane		1.6 ug/
Chloroform		0.5 ug/
Carbon tetrachloride		0.5 ug/
1,2-Dichloropropane		2.0 ug/
Dibromochloromethane		1.0 ug/
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		1.7 ug/
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether		3.3 ug/
Tetrachloroethene		0.5 ug/
Chlorobenzene		2.0 ug/
Trichlorofluoromethane	,	1.7 ug/
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.5 ug/
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		0.5 ug/
Bromodichloromethane		0.7 ug/
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/
Bromoform		1.6 ug/
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		2.3 ug/
Benzene		0.5 ug/
Toluene		2.0 ug/
Ethyl benzene		2.4 ug/
Xylenes		. 3.3 ug/
Chloromethane		2.7 ug/
Bromomethane		2.3 ug/
Vinyl chloride		0.5 ug/
Chloroethane		2.5 ug/
l,l-Dichloroethene		0.5 ug/
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/
Trichloroethene		0.5 ug/
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/
Acetone		33.4 ug/
Carbon disulfide		6.7 ug/
2-Butanone		10.0 ug/
Vinyl acetate		10.0 ug/
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		6.7 ug/
2-Hexanone		6.7 ug/
Styrene		3.3 ug/
o-Xylene		3.3 ug,

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

CONTINUED (Page 2 of 2)

Date Reported:

6/6/91

Alpha Job Number: 913169
Alpha Sample Number(s): 913169.1-.7
Method Detection Limit: Stated Below

 	 _========	

•	COMPOUNDS	
1,1-Dichloropropene 2,2-Dichloropropane 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2,3-Trichloropropane Bromochloromethane n-Butylbenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane Hexachlorobutadiene Isopropylbenzene p-Isopropyltoluene Naphthalene n-Propylbenzene Sec-butylbenzene Tert-butylbenzene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Bromobenzene o-Chlorotoluene p-Chlorotoluene Dibromomethane 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropane	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L 0.0 ug/L
• •		_

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Organics:		
Volatile Organics	30 %	30. %
		30 %
Acid/Base/Neutrals	40 %	40 %
Pesticides/PCB's	40 %	40 %
Inorganics:		
Metals	20 %	30 %
Wet Chemistry	30 %	30 %

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A

ACCEPTABLE SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FRACTION .	SURROGATE COMPOUND	LOW/MEDIUM WATER	LOW/MEDIUM SOIL/SEDIMENT
VOA	Toluene-d _g	88-110 %	81-117 %
VOA	4-Bromofluorobenzene	86-115 %	74-121 %
VOA	$1,2$ -Dichloroethane- d_4	76-114 %	70-121 %
BNA	Nitrobenzene-d ₅	35-114 %	23-120 %
BNA	2-Fluorobiphenyl	43-116 %	30-115 %
BNA	p-Terphenyl-d ₁₄	33-141 %	18-137 %
BNA.	Phenol-d ₅	10-94 %	24-113 %
BNA	2-Fluorophenol	21-100 %	25-121 %
BNA	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	10-123 %	19-122 %
Pest.	Dibutylchlorendate	24-154 %	20-150 %

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574

NY 11148

NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 906147.4

Date Received:

11/14/90

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported:

11/28/90

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Solids	85	%	0.1	3	2540B		11/23/90
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	11/22/90	11/23/90
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	11/16/90	11/22/90

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

% Surrogate Recovery 89% 100% 123%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF.
 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health & Human Services, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. Peter M. Eller, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Third Edition, 1984.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- 11. Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. 40 CFR Part 261, App. II. Method 1311 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). July 1, 1990 Edition.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

Page 1 of 2 (references 1/90)

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.
- 24. Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents and Products of Incomplete Combustion Screening Protocol. Southern Research Institute, October 1989.

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health & Human Services, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. Peter M. Eller, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Third Edition, 1984.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- 11. Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. 40 CFR Part 261, App. II. Method 1311 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). July 1, 1990 Edition.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

Page 1 of 2 (references 1/90)

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.
- 24. Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents and Products of Incomplete Combustion Screening Protocol. Southern Research Institute, October 1989.

TECHNOLOGY SAMPLING ENVIRONMENTAL

Special Instructions:

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CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

■ 14 Grant Street ■ Framingham, MA 01701 ■ (508) 620-0002

Contact

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					S - Soil Jar	O - Omer

S A M P L I N G TECHNOLOGY ENVIRONMENTAL

Special Instructions:

92

■ 14 Grant Street ■ Framingham, MA 01701 ■ (508) 620-0002

		CHAIN OF	OF CUSTODY RECORD	ECORD	·	Contact	
Client Job #	Site Name:						-
	Delivered To:						
	Location/Sample Identification	Matrix Type	# /Type of Container	Date/Time Sample Taken		Analysis	
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	તં			Ga310%10	AG - Amber Glass V - VOA Vial S - Soil Jar	r Glass /ial ar	S - Soll SL - Sludge O - Other

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants, Inc.

Laboratory Job Number: 913138

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number: 21457

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received: 05/22/91

Attn: Erin Healy

Date Reported: 06

06/05/91

Client Designation: N/A

Delivery Method: EST

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
913138.1	MW-9A	Easthampton
913138.2	MW-58 (MW-5B)	Easthampton
913138.3	MW-5D (MW-5A)	Easthampton
913138.4	MW-10A	Easthampton
913138.5	MW-10B	Easthampton
913138.6	MW-4D (MW-4A)	Easthampton

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.1

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

Date Reported: 06/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
•						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prepara	ation			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	2.13	mg/L	0.01	1.	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics *:	**						
Trichloroethene	12	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8. 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 87% 88% 106%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.2

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

Date Reported: 06/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prepara	ation			. 1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	17.8	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	0.76	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics **	* *						
Trichloroethene	0.5	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

COMMENTS:

%Surrogate Recovery

87% 88% 98%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.2D

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

Date Reported: 06/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	% RPD
Total Metals			
Iron	17.8	19.1	7 .
Manganese	0.76	0.80	5

MA 086 CT PH-0574 NH 198958-A NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.3

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

Date Reported: 06/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prepara	ation			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	16.1	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	0.27	mg/L	0.01	. 1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics **	* *						
Trichloroethene	1.0	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 93% 91%

104%

^{*} Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.4

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

Date Reported: 06/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	rs MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
	•					EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals I	Preparation			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	45.8	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	1.50	mg/L	0.01	1 .	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organ	nics *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 90% 88% 104%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.5

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

Date Reported:

06/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prep	aration			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	24.1	mg/L	0.01	1.	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	1.43	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics	; *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 91%. 79% 103%

 $[\]star$ Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.6

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

06/05/91 Date Reported:

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic bottle & two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Metals Prep	paration			1	3050	05/28/91	
Iron	32.3	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Manganese	1.68	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		05/29/91
Volatile Organics	; *** ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene

%Surrogate Recovery 89% 89% 102%

 $[\]boldsymbol{*}$ Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913138.7

Date Received: 05/22/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid

Date Reported: 06/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One VOA vial

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
•						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		06/05/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene %Surrogate Recovery

82% 87%

105%

ENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompanies this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

6/5/91 Date Reported:

Alpha Job Number: 913138 Alpha Sample Number(s): Method Detection Limit:

913138.1-.7 Stated Below

COMPOUNDS	
Methylene chloride	0.9 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethane	1.6 ug/L
Chloroform	0.5 ug/L
Carbon tetrachloride	0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichloropropane	2.0 ug/L
Dibromochloromethane	1.0 ug/L
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	1.7 ug/L
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	3.3 ug/L
Tetrachloroethene	0.5 ug/L
Chlorobenzene	2.0 ug/L
Trichlorofluoromethane	1.7 ug/L
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5 ug/L
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.5 ug/L
Bromodichloromethane	0.7 ug/L
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.7 ug/L
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	1.7 ug/L
Bromoform	1.6 ug/L
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	2.3 ug/L
Benzene	0.5 ug/L
Toluene	2.0 ug/L
Ethyl benzene	2.4 ug/L
Xylenes	3.3 ug/L
Chloromethane	2.7 ug/L
Bromomethane	2.3 ug/L
Vinyl chloride	0.5 ug/L
Chloroethane	2.5 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.5 ug/L
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene	0.5 ug/L
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene	0.5 ug/L
Trichloroethene	0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.5 ug/L 0.5 ug/L
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	0.5 ug/L 0.5 ug/L
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	33.4 ug/L
Acetone	6.7 ug/L
Carbon disulfide	10.0 ug/L
2-Butanone	10.0 dg/L 10.0 ug/L
Vinyl acetate	6.7 ug/L
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	6.7 ug/L
2-Hexanone	3.3 ug/L
Styrene	3.3 ug/L
o-Xylene	 2

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2 CONTINUED (Page 2 of 2)

Alpha Job Number: 913138 Date Reported: 6/5/91

Alpha Job Number: 913138
Alpha Sample Number(s): 913138.1-.7
Method Detection Limit: Stated Below

COMPOUND	
COMPOUNDS	
1,1-Dichloropropene	10.0 ug/L
2,2-Dichloropropane	10.0 ug/L
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	10.0 ug/L
Bromochloromethane	10.0 ug/L
n-Butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Dichlorodifluoromethane	10.0 ug/L
Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 ug/L
Isopropylbenzene	·10.0 ug/L
p-Isopropyltoluene	10.0 ug/L
Naphthalene	10.0 ug/L
n-Propylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Sec-butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Tert-butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Bromobenzene	10.0 ug/L
o-Chlorotoluene .	10.0 ug/L
p-Chlorotoluene	10.0 ug/L
Dibromomethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2-Dibromoethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	10.0 ug/L
1,3-Dichloropropane	10.0 ug/L

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF.
 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health & Human Services, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. Peter M. Eller, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Third Edition, 1984.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- 11. Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. 40 CFR Part 261, App. II. Method 1311 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). July 1, 1990 Edition.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.
- 24. Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents and Products of Incomplete Combustion Screening Protocol. Southern Research Institute, October 1989.

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Organics: Volatile Organics Acid/Base/Neutrals Pesticides/PCB's	30 % 40 % 40 %	30 % 40 % 40 %
Inorganics: Metals Wet Chemistry	20 % 30 %	30 % 30 %

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A

ACCEPTABLE SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FRACTION	SURROGATE COMPOUND .	LOW/MEDIUM WATER	LOW/MEDIUM SOIL/SEDIMENT
VOA	Toluene-d ₈	88-110 %	81-117 %
VOA	4-Bromofluorobenzene	86-115 %	74-121 %
VOA	1,2-Dichloroethane-d ₄	76-114 %	70-121 %
BNA	Nitrobenzene-d ₅	35-114 %	23-120 %
BNA	2-Fluorobiphenyl	43-116 %	30-115 %
BNA	p-Terphenyl-d ₁₄	33-141 %	18-137 %
BNA	Phenol-d ₅	10-94 %	24-113 %
BNA	2-Fluorophenol	21-100 %	25-121 %
BNA	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	10-123 %	19-122 %
Pest.	Dibutylchlorendate	24-154 %	20-150 %



; ;

SAMPLING TECHNOLOGY ENVIRONMENTAL

Special Instructions:

.

■ 14 Grant Street ■ Framingham, MA 01701 ■ (508) 620-0002

	Ċ	HAIN OF	CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD	RECORD		Contact	
Client Job #	Site Name:						
	Delivered To:						
	Location/Sample Identification	Matrix Type	# /Type of Container	Date/Time Sample Taken	ken	Analysis	
SEA	East Hampton 9-A	140	d/	16/16/2	12:50	T. Fe. Mn	
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Relinqujshed By (Sfte)		Received By (EST)		Received By (Lab)	CONT	CONTAINER CODE	MATRIX CODE
9/200				a. Paratello	<u></u>	P - Plastic G - Glass	W - Water L - Liquid
	2.			_		AG - Amber Glass V - VOA Vial S - Soil Jar	S - Soil SL - Sludge O - Other

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants, Inc. Laboratory Job Number: 913905

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue Invoice Number: 22271

Cambridge, MA 02139 Date Received: 06/21/91

Attn: Craig Blake Date Reported: 07/05/91

Client Designation: Project Easthampton Well Delivery Method: EST

ALPHA SAMPLE NUM	IBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
913905.1		MW1	N/A
913905.2		MW2	N/A
913905.2D		MW2 (Duplicate)	N/A
913905.3		-144B- (MW-4A)	N/A
913905.3S	MW-4A	MW4B (Spike Recovery)	. N/A
913905.4		MW6	N/A
913905.5		MW8	N/A
913905.6		MW9C	N/A
913905.7		MW9A	N/A
913905.8		мw5 ъ.А	N/A
913905.9		MW10A	N/A
913905.10		MW10B	N/A
913905.11		MW11A	N/A
913905.12		MW5XB	N/A
913905.12D		MW5 AB (Duplicate)	N/A

Authorized by: James R. Roth - Laboratory Manager

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.1

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals				· .			
Iron	0.05	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.2

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							,
Iron	0.08	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.2D

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	Z RPD	
Soluble Metals	0.08	0.10	. 22	
Iron Manganese	ND	0.10 ND	NÇ NÇ	

NC = Non calculable RPD

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 SC 88006 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.3

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
			•			EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals	170	/7	0.01	2	6010		07.401.401
Iron	ND	mg/L	0.01	1 .	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.38

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	ZRECOVERY	
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	103% 100%	

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.4

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field ·

filtered and preserved.

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD		TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals		•					
Iron	0.17	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	0.57	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.5

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals	•						
Iron	0.10	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	0.03	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.6

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA EXT/PREP	TES ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals			• • • • • •		· · · · · ·	·	
Iron	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	- ~	07/01/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1.	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.7

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
•	-		•			EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals Iron	0.34	mg/L	0.01	1 .	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.8

Date Received:

06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							• "
Iron	0.08	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	ŅD	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.9

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals		,					
Iron	0.03	mg/L	0.01	1	6010	·	07/01/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.10

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							
Iron	0.03	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	ND	mg/L	0.01	. 1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.11

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA EXT/PREP	TES ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	ND ND	mg/L mg/L	0.01 0.01	1 1	6010 6010		07/01/91 07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NG 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.12

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
-			,			EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Soluble Metals							
. Iron	0.04	mg/L	0.01	1 .	6010		07/01/91
Manganese	· ND	mg/L	0.01	1	6010		07/01/91

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 913905.12D

Date Received: 06/21/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 07/05/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: Metals were field

filtered and preserved

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube

Analysis Requested: Analysis as listed below

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	ZRPD
Soluble Metals Iron Manganese	0.04 ND	0.05 ND	22 NC

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Organics:		
Volatile Organics	30 %	30 %
Acid/Base/Neutrals	40 %	40 %
Pesticides/PCB's	40 %	40 %
Inorganics:		
Metals	20 %	30 %
Wet Chemistry	30 %	30 %

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF.
 16th Edition. 1985.
- Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF.
 17th Edition. 1989.
- Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055.
 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health & Human Services, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. Peter M. Eller, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Third Edition, 1984.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. 40 CFR Part 261, App. II. Method 1311 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). July 1, 1990 Edition.
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- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.
- 24. Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents and Products of Incomplete Combustion Screening Protocol. Southern Research Institute, October 1989.

EST

S A M P L I N G TECHNOLOGY

ENVIRONMENTAL

14 Grant Street T Framingham, MA 01701 (508) 620-0002

Special Instructions:

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Contact

Client Job #	Site Name: EAST	EAST ham post N	Well FIELD STUDY	, study	Craig Blake 1SEA
	Delivered To: $\beta_{L_{\rho h_A}}$		110A/ 1455 W	Ansalypical 1855 WALK UP OF Westerio	
	Location/Sample Identification	Ma	# /Type of Container	Date/Time Sample Taken	Analysis
	I mm	3	1 p (4,203)	6/21/51 0332	Sol Fe MN
	402	3	(p (HNO3)	0551 15/00/0	
	MWHWA	3	(HNO2)	0041 16/00/	
	NW 6	6,7	(can) 01	0/20/91 1510	
	MW8	3	10 (40103)	6/20/91 0700	
	MW 9C	3	1 p (HNO3)	6/21/91 0930	
	MW 9 A	.3	(COLAH) 0.1	6/20/91 0700	
	MW S & A	3	1 p (HNO3)	050 15/00/9	
	MW 10A	3	(cOVH) 0 1	0111 18/00/0	
	MW 10B	3	10 (FINO3)	0/20/91/1130	
	MW 11 A	3	10 (HDO3)	Cott 18/02/2	
	MW 5 X B	3	(P (H/NOz)	6/20/91 0800	
Relinduished By (Site)	,	Received By (EST)	Rece	Received By (Lab)	CONTAINER CODE MATRIX CODE
100			Ž		P - Plastic W - Water G - Glass L - Liquid
					Glass fial
	i			s.	Soil Jar O - Other

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MA .086 NH 198958-A NC 320 SC 88006 CT PH-0574 NY 11148

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants, Inc.

Laboratory Job Number: 913978

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number: 22405

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received: 06/25/91

Attn:

Don Maggioli

Date Reported: 07/09/91

Client Designation: N/A

Delivery Method: EST

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER CLIENT IDENTIFICATION SAMPLE LOCATION

913978.1

MW-9B

Easthampton

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

seh

MA 086 NH 198958-A NC 320 SC 88006 CT PH-0574 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 913978.1 Date Received: 06/25/91

Sample Matrix: Liquid Date Reported: 07/09/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One plastic cube and two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Volatile Organics and Soluble Metals as listed below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics ***					-		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	1.8	ug/L	**	14	524.2		07/09/91
Toluene	2.7	ug/L	**	14	524.2		07/09/91
Trichloroethene	7.2	ug/L	**	14	524.2		07/09/91
Soluble Metals							
Iron	ND	ug/L	0.01	1	6010	06/25/91	07/03/91
Manganese	0.01	ug/L	0.01	1	6010	06/25/91	07/03/91

Volatile Organics 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4 Toluene-d8 4-Bromofluorobenzene %Surrogate Recovery 88% 84% 103%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

Alpha Job Number: 913978
Alpha Sample Number(s): 913978.1
Method Detection Limit: Stated below Date Reported: 07/09/91 913978

	COMPOUNDS	
Methylene chloride		0.9 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethane		1.6 ug/L
Chloroform		0.5 ug/L
Carbon tetrachloride		0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichloropropane	,	2.0 ug/L
Dibromochloromethane		1.0 ug/L
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		1.7 ug/L
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether		3.3 ug/L
Tetrachloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Chlorobenzene		2.0 ug/L
${\tt Trichlorofluoromethane}$		1.7 ug/L
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
Bromodichloromethane		0.7 ug/L
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/L
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	•	1.7 ug/L
Bromoform	•	1.6 ug/L
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		2.3 ug/L
Benzene		0.5 ug/L
Toluene		2.0 ug/L
Ethyl benzene		2.4 ug/L
Xylenes		3.3 ug/L
Chloromethane		2.7 ug/L
Bromomethane		2.3 ug/L
Vinyl chloride		0.5 ug/L
Chloroethane		2.5 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene .		0.5 ug/L
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Trichloroethene	•	0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
Acetone		33.4 ug/L
Carbon disulfide		6.7 ug/L
2-Butanone		10.0 ug/L
Vinyl acetate		10.0 ug/L
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		6.7 ug/L
2-Hexanone	•	6.7 ug/L
Styrene		3.3 ug/L
o-Xylene		3.3 ug/L

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS

VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

CONTINUED (Page 2 of 2)

Date Reported: 07/09/91

Alpha Job Number: 913978
Alpha Sample Number(s): 913978.1
Method Detection Limit: Stated below

. COMPOUNDS	
1,1-Dichloropropene 2,2-Dichloropropane 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane 1,2,3-Trichloropropane Bromochloromethane n-Butylbenzene Dichlorodifluoromethane Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I
Isopropylbenzene p-Isopropyltoluene Naphthalene n-Propylbenzene Sec-butylbenzene Tert-butylbenzene 1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene Bromobenzene o-Chlorotoluene p-Chlorotoluene Dibromomethane 1,2-Dibromoethane 1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane 1,3-Dichloropropane	10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I 10.0 ug/I

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S A M P L I N G TECHNOLOGY ENVIRONMENTAL

Special Instructions:

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■ 14 Grant Street ■ Framingham, MA 01701 ■ (508) 620-0002

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Site Name: EAST hampton UNIFIELD STUDY (SET) Site Name: EAST hampton UNIFIELD STUDY (SET) Delivered To: ALCHAN ANNING CONTAINER Location/Sample Matrix # Type of Date/Time Analysis Location/Sample Type Container SAMPLE UP STAND STAND Location/Sample Type Container SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE UP STAND SAMPLE	Site Name: CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD Site Name: Enst humpton Until Fleid Study (Set) (1874) Delivered To: All humpton Until Fleid Study (Set) (1874) Location/Sample Matrix # Type of Date/Time Analysis Identification Type of Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Study (Set) (1875) Location/Sample Analysis (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken (1875) Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample Taken Sample T						1			

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Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

MW-10B MW-11A

NC 320 - MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

SEA Consultants, Inc. Client:

Laboratory Job Number: 912139

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number:

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received: 04/10/91

Attn: Kosta Exarhoulakos

Date Reported: 04/23/91

Client Designation: Project #90072.1V

Delivery Method: Alpha Courier

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER	CLIENT IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE LOCATION
912139.1	9A-10	Easthampton, MA
912139.2	9A-14	Easthampton, MA
912139.2D	9A-14 (duplicate)	Easthampton, MA
912139.3	9A-18	Easthampton, MA
912139.3S	9A-18 (spike)	Easthampton, MA
912139.4	9A-24	Easthampton, MA
912139.5	9B-1	Easthampton, MA
912139.6	10A-14	Easthampton, MA
912139.7	10B-16	Easthampton, MA
912139.8	11A-16	Easthampton, MA

Authorized by:

Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

MA 086 NC 320 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.1

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/21/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	83	%	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

Volatile Organics	% Surrogate Recovery
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	97%
Toluene-d8	99%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	102%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

*** All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

MA 086 CT PH-0574 NH 198958-A NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.2

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	_ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/22/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	86	%	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

Volatile Organics	% Surrogate Recovery
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	103%
Toluene-d8	100%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	102%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.2D

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	SAMPLE RESULT	DUPLICATE RESULT	% RPD	
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	ND .	NC	
Volatile Organics	ND	ND	NC .	

NC = Non calculable RPD

MA 086 CT PH-0574 NH 198958-A NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.3

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/22/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	81	% .	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

Volatile Organics	% Surrogate Recovery
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	93%
Toluene-d8	99%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	93%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

*** All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.3S Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	% SPIKE RECOVERY				
Total Petroleum					
Hydrocarbons	96%				
Volatile Organics	• •				
1,1-Dichloroethene	82%				
Trichloroethene	93%				
Chlorobenzene	. 99%				
Toluene	98%				
Benzene	88%				

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.4

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT U	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/23/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	90	%	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

Volatile Organics	% Surrogate	Recovery
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	89%	
Toluene-d8	99%	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	88%	
	i	

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

MA 086 CT PH-0574 NC 320 NH 198958-A NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.5

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	SULT UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	_ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/23/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	84 .	%	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

% Surrogate Recovery
88%
97%
89%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NC 320 NY 11148

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.6

Date Received: 04/10/91

'Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

04/23/91 Date Reported:

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT U	UNITS	MDL		METHOD	DATES	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/23/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	86	%	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

Volatile Organics	% Surrogate Recovery
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	91%
Toluene-d8	96%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	. 87%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.7

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL.	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/23/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	89	%	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

Volatile Organics	% Surrogate Recovery
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	90%
Toluene-d8	98%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	93%

* Complete list of References found in Addendum I COMMENTS:

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320

Laboratory Sample Number: 912139.8

Date Received: 04/10/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results on a dry

Date Reported: 04/23/91

weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Analysis as Listed Below

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
.·						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Volatile Organics***	ND	ug/Kg	**	1	8260	04/10/91	04/22/91
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	04/15/91	04/16/91
Total Solids	86	%	0.1	3	2540B		04/16/91

Volatile Organics	<u>% Surrogate Recovery</u>
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	97%
Toluene-d8	99%
4-Bromofluorobenzene	101%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

^{**} A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their detection limits accompany this report.

^{***} All compounds were below the detection limit except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 8260

Date Reported: 4/23/91 Alpha Job Number: 912139 Alpha Sample Number(s): 912139.1-.9

Method Detection Limit: Stated below

COMPOUNDS

Methylene chloride	250 u	_, _
1,1-Dichloroethane		g/Kg
Chloroform		g/Kg
Carbon tetrachloride		g/Kg
1,2-Dichloropropane	175 u	
Dibromochloromethane		g/Kg
1,1,2-Trichloroethane		g/Kg
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether		g/Kg
Tetrachloroethene		g/Kg
Chlorobenzene	175 u	
Trichlorofluoromethane	· 250 u	
1,2-Dichloroethane		g/Kg
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		g/Kg
Bromodichloromethane		ıg/Kg
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		ıg/Kg
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene		ıg/Kg
Bromoform		ıg/Kg
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		ıg/Kg
Benzene		ıg/Kg
Toluene		ıg/Kg
Ethyl benzene		ıġ/Kg
Xylenes		ıg/Kg
Chloromethane	500 u	
Bromomethane	100 u	
Vinyl chloride	175 u	
Chloroethane	500 u	
1,1-Dichloroethene		ıg/Kg
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene		ıg/Kg
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene		ıg/Kg
Trichloroethene		ıg/Kg
Dibromomethane		ıg/Kg
1,4-Dichloro-2-butane		ıg/Kg
Ethanol		ıg/Kg
Iodomethane		ıg/Kg
1,2,3-Trichloropropane		ıg/Kg
Dichlorodifluoromethane		ıg/Kg
Acetone		ıg/Kg
Carbon disulfide		ıg/Kg
2-Butanone		ug/Kg
Vinyl acetate		ug/Kg
4-Methyl-2-pentanone		ug/Kg
2-Hexanone	500 t	ug/Kg

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 8260

Date Reported: 4/23/91

Alpha Job Number: 912139
Alpha Sample Number(s): 912139.1-.9
Method Detection Limit: Stated below

COMPOUNDS		NDS	JN	I	O	P	M	O	C
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Styrene	50 ug/Kg
Ethyl methacrylate	ug/Kg
Acrolein	ug/Kg
Acrylonitrile	ug/Kg
Methyl tert butyl ether	500 ug/Kg
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	500 ug/Kg
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	500 ug/Kg
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	500 ug/Kg

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health & Human Services, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. Peter M. Eller, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Third Edition, 1984.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- 11. Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13 40 CFR Part 261, App. II. Method 1311 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). July 1, 1990 Edition.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.
- 24. Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents and Products of Incomplete Combustion Screening Protocol. Southern Research Institute, October 1989.

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR INORGANICS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATER	SOIL
Metals	75-125 %	60-140 %
Wet Chemistry	70-130 %	N/A

ACCEPTABLE MATRIX SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FOR ORGANICS

FRACTION	MATRIX SPIKE COMPOUND	WATER	SOIL/SEDIMENT
VOA	1,1-Dichloroethene	61-145 %	59-172 %
VOA	Trichloroethene	71-120 %	62-137 %
VOA	Chlorobenzene	75-130 %	60-133 %
VOA	Toluene	76-125 %	59-139 %
AOV	Benzene	76-127 %	66-142-%
BN .	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	39-98 %	38-107 %
BN	Acenaphthene	46-118 %	31-137 %
BN	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	24-96 %	28-89 %
BN	Di-n-butyl phthalate	11-117 %	29-135 %
BN	Pyrene	26-127 %	35-142 %
BN	N-nitros-di-n-propylamine	41-116 %	41-126 %
BN	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	36-97 %	28-104 %
Acid	Pentachlorophenol	9-103 %	17-109 %
Acid	Phenol	12-89 %	26-90 %
Acid	2-Chlorophenol	27-123 %	25-102 %
Acid	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	23-97 %	26-103 %
Acid	4-Nitrophenol	10-80 %	11-114 %
Pest.	Lindane	56-123 %	46-127 %
Pest.	Heptachlor	40-131 %	35-130 %
Pest.	Aldrin	40-120 %	34-132 %
Pest.	Dieldrin	52-126 %	31-134 %
Pest.	Endrin	56-121 %	. 42-139 %
Pest.	4,4'-DDT	38-127 %	23-134 %

RELATIVE PERCENT DIFFERENCE

CRITERIA FOR DUPLICATE ANALYSIS

PARAMETER GROUP	WATE	ER .	SOI	L	
Organics: Volatile Organics Acid/Base/Neutrals Pesticides/PCB's	30 40 40	%	30 40 40	%	
Inorganics: Metals Wet Chemistry	20 30		30 30	% %	

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Location: C Project Fasthampton - TCE Easthaneton Cion

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atlon:

Engineers/ Architects S. Portand, ME. Wethersfold, CT. S E A Consultants Inc.

Cambridge, MA.

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION AND ANALYSIS

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S E A Sample	Lab LD No.	No. o	Sample Location	Sample	Date	Time	Analysis Required	
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CHAIN OF CUSTODY CHRONICLE

COLLECTED BY

NAME: DATE: 4/2/ WINE KOSTA EXARHOULANDSCONPANT. MONNTARE: ACAGE

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DATE: 4/10/9/MME: 11 AM COMPANY AID 14 Gonale W.T. SOWARD WOHNTURE: ZU, T.

RECIEVED IN LABORATORY BY SIGNATURE:

COMPANY

CUSTODY TRANSFERRED TO:

SIGNATURE :

TIME: / 2:00

DATE: #/ "/9" COMPANY:

NOTE: Original remains with sample containers

Eight Walkup Drive Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019 (508) 898-9220

CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 MA 086 NH 198958-A

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants Laboratory Job Number: 912656

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number: 20957

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received: 05/01/91

Attn: Kosta Exarhoulakos Date Reported: 05/15/91

Client Designation: Project #90072.1V Delivery Method: Alpha courier

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER CLIENT IDENTIFICATION

SAMPLE LOCATION

912656.1

90072.1V

9C-23

Authorized by: Scott McLean - Laboratory Director

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 912656.1

Date Received: 05/01/91

Sample Matrix: Soil (results are reported

Date Reported: 05/15/91

on a dry weight basis)

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One glass jar

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons, Volatile Organics and

Total Solids

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DATES.	
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Tatal Batwalaum							
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	66	mg/Kg	40	3	5520CDF	05/08/91	05/09/91
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/Kg	* **	1	8260	05/02/91	05/14/91
Total Solids	86	%	0.1	3	2540B		05/09/91

Sullogate Recovery
104%
100%
91%

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their

detection limits accompanies this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 8260

Date Reported: 05/15/91

Alpha Job Number: 912656 Alpha Sample Number(s): 912656.1 Method Detection Limit: See below

COMPOUNDS

Methylene chloride	250 պք	g/Kg
1,1-Dichloroethane	75 ug	
Chloroform	75 ug	
Carbon tetrachloride	50 ug	
1,2-Dichloropropane	175 ug	
Dibromochloromethane	50 ug	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	75 ug	
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether	. 500 ug	
Tetrachloroethene	75 ug	
Chlorobenzene	175 ug	
Trichlorofluoromethane	250 ug	
1,2-Dichloroethane	· 75 ug	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	50 սք	
Bromodichloromethane	50 ug	
Trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	75 ug	
Cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	50 սչ	
Bromoform	, 50 ug	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	50 ug	
Benzene	50 ug	
Toluene	75 ug	
Ethyl benzene	50 ug	
Xylenes	50 ug	
Chloromethane	500 ug	
Bromomethane	100 ug	
Vinyl chloride	175 ug	g/Kg
Chloroethane	500	g/Kg
l,1-Dichloroethene	75 ug	z/Kg
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene	75 ug	
Cis-1.2-dichloroethene	. 50 ug	
Trichloroethene	50 ug	
Dibromomethane	500 ug	
1,4-Dichloro-2-butane	500 นุ	
Ethanol	ug	
Iodome thane	ug	
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	500 ug	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	500 սչ	
Acetone	500 սչ	
Carbon disulfide	500 սյ	
2-Butanone	225 ug	
Vinyl acetate	500 นุ	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	500 աչ	
2-Hexanone	500 นุ	
	·	_

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 8260

Date Reported: 05/15/91

Alpha Job Number: 912656 Alpha Sample Number(s): 912656.1 Method Detection Limit: See below

	COMPOUNDS		
Styrene		50	ug/Kg
Ethyl methacrylate			ug/Kg
Acrolein			ug/Kg
Acrylonitrile			ug/Kg
Methyl tert butyl ether	,	500	ug/Kg
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		500	ug/Kg
1,3-Dichlorobenzene		500	ug/Kg
1.4-Dichlorobenzene		500	ug/Kg

ACCEPTABLE SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FRACTION		SURROGATE COMPOUND	LOW/MEDIUM WATER	LOW/MEDIUM SOIL/SEDIMENT
VOA	,	Toluene-dg	88-110 %	81-117 %
VOA	•	4-Bromofluorobenzene	86-115 %	74-121 %
VOA		$1,2$ -Dichloroethane- d_4	76-114 %	70-121 %
BNA		Nitrobenzene- d_{ς}	35-114 %	23-120 %
BNA		2-Fluorobiphenyl	43-116 %	30-115 %
BNA		p-Terphenyl-d ₁₄	33-141 %	18-137 %
BNA		Phenol-d ₅	10-94 %	24-113 %
BNA		2-Fluorophenol.	21-100 %	25-121 %
BNA		2,4,6-Tribromophenol	10-123 %	19-122 %
Pest.		Dibutylchlorendate	24-154 %	20-150 %

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health & Human Services, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. Peter M. Eller, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Third Edition, 1984.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- 11. Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. 40 CFR Part 261, App. II. Method 1311 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). July 1, 1990 Edition.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.
- 24. Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents and Products of Incomplete Combustion Screening Protocol. Southern Research Institute, October 1989.

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

Chart Easthampton	Krist and the location fort
Project No: 90078/1V	I william ! Got homo ton M.A

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3	4
Structure	

Cambridge, MA. Engineers/ Architects S. Portland, ME. Wethersfield, CT.

SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION AND **ANALYSIS**

S E A Sampie	Lab. LD. No.	₹.0	Sample Location	. Sample	Date	T _{EM} 0	Analysis Required
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7,27							
务							
STIENTS:							
1, 10, 11, 1							

NOTE: Original remains with sample containers

CHAIN OF CUSTODY CHRONICLE :

COLLECTED BY:

Kasta Exambasiakus COMPANY:

CUSTODY TRANSFERRED TO:

CHILDREN SANIME

J-mm:5

191 mus: 10:30 PM

SIGNATURE: NAME:

_ DATE:

TIME

COMPANY:

RECEIVED IN LABORATIONY BY:

NWE:

SOMTURE:

DATE:

TIME 5.00

STANAPHOOD :

SEA

CUSTODY TRANSFERRED TO:

HAPLIMEDE:

DATE:

5-1-51 nue: 4:00

CHILLY : MARANCO

WATER BUFFALL TESTS FOR PHASE II WELLS

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABORATORIES

Eight Walkup Drive
Westborough, Massachusetts 01581-1019
. (508) 898-9220

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Client: SEA Consultants

Laboratory Job Number: 911750

Address: 485 Massachusetts Avenue

Invoice Number: 20022

Cambridge, MA 02139

Date Received: 03/26/91

Attn: Kosta Exarhoulakos

Date Reported: 04/09/91

Client Designation: N/A

Delivery Method: Alpha Courier

ALPHA SAMPLE NUMBER CLIENT IDENTIFICATION SAMPLE LOCATION
911750.1 90072.1V Easthampton Water Dept.
911750.2 Tripblank Easthampton Water Dept.

Authorized by:

cott McLean - Laboratory Director

kmg

MA 086 NH 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006

Laboratory Sample Number: 911750.1

Date Received: 03/26/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported:

04/09/91

.

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: Two glass bottles and two VOA vials

Analysis Requested: Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons and Volatile Organics

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DΛ	TES
•						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	ND	mg/L	0.5	3	5520CDF	03/28/91	03/29/91
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		04/06/91

	Surrogate	
1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	110%)
Toluene-d8	109%	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	114%	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their

detection limits accompanies this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

NII 198958-A CT PH-0574 NY 11148 NC 320 SC 88006 MA 086

Laboratory Sample Number: 911750.2

Date Received: 03/26/91

Sample Matrix: Water

Date Reported: 04/09/91

Condition of Samples: Satisfactory

Field Prep: None

Number & Type of Containers: One VOA vial

Analysis Requested: Volatile Organics

PARAMETER	RESULT	UNITS	MDL**	REF*	METHOD	DA	TES
						EXT/PREP	ANALYSIS
					504.0		. 07.706.701
Volatile Organics ***	ND	ug/L	**	14	524.2		04/06/91

Volatile Organics ½ 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	Surrogate 108%	Recovery
Toluene-d8	105%	
4-Bromofluorobenzene	105%	

COMMENTS: * Complete list of References found in Addendum I

** A list of volatile organics analyzed for and their

detection limits accompanies this report.

*** All compounds were below the detection limits except those listed above.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2

Alpha Job Number: 911750 Date Reported: 04/09/91

Alpha Job Number: 911750

Alpha Sample Number(s): 911750.1 & .2

Method Detection Limit: See below

	COMPOUNDS	
Methylene chloride		0.9 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethane		1.6 ug/L
Chloroform		0.5 ug/L
Carbon tetrachloride		0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichloropropane		2.0 ug/L
Dibromochloromethane		$1.0~{ m ug/L}$
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	•	1.7 ug/L
2-Chloroethylvinyl ether		3.3 üg/L
Tetrachloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Chlorobenzene	•	2.0 ug/L
Trichlorofluoromethane		1.7 ug/L
1,2-Dichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
1,1,1-Trichloroethane		0.5 ug/L
Bromodichloromethane		0.7 ug/L
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene		1.7 ug/L
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	•	1.7 ug/L
Bromoform		1.6 ug/L
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane		2.3 ug/L
Benzene		0.5 ug/L
Toluene		2.0 ug/L
Ethyl benzene		2.4 ug/L 3.3 ug/L
Xylenes	•	2.7 ug/L
Chloromethane		2.7 ug/L 2.3 ug/L
Bromomethane	·	0.5 ug/L
Vinyl chloride		2.5 ug/L
Chloroethane		0.5 ug/L
1,1-Dichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
Trans-1,2-dichloroethene	·	0.5 ug/L
Cis-1,2-dichloroethene	•	0.5 ug/L
Trichloroethene		0.5 ug/L
1,2-Dichlorobenzene		0.5 ug/L
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	•	0.5 ug/L
1,4-Dichlorobenzene		33.4 ug/L
Acetone Carbon disulfide		6.7 ug/L
2-Butanone		10.0 ug/L
		10.0 ug/L
Vinyl acetate		6.7 ug/L
4-Methyl-2-pentanone 2-Hexanone	•	6.7 ug/L
		3.3 ug/L
Styrene o-Xylene	•	3.3 ug/L
o hy tono		

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS VOLATILE ORGANICS ANALYSIS by GC/MS METHOD 524.2 CONTINUED (Page 2 of 2)

Date Reported: 04/09/91

Alpha Job Number: 911750
Alpha Sample Number(s): 911750.1 & .2

COMPOUNDS	
1 1 Dichloropropere	10.0 ug/L
1,1-Dichloropropene	10.0 ug/L
2,2-Dichloropropane 1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2,3-Trichloropropane	10.0 ug/L
Bromochloromethane	10.0 ug/L
n-Butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Dichlorodifluoromethane	10.0 ug/L
Hexachlorobutadiene	10.0 ug/L
Isopropylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
p-Isopropyltoluene	10.0 ug/L
Naphthalene	10.0 ug/L
n-Propylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Sec-butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Tert-butylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,3-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	10.0 ug/L
Bromobenzene	10.0 ug/L
o-Chlorotoluene	10.0 ug/L
p-Chlorotoluene	10.0 ug/L
Dibromomethane	10.0 ug/L
1,2-Dibromoethane .	10.0 ug/L
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	10.0 ug/L
1,3-Dichloropropane	10.0 ug/L

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

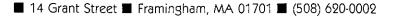
- 15. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestiform Minerals in Bulk Insulation Samples, Research Triangle Institute, June 1980. Asbestos Containing Materials in School Buildings: A Guidance Document, March 1979, USEPA Document C00090, parts 1 & 2.
- 16. Interim Methods for the Determination of Asbestos in Bulk Insulation Samples (EPA-600/M4-82-020).
- 17. "Prescribed Procedures for Measurement of Radioactivity in Drinking Water," Publication EPA-600/4-80-032, U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Monitoring and Support Laboratory, Cincinnati, August 1980.
- 18. "Clean Harbors Radiological Environmental Analytical Procedures," Clean Harbors Analytical Services, Braintree, MA, October 1985.
- 19. H. M. Prichard and T. F. Gesell, "Rapid Measurement of RN-222 Concentrations in Water with a Commercial Liquid Scintillation Counter", Health Physics, Volume 33, 1977, pp. 577-581.
- 20. "Handbook for Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories", March 1979, EPA 600/4-79-019.
- 21. Analysis of PCB's in Transformer Fluid and Waste Oil. EPA 600/4-81-045. 1981.
- 22. Klute, A. 1986, "Methods of Soil Analysis, Part 1", Methods 15-2.2 and 15-5.1. American Society of Agronomy, Madison, WI.
- 23. Exhibit No. 1. Petroleum Oils by Gas Chromatography. Alley, Young & Baumartner, Inc., Consulting Engineers, P.O. Box 2036, Brentwood, TN 37024.
- 24. Principal Organic Hazardous Constituents and Products of Incomplete Combustion Screening Protocol. Southern Research Institute, October 1989.

ALPHA ANALYTICAL LABS ADDENDUM I REFERENCES

- 1. Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste: Physical/Chemical Methods. EPA SW-846. 1986.
- 2. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 16th Edition. 1985.
- 3. Standard Methods for Examination of Water and Waste Water. APHA-AWWA-WPCF. 17th Edition. 1989.
- 4. Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes. EPA 600/4-82-055. 1983.
- 5. Oil Spill Identification System. CG-D-52-77 U. S. Coast Guard. 1977.
- 6. Methods for Organic Chemical Analysis of Municipal and Industrial Waste Water. EPA 600/4-82-057. 1982.
- 7. U. S. Department of Health & Human Services, National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health. Peter M. Eller, NIOSH Manual of Analytical Methods, Third Edition, 1984.
- 8. Handbook of Analytical Quality Control in Water and Wastewater Laboratories. EPA 600/4-79-019. March 1979.
- 9. The United States Pharmacopeia. The National Formulary. USP 20th Edition. Formulary 15th Edition. 1980.
- 10. Choosing Cost-Effective QA/QC (Quality Assurance/Quality Control) Programs for Chemical Analysis. PB85-241461. U. S. Department of Commerce, National Technical Information Service. August 1985.
- Manual of Analytical Quality Control for Pesticides in Human and Environmental Media. PB 261 019. EPA 600/1-76-017. February 1975.
- 12. Annual Book of ASTM Standards. Sections 0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11, and 14. American Society for Testing and Materials 1986.
- 13. 40 CFR Part 261, App. II. Method 1311 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP). July 1, 1990 Edition.
- 14. Methods for the Determination of Organic Compounds in Finished Drinking Water and Raw Source Water. Available from USEPA, Cincinnati, 26 West Martin Luther King Drive, Cincinnati, Ohio, 45268.

ACCEPTABLE SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERY LIMITS

FRACTION	SURROGATE COMPOUND	LOW/MEDIUM WATER	LOW/MEDIUM SOIL/SEDIMENT	
VOA	Toluene-d ₈	88-110 %	81-117 %	
VOA	4-Bromofluorobenzene	86-115 %	74-121 %	
VOA	1,2-Dichloroethane-d ₄	76-114 %	70-121 %	
BNA	Nitrobenzene-d ₅	35-114 %	23-120 %	
BNA	2-Fluorobiphenyl	43-116 %	30-115 %	
BNA	p-Terphenyl-d ₁₄	33-141 %	18-137 %	
BNA	Phenol-d ₅	10-94 %	24-113 %	
BNA	2-Fluorophenol	21-100 %	25-121 %	
BNA	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	10-123 %	19-122 %	
Pest.	Dibutylchlorendate	24-154 %	20-150 %	





Client: Site: SEA Consultants Easthampton, MA

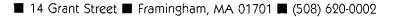
EST Technicians:

Patrick Falla, John O'Brien

Sampling Date: , May 21-22, 1991

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					·			
Well ID	Well Depth (feet)	SWL (feet)	Temperature (°C)	рН	Spec. Conduct. (umhos)			
MWl	60.13	20.64	,	C 47	100			
MW2	60.13 17.56	39.64 9.35	13.1 13.9	6.41 5.98	100 55			
MW4 kg A	112.55	70.60	13.9	6.13	180			
-MW5 % B	62.11	31.45	12.0	6.78	195			
MW5 ½ A	101.82	31.45	12.1	6.91	150			
MW6	4.85	2.25	13.9	6.09	765			
MW8	20.85	8.20	12.5	6.98	25			
MW9A	118.00	32.50	13.4	6.90	156			
MW9B	W9B Well not located.							
MW9C	121.36	37.48	13.9	6.77	155			
MW10A	84.44	11.56	12.6	6.63	190			
MW10B	84.51	13.27	13.6	6.91	170			
MW11A	95.60	9.21	12.5	6.74	120			

Well depth for MW9B is 53.58', measurement taken on June 25, 1991





Client: SEA Consultants, Inc.

Site: Easthampton, MA

EST Technicians: Patrick A. Falla, John O'Brien, John Carlin

Sampling Date: June 20-21, 1991, June 25, 1991

TABLE 1

Well ID	SWL (ft)	pH (s.u.)	Specific Conductance (µmhos)	Temp.	
MWl	39.66	6.10	109	13.2	
MW2	9.37	5.50	56	14.5	
MW4 % A	70.61	6.30	190	14.0	
MW5 X B	31.46	6.75	200	12.3	
MW5 k A	31.45	6.74	155	12.0	
MW6	2.24	6.48	775	14.2	
MW8	8.20	7.01	25	13.0	
MW9A	32.51	6.98	158	14.8	
MW9B	32.97	6.09	162	14.8	
MW9C	37.49	6.80	154	14.6	
MW10A	11.59	6.59	185	12.3	
MWlOB	13.29	6.90	167	14.3	
MW11A	9.24	6.70	118	12.7	

All wells 2" diameter. Three well volumes were purged prior to sample collection. Samples were field filtered to .45 micron. Samples were delivered to Alpha Analytical Labs in Westboro, MA.

APPENDIX D - Summary of Field Gas Chromatograph Soil Headspace Analyses

Summary of Field Gas Chromatograph Soil Headspace Analyses Soil Boring TCE Concentration (ppb)

Sampling Interval	Soil Boring						
Depth (Feet)	MW-1	MW-2	MW-3	MW-4A	MW-5A	MW-7	MW-8
0-2	<1	† .	<1	ND	ND	ND	<1
4-6	ND	ND	<1	ND	ND	<1	<1
9-11	<1	<1	<1	ND	ND .	ND	<1
14-16	ND	1	<1	ND	<1	<1	<1'
19-21	<1	<1	<1	ND	ND	ND	
24-26	ND	ND	<1	ND	ND	ND	
29-31	ND	ND	<1	ND	ND	ND	
34-36	ND	ND	<1	ND	ND	ND	
39-41	ND	ND	ND	ND	<1	ND	
44-46	ND	ND	<1	ND	ND	<1	
47-49	†	†	†	†	†	<1*	
49-51	ND	ND	†	ND	ND		
54-56	ND	ND	<1	ND	ND		
59-61	ND'	ND	†	ND	ND		
61-63		†	ND	†	†		
64-66		ND	ND	ND	ND		
69-71		ND	<1	ND	ND		
74-76		ND*	ND	†	, ND		
79-81			<1	ND	ND		
84-86				ND	ND		
89-91		,		ND	ND		
94-96				ND'	ND		
99-101					ND		
104-106					ND		
109-111					ND*		

Notes:

- 1. ND = None Detected.
- 2. * = Deepest sampling interval of soil boring.
- 3. † = Interval Not Sampled.
- 4. Soil headspace analyses were not performed at MW-4B, MW-5B, and MW-9B as each was a shallow boring/well of a well couplet.
- 5. MW-6 was a hand driven wellpoint and no soil samples were taken.

Summary of Field Gas Chromatograph Soil Headspace Analyses Soil Boring TCE Concentration (ppb)

Sampling Interval	Soil Boring					
Depth (Feet)	MW-9A	MW-9C	MW-10A	MW-10B	MW-11A	
4-6	<1	<1	2	<1	<1	
9-11	<1	ND	2	<1	ND	
14-16	<1	ND	2.2	ND	ND	
19-21	<1	ND	<1	ND	†	
24-26	<1	ND	ND	ND	ND	
29-31	<1	ND	2	ND	ND	
34-36	†	†	1.2	ND	ND	
39-41	<1	ND	1.8	ND	ND	
44-46	1.0	†	1.8	ND	ND .	
49-51	1.9	ND	1.8	†	ND	
54-56	<1	†	1.8	ND	ND	
59-61	<1	ND	1.8	ND	†	
64-66	<1	ND	1.6	ND	†	
69-71	<1	ND	1.8	ND ·	ND	
74-76	<1	ND	†	1.3	ND	
79-81	<1	1.2	<1'	<1'	ND	
84-86	†	ND			ND	
89-91	<1	1.1			<1	
94-96	<1	ND			ND'	
99-101	<1	1.3				
104-106	1.4	1.7				
109-111	<1	2.9				
114-116	5.7	4.0		•		
119-121	8.4°	1.6*				

Notes:

- 1. ND = None Detected.
- 2. * = Deepest sampling interval of soil boring.
- 3. † = Interval Not Sampled.
- 4. Soil headspace analyses were not performed at MW-4B, MW-5B, and MW-9B as each was a shallow boring/well of a well couplet.
- 5. MW-6 was a hand driven wellpoint and no soil samples were taken.

APPENDIX E - DEP TCE Air Stripper Policy (88-01)



Damiel S. Greenbaum commissioner

The Commonwealth of Massachuseus

Executive Office of Environmental Affairs Department of Environmental Quality Engineering

Division of Water Supply One Winter Street, Boston, Mass. 02108

> DWS Policy 88-01 DAQC Policy Date: 1/06/89

Division of Water Supply Policy 88-01 Division of Air Quality Control Policy

Trichloroethylene [TCE] Air Stripper Policy

This policy is adopted jointly by the Division of Air Quality Control (DAQC) and the Division of Water Supply (DWS) to limit the impact of trichlomoethylene (TCE) in the atmosphere due to the removal of that compound from public water supplies. It is based upon calculations of air emissions developed by DAQC. It establishes criteria for water supply treatment facility parameters that can allow a TCE air stripper without specific air pollution controls to be approved under 310 CMR 7.02.

This policy may be superseded when new technologies become available, when facility parameters differ significantly, when costs change significantly, or when an air regulation is adopted to regulate these new sources.

POLICY

Air strippers without specific air pollution controls to remove TCE churing water treatment will be approved when the following criteria have been met.

1. The treatment plant and wells have a minimum 400 foot zone of protection around the stack; no terrain or building in the 400 foot zone extends higher than the emission point, and

foot zone extends higher than the emission point, and
2. The air stripper tower (packed or spray) height is no less than thirty (30) feet, and

3. Treatment technologies other than air stripping have also been considered by the supplier and found to be less effective or unreasonably expensive, and

unreasonably expensive, and

4. The stack flow rate for a spray tower is equal to or greater than

7 cubic feet per second, and for a packed tower, equal to or

greater than 43 cubic feet per second, and

greater than 43 cubic feet per second, and 5. The minimum temperature of the water being treated is no less than 42 degrees F, and

DWS Policy 88-01 DAGC Policy Date: 1/06/89

6. Emissions of TCE will not exceed 0.013 grams per second from a spray tower air stripper and 0.033 grams per second from a packed tower air stripper, as calculated by the following formula:

O(N/ax. CFS) x C(Max. TCE of water being treated in mg/1) x 28.32 ≤ gm/sec 1,000

DAMS and DAQC will review this policy twelve months from its effective date.

Procedure

1. The public water supplier will evaluate the design for conformity with the criteria above and submit a summary of the relevant facts and calculations to the DWS regional Section Chief.

calculations to the DWS regional Section Chief.

2. DWS regional staff will review the summary and if all criteria are met, will approve the use and installation of the air stripper; if not, the package will be forwarded to the DACC regional Section Chief.

package will be forwarded to the DAQC regional Section Chief.

3. DWS regional Section Chief will forward a copy of the summary and the letter of approval to the DAQC regional Section Chief.

Approved: 1/06/89

Eruce K. Maillet

Director

Division of Air Quality Control

Effective: 1/25/89

Patricia L. Deese, P.

Director

Division of Water Supply

B\RHY\88POL2\P-8801\P-8801YN

APPENDIX F - Graphs of Historical TCE Concentrations

(Graphs Prepared by Easthampton Engineering Department)

